

TLV350x 4.5-ns, Rail-to-Rail, High-Speed Comparator in Microsize Packages

1 Features

- High Speed: 4.5 ns
- Rail-to-Rail I/O
- Supply Voltage: 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- Push-Pull CMOS Output Stage
- Shutdown (TLV3501 Only)
- Micro Packages: 6-Pin SOT-23 (Single), 8-Pin SOT-23 (Dual)
- Low Supply Current: 3.2 mA

2 Applications

- Automatic Test Equipment
- Wireless Base Stations
- Threshold Detectors
- Zero-Crossing Detectors
- Window Comparators

3 Description

The TLV350x family of push-pull output comparators feature a fast 4.5-ns propagation delay and operation from 2.7 V to 5.5 V. Beyond-the-rails input common-mode range makes it an ideal choice for low-voltage applications. The rail-to-rail output directly drives either CMOS or TTL logic.

Microsize packages provide options for portable and space-restricted applications. The single (TLV3501) is available in 6-pin SOT-23 and 8-pin SO packages. The dual (TLV3502) comes in the 8-pin SOT-23 and 8-pin SO packages.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TLV3501	SOT-23 (6)	1.60 mm x 2.90 mm
	SOIC (8)	3.91 mm x 4.90 mm
TLV3502	SOT-23 (8)	1.63 mm x 2.90 mm
	SOIC (8)	3.91 mm x 4.90 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Propagation Delay vs Overdrive Voltage

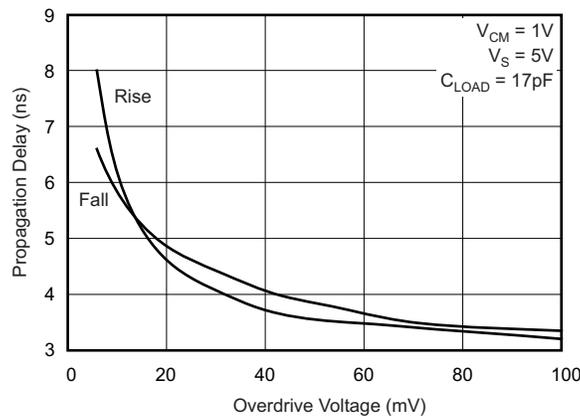


Table of Contents

1 Features	1	7.4 Device Functional Modes.....	11
2 Applications	1	8 Application and Implementation	12
3 Description	1	8.1 Application Information.....	12
4 Revision History	2	8.2 Typical Application	12
5 Pin Configuration and Functions	3	9 Power Supply Recommendations	15
6 Specifications	4	10 Layout	15
6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	4	10.1 Layout Guidelines	15
6.2 ESD Ratings	4	10.2 Layout Examples.....	16
6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions.....	4	11 Device and Documentation Support	17
6.4 Thermal Information: TLV3501	4	11.1 Device Support	17
6.5 Thermal Information: TLV3502	5	11.2 Documentation Support	17
6.6 Electrical Characteristics.....	5	11.3 Related Links	17
6.7 Switching Characteristics	6	11.4 Community Resource.....	17
6.8 Typical Characteristics	7	11.5 Trademarks	17
7 Detailed Description	10	11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution.....	17
7.1 Overview	10	11.7 Glossary	18
7.2 Functional Block Diagram	10	12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable	18
7.3 Feature Description.....	10	Information	18

4 Revision History

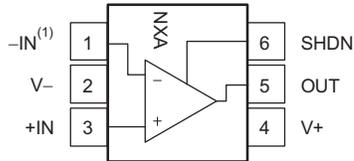
Changes from Revision D (July 2005) to Revision E

Page

- Added *ESD Ratings* table, *Feature Description* section, *Device Functional Modes*, *Application and Implementation* section, *Power Supply Recommendations* section, *Layout* section, *Device and Documentation Support* section, and *Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information* section
- 1**
- Deleted Removed Ordering Information table
- 1**

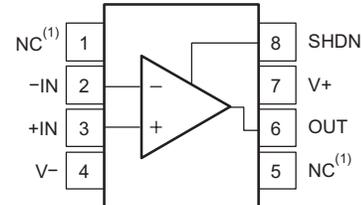
5 Pin Configuration and Functions

**TLV3501: DBV Package
6-Pin SOT-23
Top View**



- (1) Pin 1 of the 6-pin SOT-23 is determined by orienting the package marking as indicated on the diagram.

**TLV3501: D Package
8-Pin SOIC
Top View**

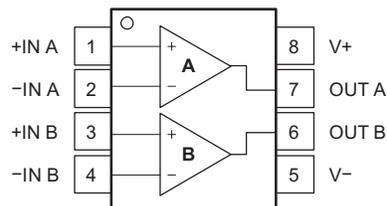


- (1) NC indicates no internal connection.

Pin Functions: TLV3501

NAME	PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
	SOIC	SOT-23		
-IN	2	1	I	Negative (inverting) input
+IN	3	3	I	Positive (noninverting) input
NC	1, 5	—	—	No internal connection (can be left floating)
OUT	6	5	O	Output
SHDN	8	6	—	Shutdown (the device is idle when this pin is not in use)
V-	4	2	—	Negative (lowest) power supply
V+	7	4	—	Positive (highest) power supply

**TLV3502: DCN and D Packages
8-Pin SOT-23 and SOIC
Top View**



Pin Functions: TLV3502

NAME	PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
	NO.			
-IN A	2		I	Inverting input, channel A
+IN A	1		I	Noninverting input, channel A
-IN B	4		I	Inverting input, channel B
+IN B	3		I	Noninverting input, channel B
OUT A	7		O	Output, channel A
OUT B	6		O	Output, channel B
V-	5		—	Negative (lowest) power supply
V+	8		—	Positive (highest) power supply

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage	Supply		5.5	V
	Signal input terminal ⁽²⁾	(V-) – 0.3	(V+) + 0.3	V
Current	Signal input terminal ⁽²⁾		10	mA
	Output short circuit ⁽³⁾		74	mA
Temperature	Operating, T _A	–40	125	°C
	Junction, T _J		150	°C
	Storage, T _{stg}	–65	150	°C

- Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.3 V beyond the supply rails must be current-limited to 10 mA or less.
- Short-circuit to ground, one comparator per package.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±3000	V
	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±500	

- JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted).

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _S	Supply voltage	2.2	2.7	5.5	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage, SHDN (comparator is enabled) ⁽¹⁾			(V+) – 1.7	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage, SHDN (comparator is disabled) ⁽¹⁾	(V+) – 0.9			V
T _A	Operating temperature	–40		125	°C

- When the SHDN pin is within 0.9 V of the most positive supply, the part is disabled. When it is more than 1.7 V below the most positive supply, the part is enabled.

6.4 Thermal Information: TLV3501

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TLV3501		UNIT
		DBV (SOT-23)	D (SOIC)	
		6 PINS	8 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	192.2	129.5	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	134.8	75.9	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	37.1	69.8	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	28.3	29.7	°C/W
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	36.7	69.3	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	—	—	°C/W

- For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

6.5 Thermal Information: TLV3502

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TLV3502		UNIT
		D (SOIC)	DCN (SOT-23)	
		8 PINS	8 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	116.4	191.6	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	61.7	43.9	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	57	120.3	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	18.5	14.4	°C/W
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	56.5	118.6	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	—	—	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

6.6 Electrical Characteristics

At T_A = 25°C and V_S = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OFFSET VOLTAGE						
V _{OS}	Input offset voltage ⁽¹⁾	V _{CM} = 0 V, I _O = 0 mA		±1	±6.5	mV
dV _{OS} /dT	Input offset voltage vs temperature	T _A = -40°C to +125°C		±5		μV/°C
PSRR	Input offset voltage vs power supply	V _S = 2.7 V to 5.5 V		100	400	μV/V
	Input hysteresis			6		mV
INPUT BIAS CURRENT						
I _B	Input bias current ⁽²⁾	V _{CM} = V _{CC} /2		±2	±10	pA
I _{OS}	Input offset current ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	V _{CM} = V _{CC} /2		±2	±10	pA
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE						
V _{CM}	Common-mode voltage range		(V-) - 0.2		(V+) - 0.2	V
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{CM} = -0.2 V to (V+) + 0.2 V	57	70		dB
		V _{CM} = -0.2 V to (V+) + 0.2 V, T _A = -40°C to +125°C	55			
INPUT IMPEDANCE						
	Common-mode			10 ¹³ 2		Ω pF
	Differential			10 ¹³ 4		Ω pF
OUTPUT						
V _{OH} , V _{OL}	Voltage output swing from rail	I _{OUT} = ±1 mA		30	50	mV
SHUTDOWN						
t _{OFF}	Shutdown turnoff time			30		ns
t _{ON}	Shutdown turnon time			100		ns
V _L	SHDN low threshold	Comparator is enabled ⁽⁴⁾			(V+) - 1.7	V
V _H	SHDN high threshold	Comparator is disabled ⁽⁴⁾	(V+) - 0.9			V
	Input bias current of shutdown pin			2		pA
I _{QSD}	Quiescent current in shutdown			2		μA
POWER SUPPLY						
V _S	Specified voltage		2.7		5.5	V
	Operating voltage range	Higher end		2.2		V
		Lower end		5.5		
I _Q	Quiescent current	V _S = 5 V, V _O = High		3.2	5	mA

(1) V_{OS} is defined as the average of the positive and the negative switching thresholds.

(2) Not production tested.

(3) The difference between I_{B+} and I_{B-}.

(4) When the shutdown pin is within 0.9 V of the most positive supply, the part is disabled. When it is more than 1.7 V below the most positive supply, the part is enabled.

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_S = 2.7\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
TEMPERATURE RANGE					
Specified range		-40		125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating range		-40		125	$^\circ\text{C}$

6.7 Switching Characteristics

At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_S = 2.7\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
$T_{(pd)}$ Propagation delay time ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	$\Delta V_{IN} = 100\text{ mV}$, Overdrive = 20 mV	At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	4.5	6.4	ns	
		At $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$		7	ns	
	$\Delta V_{IN} = 100\text{ mV}$, Overdrive = 5 mV	At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		7.5	10	ns
		At $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$			12	ns
$\Delta t_{(SKEW)}$ Propagation delay skew ⁽³⁾	$\Delta V_{IN} = 100\text{ mV}$, overdrive = 20 mV		0.5		ns	
f_{MAX} Maximum toggle frequency	Overdrive = 50 mV, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$		80		MHz	
t_R Rise time ⁽⁴⁾			1.5		ns	
t_F Fall time ⁽⁴⁾			1.5		ns	

(1) Not production tested.

(2) Propagation delay cannot be accurately measured with low overdrive on automatic test equipment. This parameter is ensured by characterization and testing at 100-mV overdrive.

(3) The difference between the propagation delay going high and the propagation delay going low.

(4) Measured between 10% of V_S and 90% of V_S .

6.8 Typical Characteristics

At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, and input overdrive = 100 mV, unless otherwise noted.

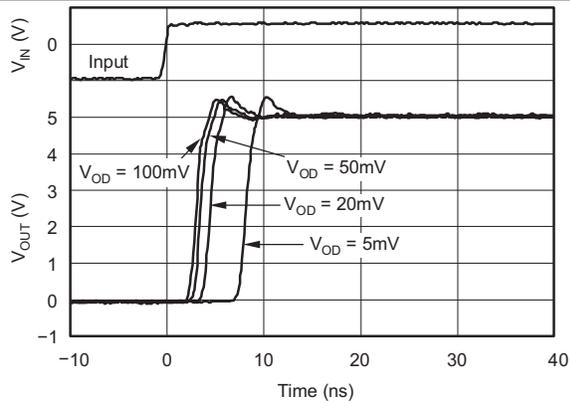


Figure 1. Output Response for Various Overdrive Voltages (Rising)

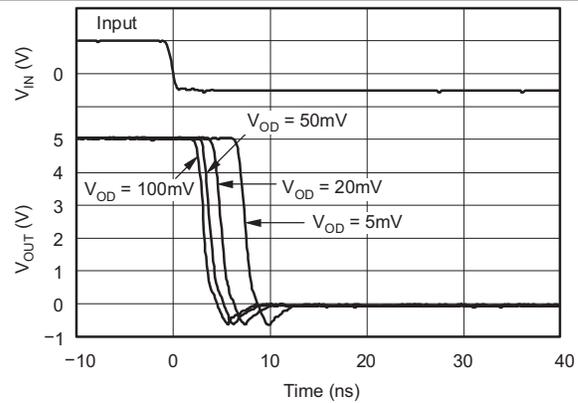
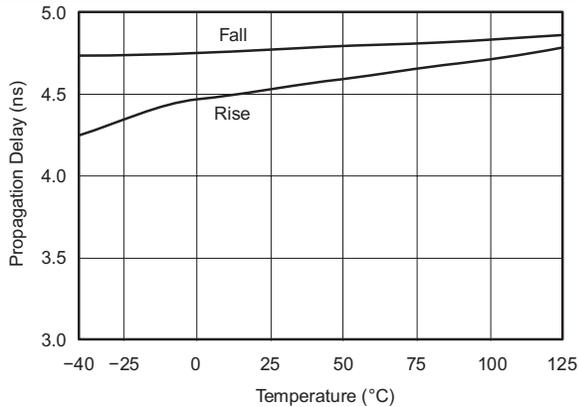
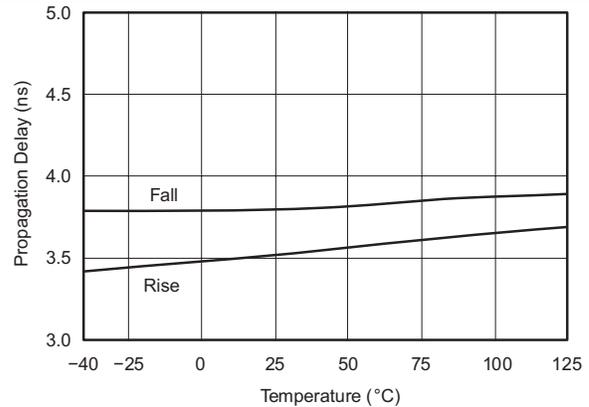


Figure 2. Output Response for Various Overdrive Voltages (Falling)



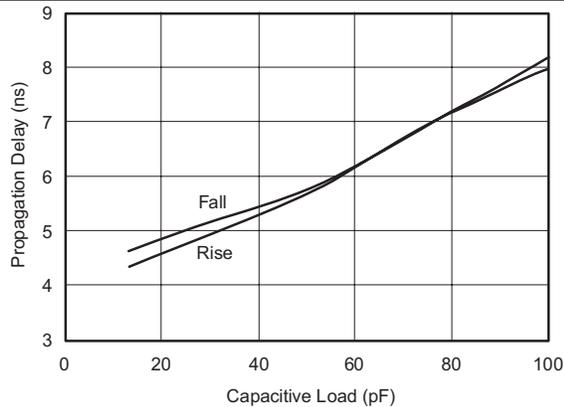
$V_{OD} = 20\text{ mV}$

Figure 3. Propagation Delay vs Temperature



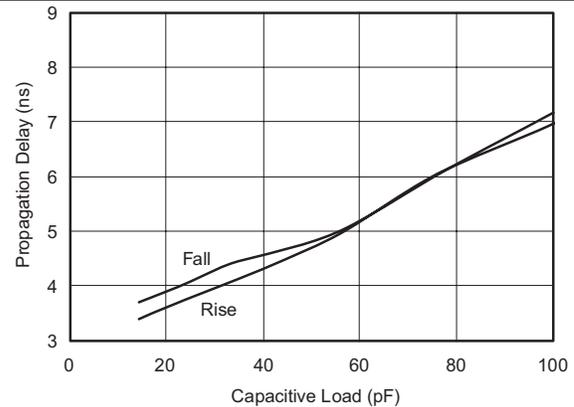
$V_{OD} = 50\text{ mV}$

Figure 4. Propagation Delay vs Temperature



$V_{OD} = 20\text{ mV}$

Figure 5. Propagation Delay vs Capacitive Load



$V_{OD} = 50\text{ mV}$

Figure 6. Propagation Delay vs Capacitive Load

Typical Characteristics (continued)

At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, and input overdrive = 100 mV, unless otherwise noted.

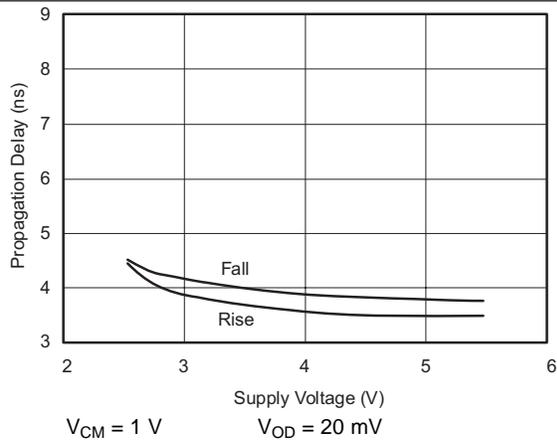


Figure 7. Propagation Delay vs Supply Voltage

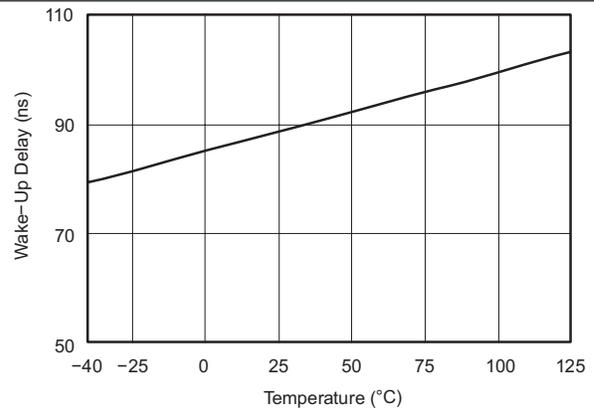


Figure 8. Wake-Up Delay vs Temperature

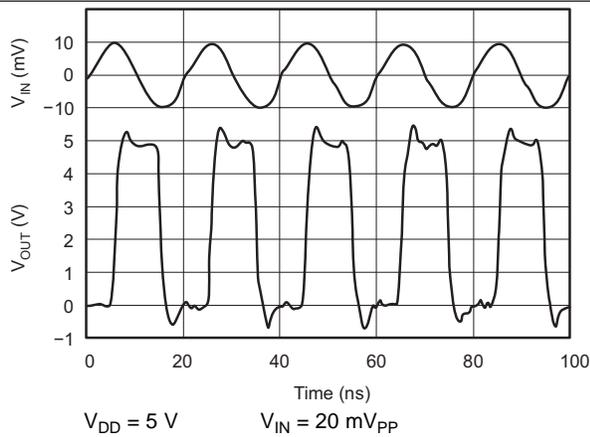


Figure 9. Response to 50-MHz Sine Wave

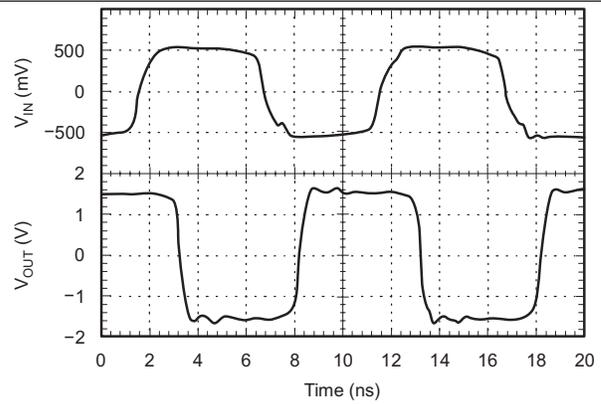


Figure 10. Response to 100-MHz Sine Wave ($\pm 2.5\text{-V}$ Dual Supply into 50- Ω Oscilloscope Input)

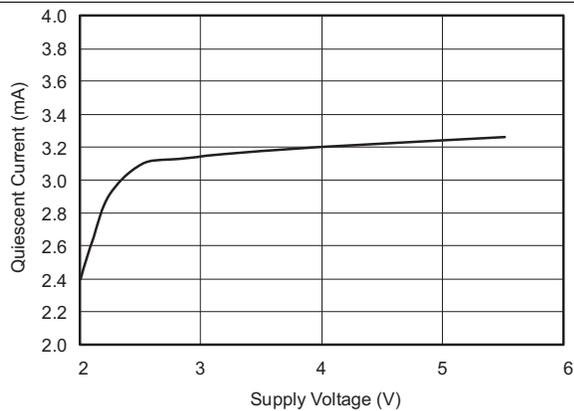


Figure 11. Quiescent Current vs Supply Voltage

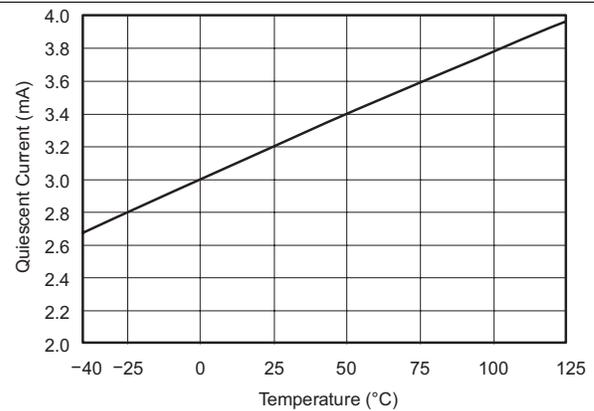


Figure 12. Quiescent Current vs Temperature

Typical Characteristics (continued)

At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = 5\text{ V}$, and input overdrive = 100 mV, unless otherwise noted.

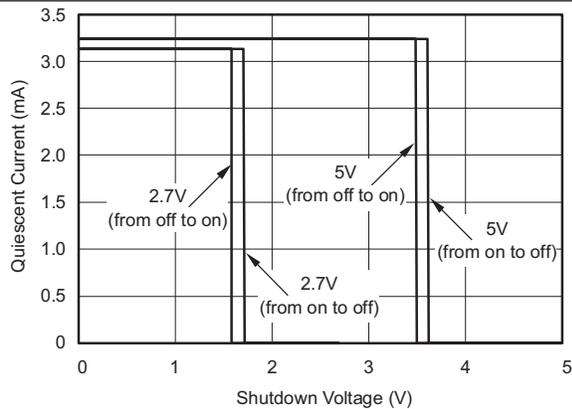


Figure 13. Quiescent Current vs Shutdown Voltage

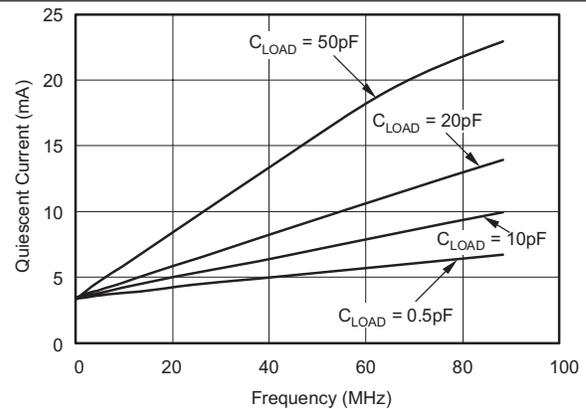


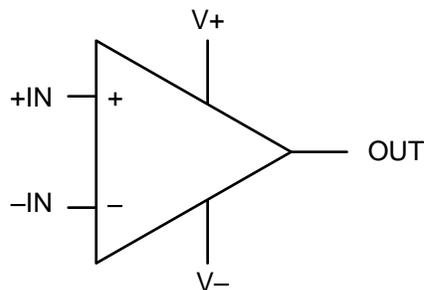
Figure 14. Quiescent Current vs Frequency

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TLV3501 and TLV3502 devices both feature high-speed response and include 6 mV of internal hysteresis for improved noise immunity with an input common-mode range that extends 0.2 V beyond the power-supply rails.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Operating Voltage

The TLV350x comparators are specified for use on a single supply from 2.7 V to 5.5 V (or a dual supply from ± 1.35 V to ± 2.75 V) over a temperature range of -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$. These devices continue to function below this range, but performance is not specified.

7.3.2 Input Overvoltage Protection

Device inputs are protected by electrostatic discharge (ESD) diodes that conduct if the input voltages exceed the power supplies by more than approximately 300 mV. Momentary voltages greater than 300 mV beyond the power supply can be tolerated if the input current is limited to 10 mA. This limiting is easily accomplished with a small input resistor in series with the comparator, as shown in [Figure 15](#).

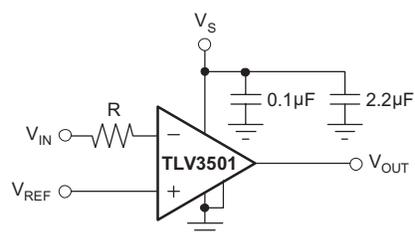


Figure 15. Input Current Protection for Voltages Exceeding the Supply Voltage

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Shutdown

A shutdown pin allows the device to go into idle when it is not in use. When the shutdown pin is high, the device draws approximately 2 μA , and the output goes to high impedance. When the shutdown pin is low, the TLV3501 is active. When the TLV3501 shutdown feature is not used, connect the shutdown pin to the most negative supply, as shown in [Figure 16](#). Exiting shutdown mode requires approximately 100 ns. The TLV3502 does not have the shutdown feature.

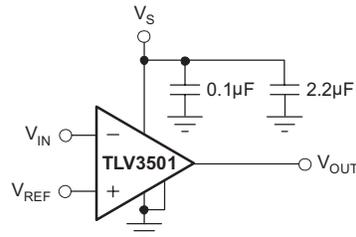


Figure 16. Basic Connections for the TLV3501

8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

8.1.1 Adding External Hysteresis

The TLV350x has a robust performance when used with a good layout. However, comparator inputs have little noise immunity within the range of a specified offset voltage (± 5 mV). For slow-moving or noisy input signals, the comparator output can cause an undesirable switch state as input signals move through the switching threshold. In such applications, the 6 mV of internal hysteresis of the TLV350x might not be sufficient. For greater noise immunity, external hysteresis can be added by connecting a small amount of feedback to the positive input. [Figure 17](#) shows a typical topology used to introduce 25 mV of additional hysteresis, for a total of 31-mV hysteresis when operating from a single 5-V supply. Use [Equation 1](#) to calculate the approximate total hysteresis.

$$V_{\text{HYST}} = \frac{(V_+) \times R_1}{R_1 + R_2} + 6\text{mV} \quad (1)$$

The total hysteresis, V_{HYST} , sets the value of the transition voltage required to switch the comparator output, by enlarging the threshold region, thereby reducing sensitivity to noise.

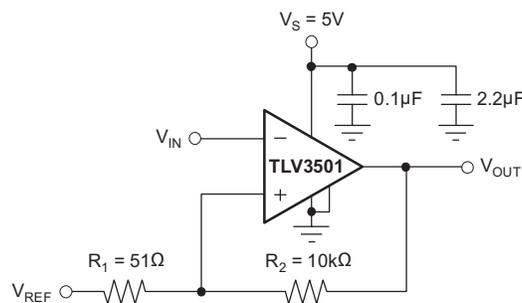


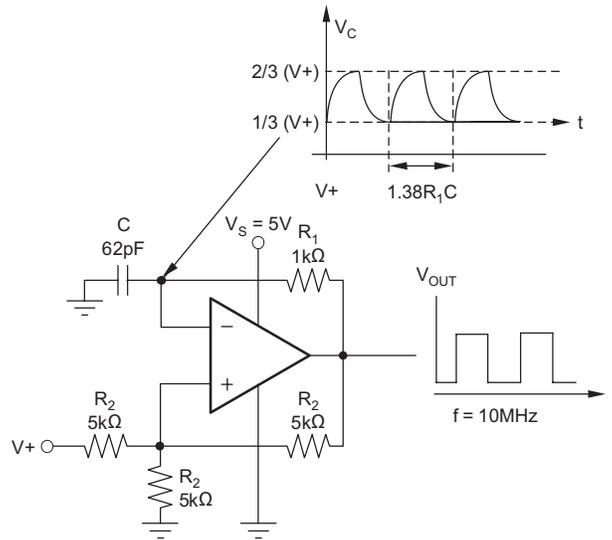
Figure 17. Adding Hysteresis to the TLV350x

8.2 Typical Application

8.2.1 Relaxation Oscillator

The TLV350x can easily be configured as a simple and inexpensive relaxation oscillator. In [Figure 18](#), the R_2 network sets the trip threshold at $1/3$ and $2/3$ of the supply. Because this circuit is a high-speed circuit, the resistor values are low to minimize the effects of parasitic capacitance. The positive input alternates between $1/3$ of V_+ and $2/3$ of V_+ , depending on whether the output is low or high. The time to charge (or discharge) is $0.69 \times R_1 C$. Therefore, the period is $1.38 \times R_1 C$. For 62 pF and 1 kΩ as shown in [Figure 18](#), the output is calculated to 10.9 MHz. An implementation of this circuit oscillated at 9.6 MHz. Parasitic capacitance and component tolerances explain the difference between theory and actual performance.

Typical Application (continued)



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Figure 18. Relaxation Oscillator

8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For hysteresis of 1/3 of V+ and threshold levels between 1/3 of V+ and 2/3 of V+, the resistors connected to the comparator positive input must be equal in value. The resistor value must be kept low enough so it does not create additional time constant because of the input capacitor and board parasitic capacitor. The value of the charging resistor, R1, must be relatively low for high-frequency switching without drawing high current and affecting the output high and low level. The value of the charging capacitor must be high enough to avoid errors cause by parasitic capacitance.

8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

For the positive input, $+IN = 1/3 V_{OUT} + 1/3 V+ = 1/3 V+$ if V_{OUT} is low and assuming V_{OL} is very close to GND. Or, $+IN = 1/3 V_{OUT} + 1/3 V+ = 1/3 V+ = 2/3 V+$ if V_{OUT} is high and assuming V_{OH} is very close to V+.

For the negative input, the capacitor charges to 2/3 V+ and discharges to 1/3 V+ exponentially at the same rate with a time constant of R_1C .

8.2.1.3 Application Curve

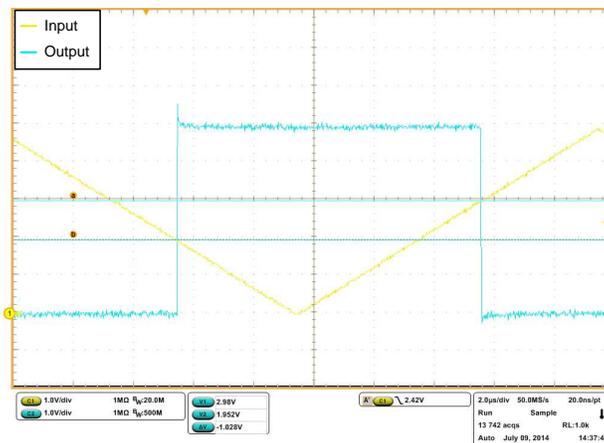


Figure 19. TLV3501 Device With Upper and Lower Thresholds With 1-V Hysteresis

Typical Application (continued)

8.2.2 High-Speed Window Comparator

A window comparator circuit determines when a signal is between two voltages. The TLV3502 can readily be used to create a high-speed window comparator. V_{HI} is the upper voltage threshold, and V_{LO} is the lower voltage threshold. When V_{IN} is between these two thresholds, the output in Figure 20 is high. Figure 21 shows a simple means of obtaining an active low output. The reference levels are connected differently between Figure 20 and Figure 21. The operating voltage range of either circuit is 2.7 V to 5.5 V.

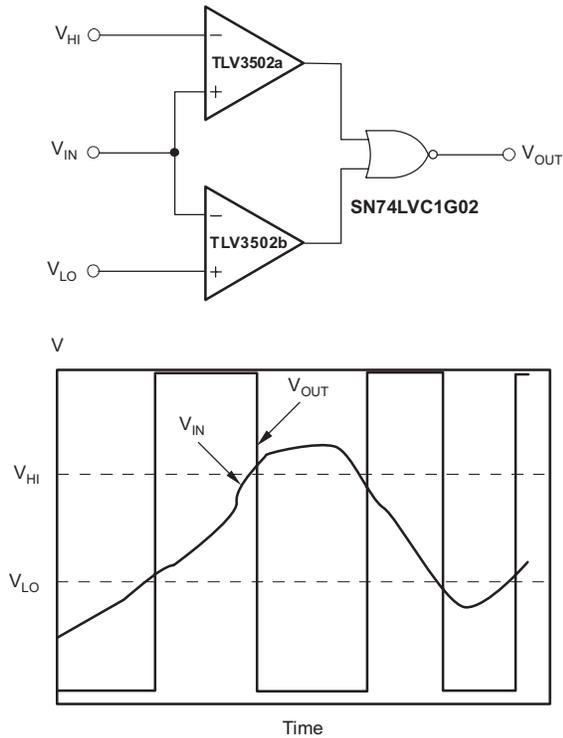


Figure 20. Window Comparator—Active High

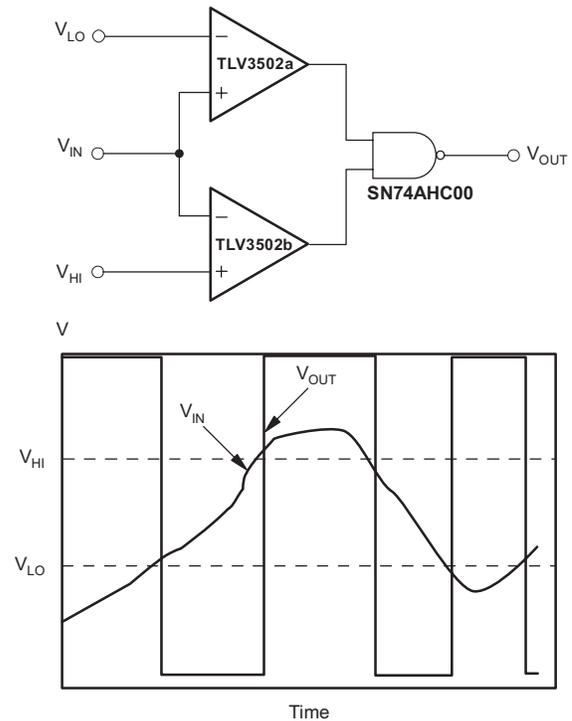


Figure 21. Window Comparator—Active Low

9 Power Supply Recommendations

The TLV350x comparators are specified for use on a single supply from 2.7 V to 5.5 V (or a dual supply from ± 1.35 V to ± 2.75 V) over a temperature range of -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$. These devices continue to function below this range, but performance is not specified.

Place bypass capacitors close to the power-supply pins to reduce noise coupling in from noisy or high-impedance power supplies. For more detailed information on bypass capacitor placement, see [Layout Guidelines](#).

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

For any high-speed comparator or amplifier, proper design and printed-circuit board (PCB) layout are necessary for optimal performance. Excess stray capacitance on the active input, or improper grounding, can limit the maximum performance of high-speed circuitry.

Minimizing resistance from the signal source to the comparator input is necessary to minimize the propagation delay of the complete circuit. The source resistance, along with input and stray capacitance, creates an RC filter that delays voltage transitions at the input, and reduces the amplitude of high-frequency signals. The input capacitance of the TLV350x, along with stray capacitance from an input pin to ground, results in several picofarads of capacitance.

The location and type of capacitors used for power-supply bypassing are critical to high-speed comparators. The suggested 2.2- μF tantalum capacitor does not need to be as close to the device as the 0.1- μF capacitor, and may be shared with other devices. The 2.2- μF capacitor buffers the power-supply line against ripple, and the 0.1- μF capacitor provides a charge for the comparator during high-frequency switching.

In a high-speed circuit, fast rising and falling switching transients create voltage differences across lines that would be at the same potential at DC. To reduce this effect, use a ground plane to reduce difference in voltage potential within the circuit board. A ground plane has the advantage of minimizing the effect of stray capacitances on the circuit board by providing a more desirable path for the current to flow. With a signal trace over a ground plane, at high-frequency the return current (in the ground plane) tends to flow right under the signal trace. Breaks in the ground plane (as simple as through-hole leads and vias) increase the inductance of the plane, making it less effective at higher frequencies. Breaks in the ground plane for necessary vias must be spaced randomly.

10.2 Layout Examples

Figure 22 shows an evaluation layout for the TLV3501 8-pin SOIC package; Figure 23 is for the 5-pin SOT-23 package. Both evaluation layouts are shown with SMA connectors that bring signals on and off the board. RT1 and RT2 are termination resistors for $+V_{IN}$ and $-V_{IN}$, respectively. C1 and C2 are power-supply bypass capacitors. Place the 0.1- μF capacitor closest to the comparator. The ground plane is not shown, but the pads connecting the resistors and capacitors are shown. Figure 24 shows a schematic of this circuit.

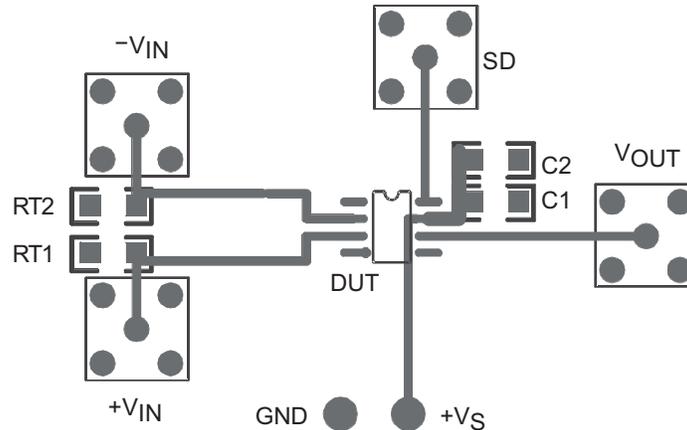


Figure 22. TLV3501D (SOIC) Sample Layout

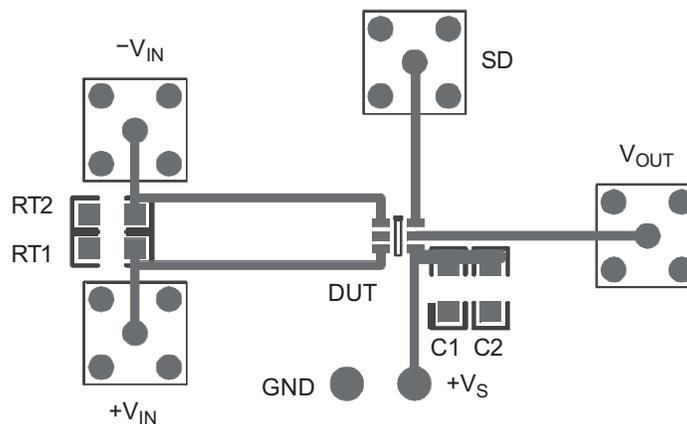


Figure 23. TLV3501DBV (SOT-23) Sample Layout

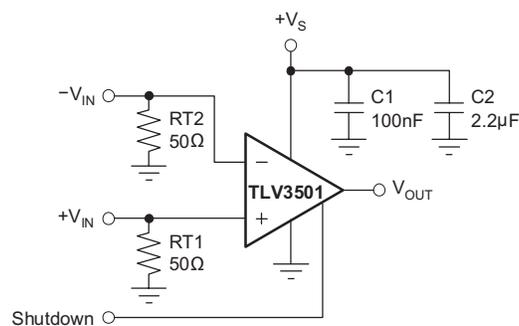


Figure 24. Layout Schematic

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Device Support

11.1.1 Development Support

11.1.1.1 TI Precision Designs

TI Precision Designs are analog solutions created by TI's precision analog applications experts and offer the theory of operation, component selection, simulation, complete PCB schematic and layout, bill of materials, and measured performance of many useful circuits. TI Precision Designs are available online at <http://www.ti.com/ww/en/analog/precision-designs/>.

11.2 Documentation Support

11.2.1 Related Documentation

The following documents are relevant to using the TLV350x, and recommended for reference. All are available for download at www.ti.com unless otherwise noted.

- *Precision Design: Analog Pulse Width Modulation*, [SLAU508](#)
- *TLV170x 2.2-V to 36-V, microPower Comparator*, [SBOS589](#)
- *TLV170x-Q1 2.2-V to 36-V, microPower Comparator*, [SLOS890](#)
- *TLV3501A-Q1 4.5ns Rail-to-Rail, High Speed Comparator in Microsized Packages*, [SBOS533](#)
- *TLV3502-Q1 4.5-ns Rail-to-Rail High-Speed Comparator*, [SBOS507](#)

11.3 Related Links

[Table 1](#) lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 1. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TLV3501	Click here				
TLV3502	Click here				

11.4 Community Resource

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.
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11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.7 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLV3501AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TLV 3501	Samples
TLV3501AIDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXA	Samples
TLV3501AIDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXA	Samples
TLV3501AIDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXA	Samples
TLV3501AIDBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXA	Samples
TLV3501AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TLV 3501	Samples
TLV3501AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TLV 3501	Samples
TLV3501AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TLV 3501	Samples
TLV3502AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TLV 3502	Samples
TLV3502AIDCNR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DCN	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXC	Samples
TLV3502AIDCNRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DCN	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXC	Samples
TLV3502AIDCNT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DCN	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXC	Samples
TLV3502AIDCNTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DCN	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXC	Samples
TLV3502AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TLV 3502	Samples
TLV3502AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TLV 3502	Samples
TLV3502AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	TLV 3502	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TLV3502 :

- Automotive: [TLV3502-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

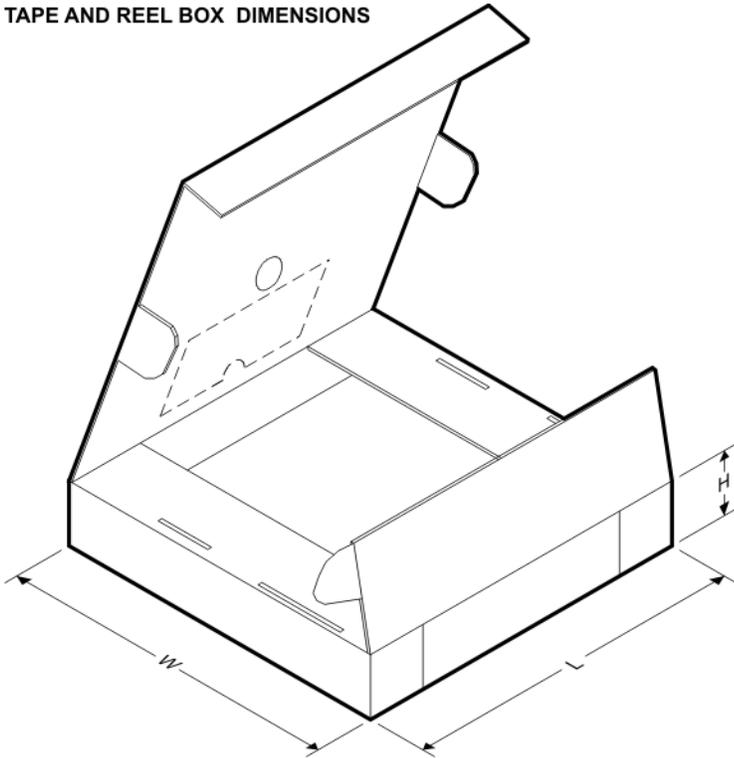


QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV3501AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV3501AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV3501AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV3502AIDCNR	SOT-23	DCN	8	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV3502AIDCNT	SOT-23	DCN	8	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV3502AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


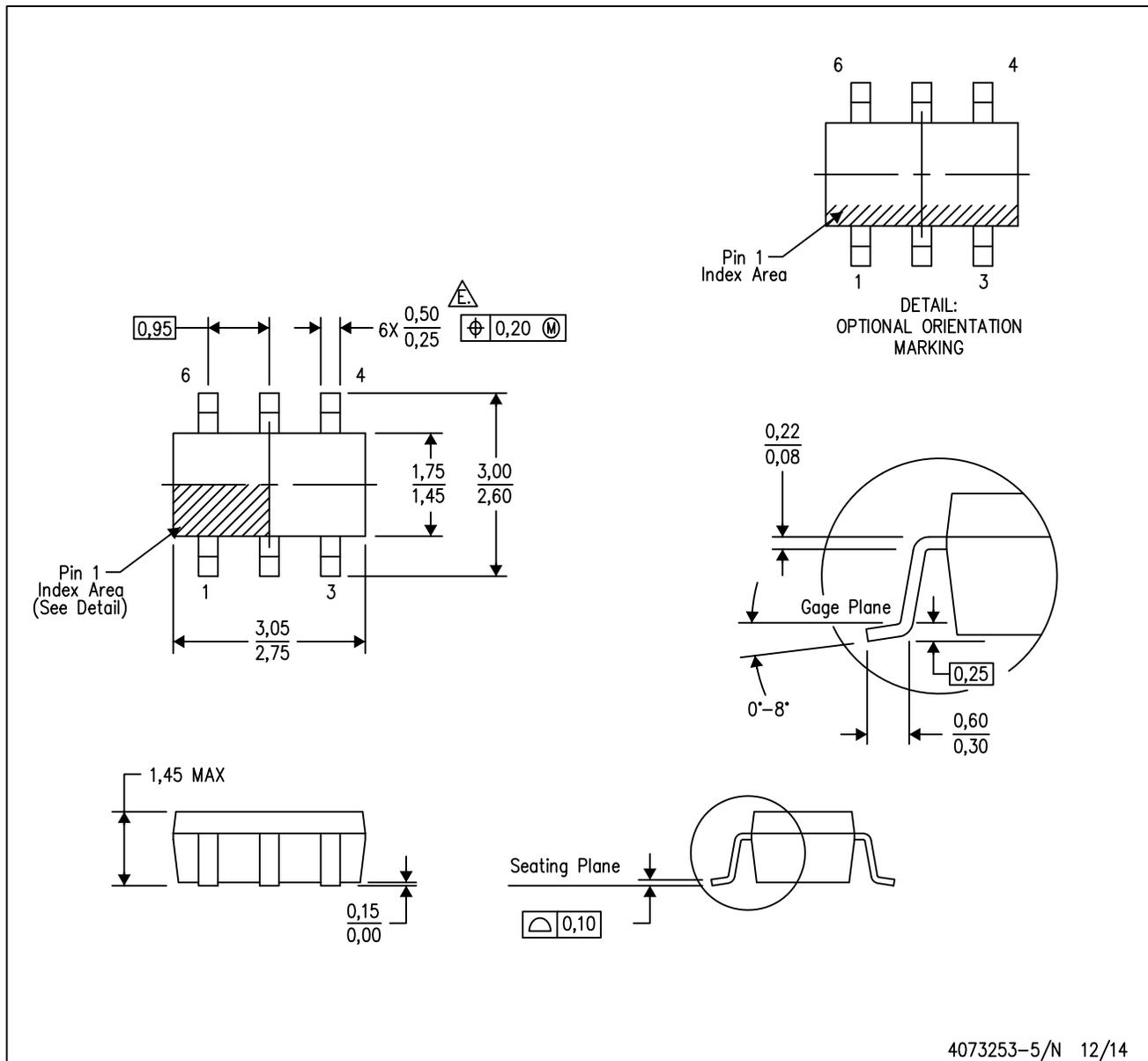
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV3501AIDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
TLV3501AIDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
TLV3501AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
TLV3502AIDCNR	SOT-23	DCN	8	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TLV3502AIDCNT	SOT-23	DCN	8	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TLV3502AIDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0

MECHANICAL DATA

DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

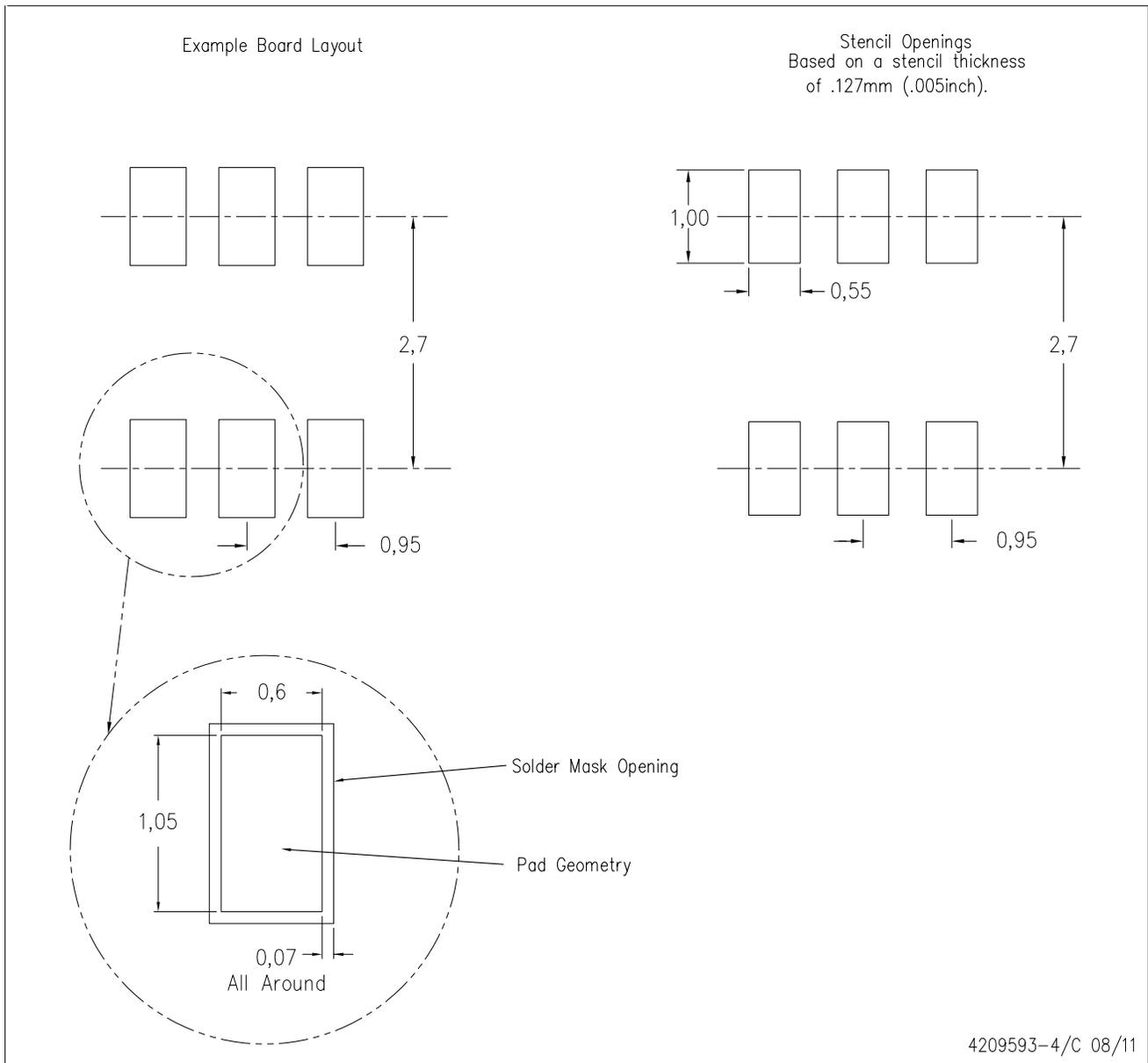
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.

DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

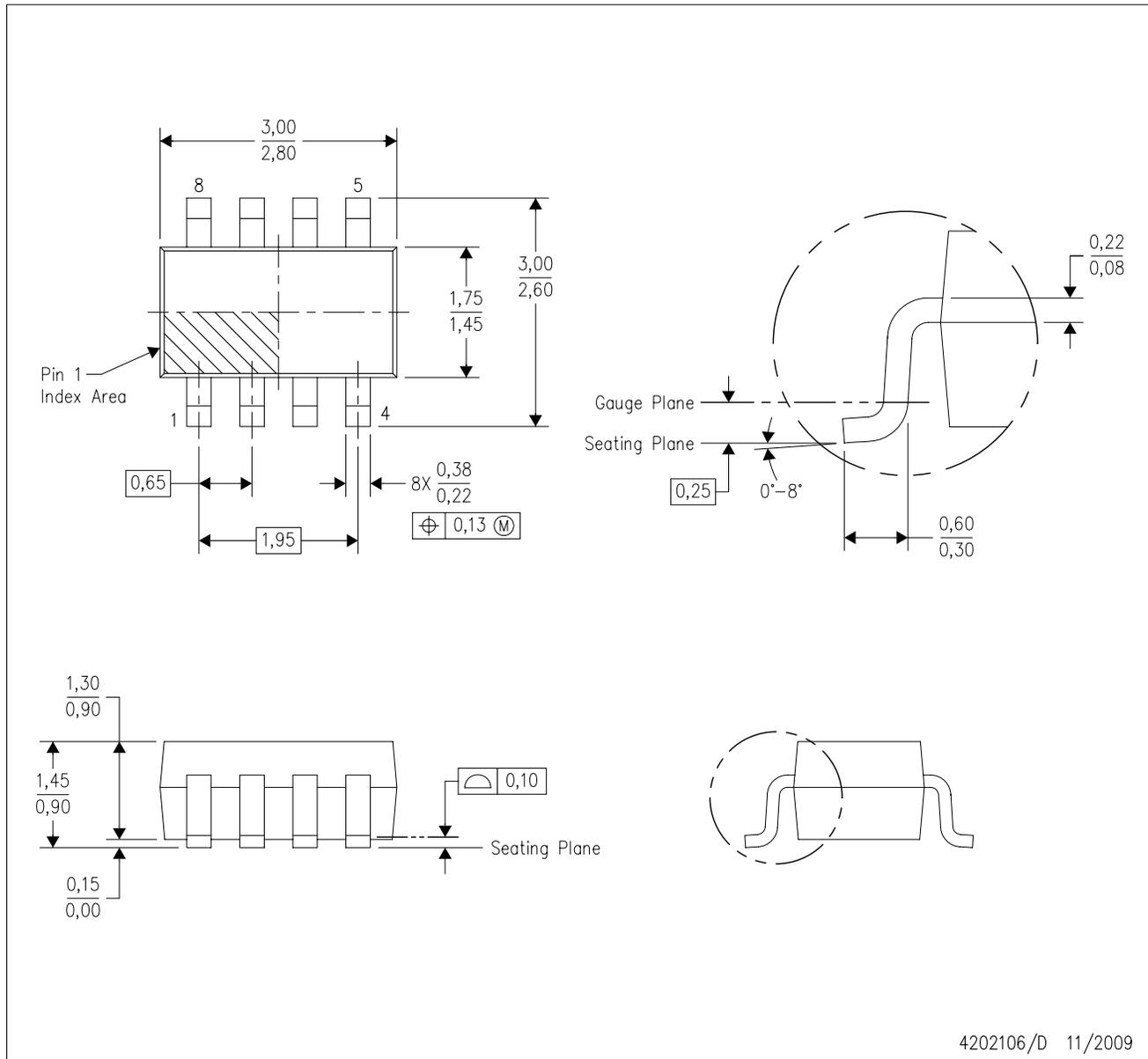
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
 - D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

DCN (R-PDSO-G8)

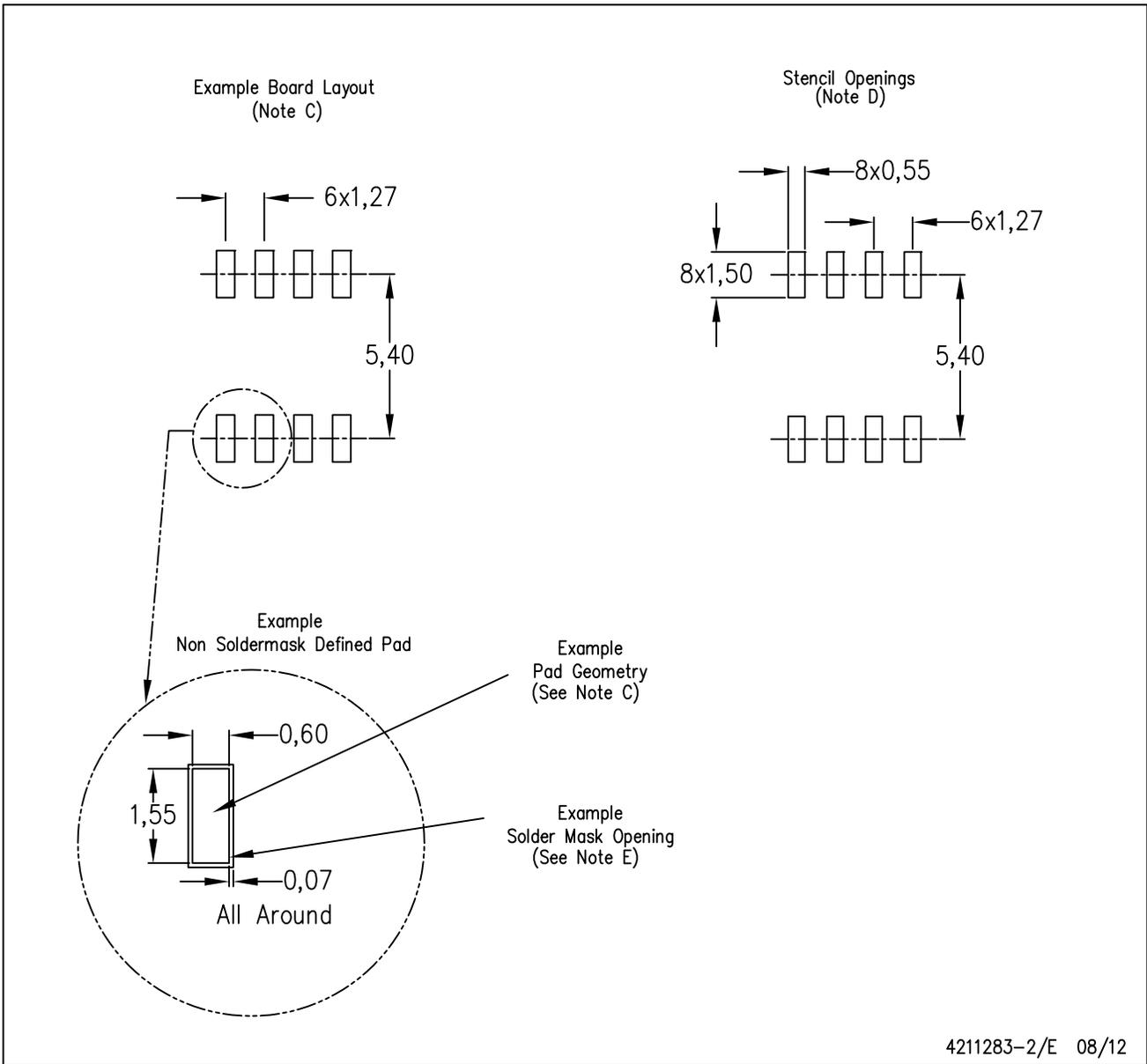
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Package outline exclusive of metal burr & dambar protrusion/intrusion.
 - D. Package outline inclusive of solder plating.
 - E. A visual index feature must be located within the Pin 1 index area.
 - F. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation BA.
 - G. Body dimensions do not include flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 per side.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4211283-2/E 08/12

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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