

TC74HC221AP, TC74HC221AF

Dual Monostable Multivibrator

The TC74HC221A is a high speed CMOS MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR fabricated with silicon gate C²MOS technology.

It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent LSTTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

There are two trigger inputs, \overline{A} input (negative edge), and B input (positive edge). These inputs are valid for a slow rise/fall time signal ($t_r = t_f = 1$ s) as they are schmitt trigger inputs. This device may also be triggered by using \overline{CLR} input (positive edge).

After triggering, the output stays in a MONOSTABLE state for a time period determined by the external resistor and capacitor (R_x, C_x). A low level at the \overline{CLR} input breaks this state.

Limits for C_x and R_x are:

External capacitor, C_x : No limit

External resistor, R_x : $V_{CC} = 2.0$ V more than 5 k Ω

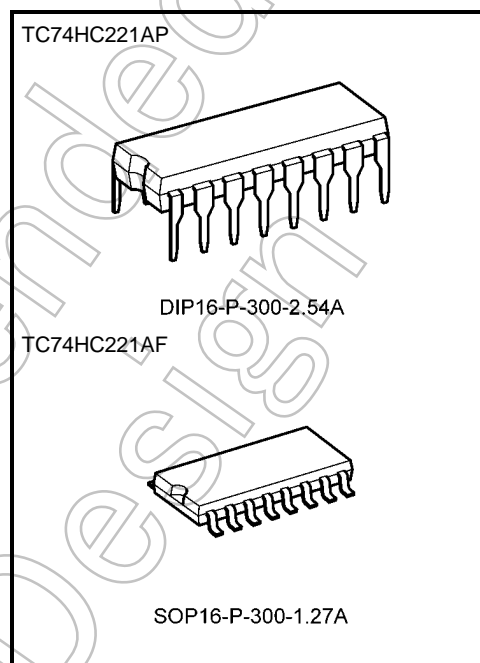
$V_{CC} \geq 3.0$ V more than 1 k Ω

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

Features (Note)

- High speed: $t_{pd} = 25$ ns (typ.) at $V_{CC} = 5$ V
- Low power dissipation
 - Standby by State: $I_{CC} = 4$ μ A (max) at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 - Active State: $I_{CC} = 700$ μ A (max) at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- High noise immunity: $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\%$ V_{CC} (min)
- Output drive capability: 10 LSTTL loads
- Symmetrical output impedance: $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 4$ mA (min)
- Balanced propagation delays: $t_{pLH} \approx t_{pHL}$
- Wide operating voltage range: $V_{CC} (\text{opr}) = 2$ to 6 V
- Pin and function compatible with 74LS221

Note: In the case of using only one circuit, \overline{CLR} should be tied to GND, $R_x/C_x \cdot C_x \cdot Q \cdot \overline{Q}$ should be tied to OPEN, the other inputs should be tied to V_{CC} or GND.



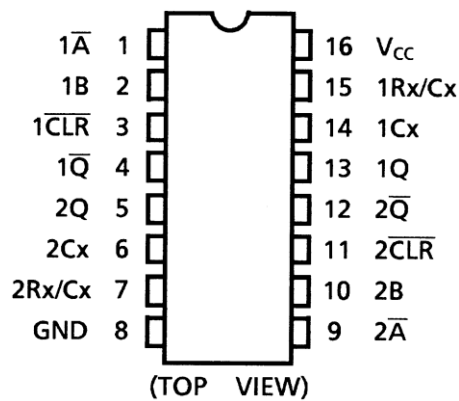
Weight

DIP16-P-300-2.54A : 1.00 g (typ.)

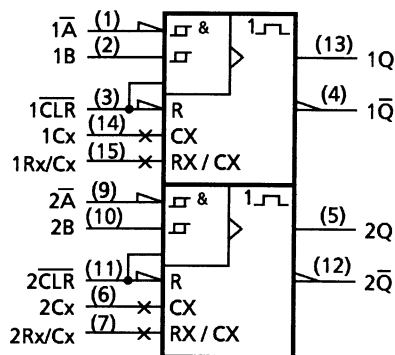
SOP16-P-300-1.27A : 0.18 g (typ.)

Start of commercial production
1988-05

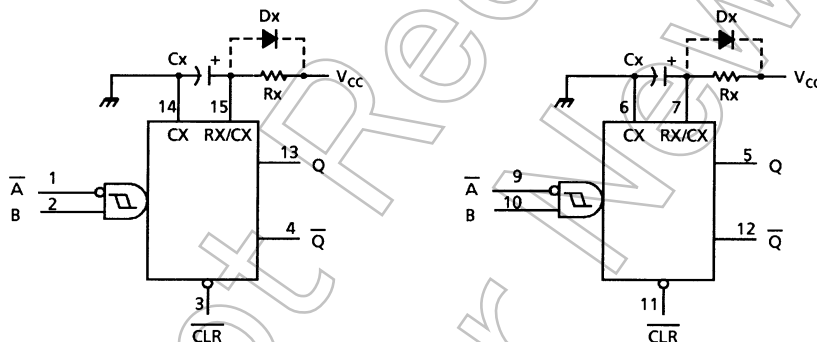
Pin Assignment



IEC Logic Symbol



Block Diagram (Note)



Note: Cx, Rx, Dx are external capacitor, resistor, and diode, respectively.

Note: External clamping diode, Dx;

The external capacitor is charged to VCC level in the wait state, i.e. when no trigger is applied.

If the supply voltage is turned off, Cx is discharges mainly through the internal (parasitic) diode. If Cx is sufficiently large and VCC drops rapidly, there will be some possibility of damaging the IC through inrush current or latch-up. If the capacitance of the supply voltage filter is large enough and VCC drops slowly, the inrush current is automatically limited and damage to the IC is avoided.

The maximum value of forward current through the parasitic diode is ± 20 mA.










In the case of a large Cx, the limit of fall time of the supply voltage is determined as follows:

$$t_f \geq (V_{CC} - 0.7) C_x / 20 \text{ mA}$$

(t_f is the time between the supply voltage turn off and the supply voltage reaching 0.4 VCC.)

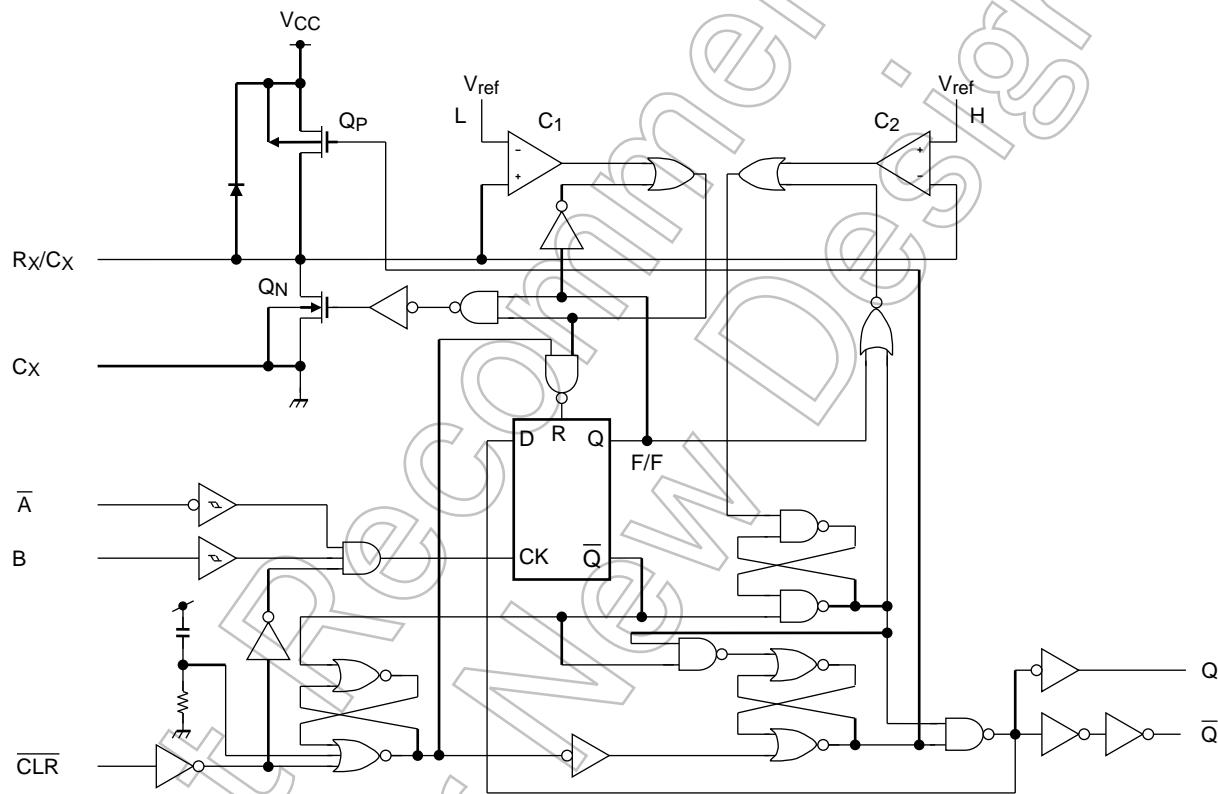
In the even a system does not satisfy the above condition, an external clamping diode (Dx) is needed to protect the IC from inrush current.

Truth Table

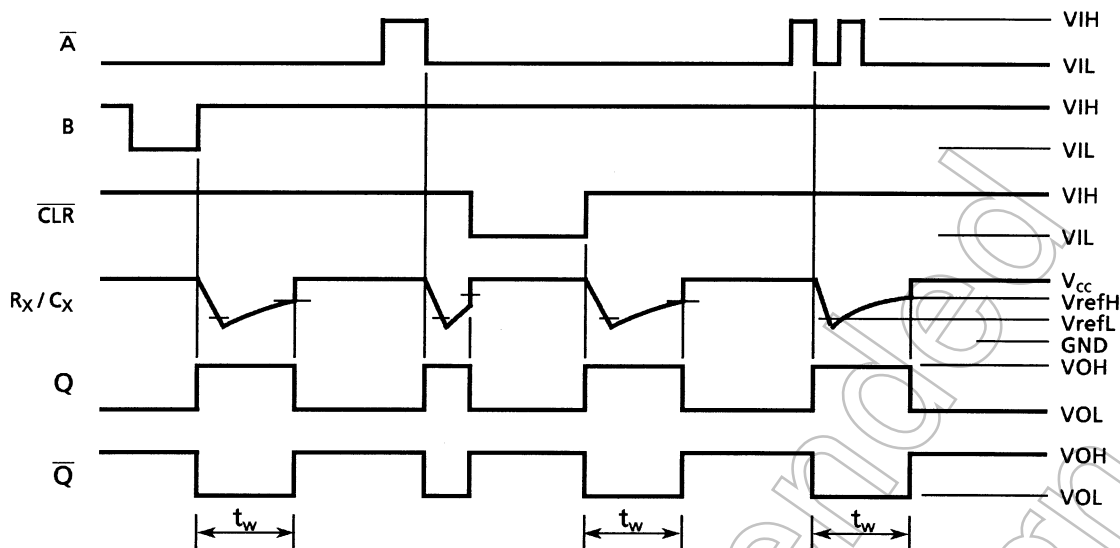
| Inputs | | | Outputs | | Note |
|---|---|---|---|---|---------------|
| \overline{A} | B | \overline{CLR} | Q | \overline{Q} | |
|  | H | H |  |  | Output Enable |
| X | L | H | L | H | Inhibit |
| H | X | H | L | H | Inhibit |
| L |  | H |  |  | Output Enable |
| L | H |  |  |  | Output Enable |
| X | X | L | L | H | Reset |

X: Don't care

System Diagram



Timing Chart



Functional Description

(1) Stand-by state

The external capacitor (C_x) is fully charged to V_{CC} in the stand-by state. That means, before triggering, the QP and QN transistors which are connected to the Rx/Cx node are in the off state. Two comparators that relate to the timing of the output pulse, and two reference voltage supplies turn off. The total supply current is only leakage current.

(2) Trigger operation

Trigger operation is effective in any of the following three cases. First the condition where the \overline{A} input is low, and the B input has a rising signal; second, where the B input is high, and the \overline{A} input has a falling signal; and third, where the \overline{A} input is low and the B input is high, and the \overline{CLR} input has a rising signal.

After a trigger becomes effective, comparators C1 and C2 start operating, and QN is turned on. The external capacitor discharges through QN. The voltage level at the Rx/Cx node drops. If the Rx/Cx voltage level falls to the internal reference voltage V_{refL} , the output of C1 becomes low. The flip-flop is then reset and QN turns off. At that moment C1 stops but C2 continues operating.

After QN turns off, the voltage at the Rx/Cx node starts rising at a rate determined by the time constant of external capacitor C_x and resistor R_x .

Upon the triggering, output Q becomes high, following some delay time of the internal F/F and gates. It stays high even if the voltage of Rx/Cx changes from falling to rising. When Rx/Cx reaches the internal reference voltage V_{refH} , the output of C2 becomes low, the output Q goes low and C2 stops its operation. That means, after triggering, when the voltage level of the Rx/Cx node reaches V_{refH} , the IC returns to its MONOSTABLE state.

With large values of C_x and R_x , and ignoring the discharge time of the capacitor and internal delays of the IC, the width of the output pulse, t_{wOUT} , is as follows:

$$t_{wOUT} = 1.0 C_x R_x$$

(3) Reset operation

In normal operation, \overline{CLR} input is held high. If \overline{CLR} is low, a trigger has no effect because the Q output is held low and trigger control F/F is reset. Also, QP turns on and C_x is charge rapidly to V_{CC} .

This means if \overline{CLR} input is set low, the IC goes into a wait state.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage range | V _{CC} | -0.5 to 7 | V |
| DC input voltage | V _{IN} | -0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5 | V |
| DC output voltage | V _{OUT} | -0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5 | V |
| Input diode current | I _{IK} | ±20 | mA |
| Output diode current | I _{OK} | ±20 | mA |
| DC output current | I _{OUT} | ±25 | mA |
| DC V _{CC} /ground current | I _{CC} | ±50 | mA |
| Power dissipation | P _D | 500 (DIP) (Note 1)/180 (SOP) | mW |
| Storage temperature | T _{stg} | -65 to 150 | °C |

Note: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc.).

Note 1: 500 mW in the range of T_a = -40 to 65°C. From T_a = 65 to 85°C a derating factor of -10 mW/°C shall be applied until 300 mW.

Operating Ranges (Note)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|---|---------------------------------|---|------|
| Supply voltage | V _{CC} | 2 to 6 | V |
| Input voltage | V _{IN} | 0 to V _{CC} | V |
| Output voltage | V _{OUT} | 0 to V _{CC} | V |
| Operating temperature | T _{opr} | -40 to 85 | °C |
| Input rise and fall time ($\overline{\text{CLR}}$ only) | t _r , t _f | 0 to 1000 (V _{CC} = 2.0 V) 0 to 500 (V _{CC} = 4.5 V) 0 to 400 (V _{CC} = 6.0 V) | ns |
| External capacitor | C _x | No limitation (Note 1) | F |
| External resistor | R _x | ≥ 5 k (V _{CC} = 2.0 V) (Note 1) ≥ 1 k (V _{CC} ≥ 3.0 V) (Note 1) | Ω |

Note: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either V_{CC} or GND.

Note 1 The maximum allowable values of C_x and R_x are a function of leakage of capacitor C_x, the leakage of TC74HC221A, and leakage due to board layout and surface resistance.

Susceptibility to externally induced noise signals may occur for R_x > 1 MΩ.

Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | | Ta = 25°C | | | Ta = -40 to 85°C | | Unit |
|--|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | V _{CC} (V) | Min | Typ. | Max | Min | Max |
| High-level input voltage | V _{IH} | — | | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | 1.50 3.15 4.20 | — — — | — — — | 1.50 3.15 4.20 | V |
| Low-level input voltage | V _{IL} | — | | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | — — — | — — — | 0.50 1.35 1.80 | — — — | V |
| High-level output voltage (Q, \bar{Q}) | V _{OH} | V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} | I _{OH} = -20 μ A | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | 1.9 4.4 5.9 | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | — — — | 1.9 4.4 5.9 | V |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | I _{OH} = -4 mA | 4.5 6.0 | 4.18 5.68 | 4.31 5.80 | — — | 4.13 5.63 | |
| | | | I _{OH} = -5.2 mA | 6.0 | 5.68 | 5.80 | — | 5.63 | |
| Low-level output voltage (Q, \bar{Q}) | V _{OL} | V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} | I _{OL} = 20 μ A | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | — — — | 0.0 0.0 0.0 | 0.1 0.1 0.1 | — — — | V |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | I _{OL} = 4 mA | 4.5 6.0 | — — | 0.17 0.18 | 0.26 0.26 | — — | |
| | | | I _{OL} = 5.2 mA | 6.0 | — | 0.18 | 0.26 | — | |
| Input leakage current | I _{IN} | V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND | | 6.0 | — | — | ±0.1 | — | ±1.0 μ A |
| Rx/Cx terminal off-state current | I _{IN} | V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND | | 6.0 | — | — | ±0.1 | — | ±1.0 μ A |
| Quiescent supply current | I _{CC} | V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND | | 6.0 | — | — | 4.0 | — | 40.0 μ A |
| Active-state supply current (Note 1) | I _{CC} ' | V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND Rx/Cx = 0.5 V _{CC} | | 2.0 4.5 6.0 | — — — | 45 400 700 | 200 500 1000 | — — — | 260 650 1300 μ A |

Note 1: Per circuit

Timing Requirements (input: t_r = t_f = 6 ns)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | Ta = 25°C | | Ta = -40 to 85°C | | Unit |
|---------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|------|------------------|-------|------|
| | | | V _{CC} (V) | Typ. | Limit | Limit | |
| Minimum pulse width | t _W (L) t _W (H) | — | 2.0 | — | 75 | 95 | ns |
| | | | 4.5 | — | 15 | 19 | |
| | | | 6.0 | — | 13 | 16 | |
| Minimum clear width | t _W (L) | — | 2.0 | — | 75 | 95 | ns |
| | | | 4.5 | — | 15 | 19 | |
| | | | 6.0 | — | 13 | 16 | |

AC Characteristics (CL = 15 pF, VCC = 5 V, Ta = 25°C, input: tr = tf = 6 ns)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|--|--------------|----------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Output transition time | tTLH tTHL | — | — | 4 | 8 | ns |
| Propagation delay time (\bar{A} , B-Q, \bar{Q}) | tpLH tpHL | — | — | 25 | 36 | ns |
| Propagation delay time (\bar{CLR} TRIGGER-Q, \bar{Q}) | tpLH tpHL | — | — | 25 | 41 | ns |
| Propagation delay time (\bar{CLR} -Q, \bar{Q}) | tpLH tpHL | — | — | 16 | 27 | ns |

Not Recommended
for New Design

AC Characteristics (CL = 50 pF, input: tr = tf = 6 ns)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | VCC (V) | Ta = 25°C | | | Ta = -40 to 85°C | | Unit |
|--|-------------------|---|------------|-----------|------|------|------------------|------|------|
| | | | | Min | Typ. | Max | Min | Max | |
| Output transition time | tTLH | — | 2.0 | — | 30 | 75 | — | 95 | ns |
| | tTHL | | 4.5 | — | 8 | 15 | — | 19 | |
| | | | 6.0 | — | 7 | 13 | — | 16 | |
| Propagation delay time (\bar{A} , B-Q, \bar{Q}) | t _p LH | — | 2.0 | — | 102 | 210 | — | 265 | ns |
| | t _p HL | | 4.5 | — | 30 | 42 | — | 53 | |
| | | | 6.0 | — | 24 | 36 | — | 45 | |
| Propagation delay time ($\overline{\text{CLR}}$ TRIGGER-Q, \bar{Q}) | t _p LH | — | 2.0 | — | 102 | 235 | — | 295 | ns |
| | t _p HL | | 4.5 | — | 30 | 47 | — | 59 | |
| | | | 6.0 | — | 24 | 40 | — | 50 | |
| Propagation delay time ($\overline{\text{CLR}}$ -Q, \bar{Q}) | t _p LH | — | 2.0 | — | 67 | 160 | — | 200 | ns |
| | t _p HL | | 4.5 | — | 20 | 32 | — | 40 | |
| | | | 6.0 | — | 16 | 27 | — | 34 | |
| Output pulse width | twOUT | Cx = 28 pF Rx = 6 kΩ (VCC = 2 V) Rx = 2 kΩ (VCC = 4.5 V, 6 V) | 2.0 | — | 700 | 2000 | — | 2500 | ns |
| | | | 4.5 | — | 250 | 400 | — | 500 | |
| | | | 6.0 | — | 210 | 340 | — | 425 | |
| | | Cx = 0.01 μF Rx = 10 kΩ | 2.0 | 90 | 110 | 130 | 90 | 130 | μs |
| | | | 4.5 | 95 | 105 | 115 | 95 | 115 | |
| | | | 6.0 | 95 | 105 | 115 | 95 | 115 | |
| | | Cx = 0.1 μF Rx = 10 kΩ | 2.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.2 | ms |
| | | | 4.5 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.1 | |
| | | | 6.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.1 | |
| Output pulse width error between circuits (in same package) | ΔtwOUT | — | — | — | ±1 | — | — | — | % |
| Input capacitance | CIN | — | — | — | 5 | 10 | — | 10 | pF |
| Power dissipation capacitance | CPD | (Note 1) | — | — | 174 | — | — | — | pF |

Note 1: CPD is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

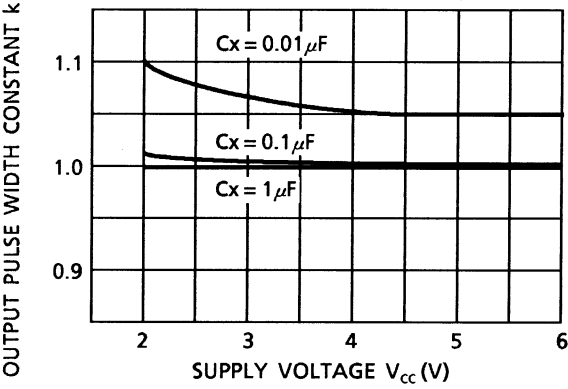
$$I_{CC}(\text{opr}) = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}' \cdot \text{duty}/100 + I_{CC}/2 \text{ (per circuit)}$$

(I_{CC}': active supply current)

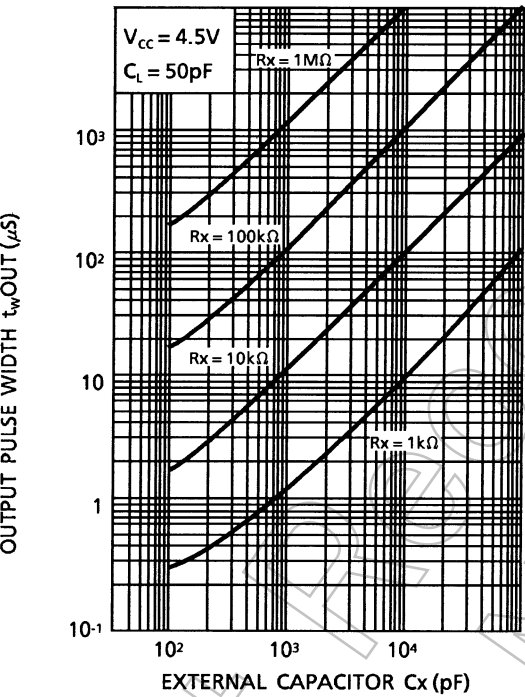
(duty: %)

Output Pulse Width Constant K – Supply Voltage (typ.)

(EXTERNAL RESISTOR (Rx) = 10kΩ : $t_{wOUT} = K \cdot Cx \cdot Rx$)

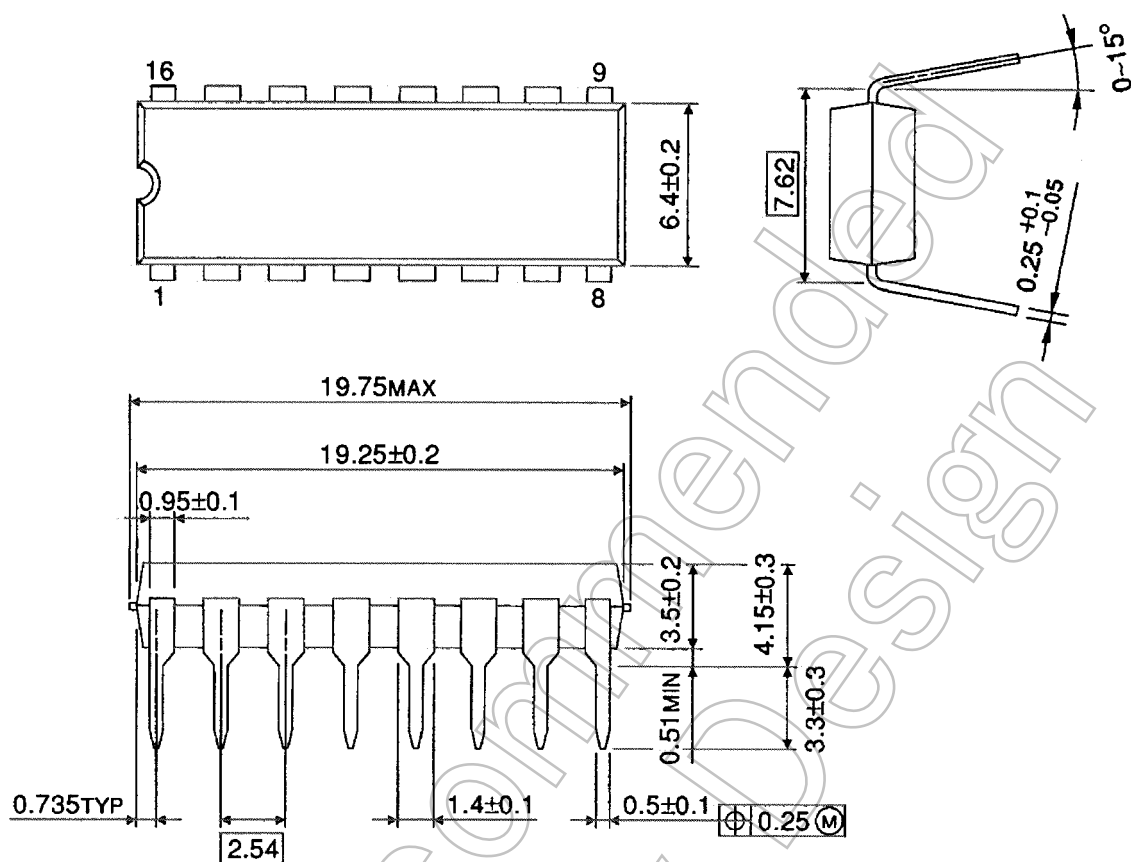


$t_{wOUT} - Cx$ Characteristics (typ.)



DIP16-P-300-2.54A

Unit : mm

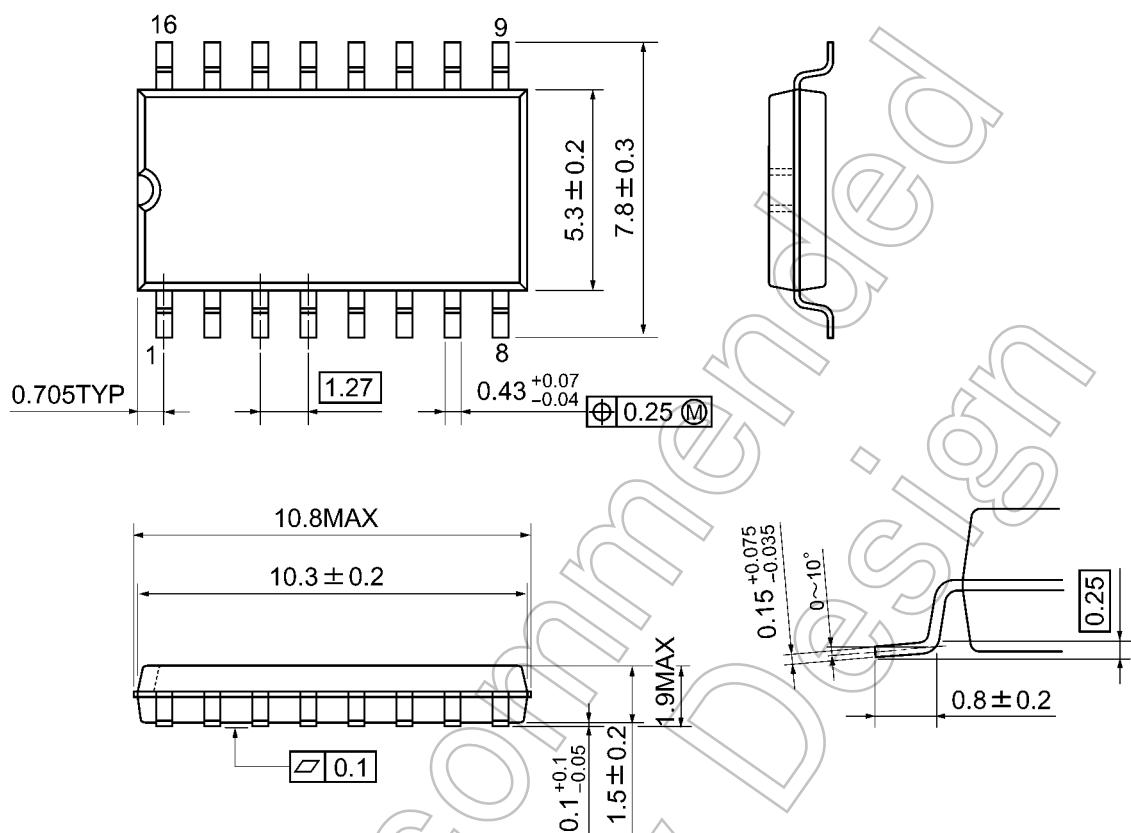


Weight: 1.00 g (typ.)

Package Dimensions

SOP16-P-300-1.27A

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.18 g (typ.)

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