

## FEATURES

- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus+™ Family
- Pinout Optimizes DDR2 DIMM PCB Layout
- Configurable as 25-Bit 1:1 or 14-Bit 1:2 Registered Buffer
- Chip-Select Inputs Gate Data Outputs From Changing State and Minimize System Power Consumption
- Output Edge-Control Circuitry Minimizes Switching Noise in Unterminated Line
- Supports SSTL\_18 Data Inputs
- Differential Clock (CLK and  $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ ) Inputs
- Supports LVCMOS Switching Levels on Control and  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  Inputs
- $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  Input Disables Differential Input Receivers, Resets All Registers, and Forces All Outputs Low
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 5000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 150-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

## DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

This 25-bit 1:1 or 14-bit 1:2 configurable registered buffer is designed for 1.7-V to 1.9-V  $V_{CC}$  operation. In the 1:1 pinout configuration, only 1 device per DIMM is required to drive 9 SDRAM loads. In the 1:2 pinout configuration, 2 devices per DIMM are required to drive 18 SDRAM loads.

All inputs are SSTL\_18, except the LVCMOS reset ( $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ ) and LVCMOS control (Cn) inputs. All outputs are edge-controlled circuits optimized for unterminated DIMM loads and meet SSTL\_18 specifications.

The SN74SSTU32864E operates from a differential clock (CLK and  $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ ). Data are registered at the crossing of CLK going high and  $\overline{\text{CLK}}$  going low.

The C0 input controls the pinout configuration of the 1:2 pinout from register-A configuration (when low) to register-B configuration (when high). The C1 input controls the pinout configuration from 25-bit 1:1 (when low) to 14-bit 1:2 (when high). C0 and C1 must not be switched during normal operation. They must be hard-wired to a valid low or high level to configure the register in the desired mode. In the 25-bit 1:1 pinout configuration, the A6, D6, and H6 terminals are driven low and must not be used.

In the DDR2 RDIMM application,  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  is specified to be completely asynchronous with respect to CLK and  $\overline{\text{CLK}}$ . Therefore, no timing relationship can be ensured between the two. When entering reset, the register is cleared and the data outputs are driven low quickly, relative to the time to disable the differential input receivers. However, when coming out of reset, the register becomes active quickly, relative to the time required to enable the differential input receivers. As long as the data inputs are low, and the clock is stable during the time from the low-to-high transition of  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  until the input receivers are fully enabled, the design of the SN74SSTU32864E must ensure that the outputs remain low, thus ensuring no glitches on the output.

To ensure defined outputs from the register before a stable clock has been supplied,  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  must be held in the low state during power up.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
0°C to 70°C	LFBGA – ZKE	Tape and reel	SN74SSTU32864EZKER	S864E

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at [www.ti.com/sc/package](http://www.ti.com/sc/package).



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**SN74SSTU32864E**  
**25-BIT CONFIGURABLE REGISTERED BUFFER**  
**WITH SSTL\_18 INPUTS AND OUTPUTS**

SCAS802–JULY 2005

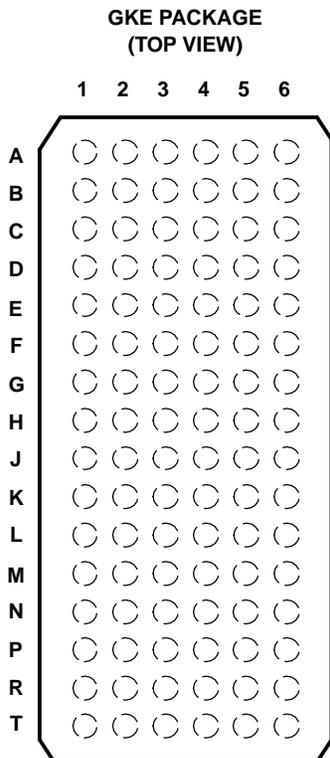
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**DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

The device supports low-power standby operation. When  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  is low, the differential input receivers are disabled, and undriven (floating) data, clock, and reference voltage ( $V_{\text{REF}}$ ) inputs are allowed. In addition, when  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  is low, all registers are reset and all outputs are forced low. The LVCMOS  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  and Cn inputs always must be held at a valid logic high or logic low level.

The device also supports low-power active operation by monitoring both system chip select ( $\overline{\text{DCS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ ) inputs and will gate the Qn outputs from changing states when both  $\overline{\text{DCS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CSR}}$  inputs are high. If either  $\overline{\text{DCS}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CSR}}$  input is low, then the Qn outputs function normally. The  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  input has priority over the  $\overline{\text{DCS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CSR}}$  control and forces the output low. If the  $\overline{\text{DCS}}$  control functionality is not desired, then the  $\overline{\text{CSR}}$  input can be hard-wired to ground, in which case the setup-time requirement for  $\overline{\text{DCS}}$  is the same as for the other D data inputs.

The two  $V_{\text{REF}}$  pins (A3 and T3) are connected together internally by approximately 150  $\Omega$ . However, it is necessary to connect only one of the two  $V_{\text{REF}}$  pins to the external  $V_{\text{REF}}$  power supply. An unused  $V_{\text{REF}}$  pin must be terminated with a  $V_{\text{REF}}$  coupling capacitor.



**TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS FOR 1:1 REGISTER (C0 = 0, C1 = 0)<sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>**

	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>A</b>	D1 (DCKE)	NC	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q1 (QCKE)	DNU
<b>B</b>	D2	D15	GND	GND	Q2	Q15
<b>C</b>	D3	D16	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q3	Q16
<b>D</b>	D4 (DODT)	NC	GND	GND	Q4 (QODT)	DNU
<b>E</b>	D5	D17	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q5	Q17
<b>F</b>	D6	D18	GND	GND	Q6	Q18
<b>G</b>	NC	<u>RESET</u>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	C1	C0
<b>H</b>	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	Q7 (QCS)	DNU
<b>J</b>	<u>CLK</u>	<u>CSR</u>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	NC	NC
<b>K</b>	D8	D19	GND	GND	Q8	Q19
<b>L</b>	D9	D20	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q9	Q20
<b>M</b>	D10	D21	GND	GND	Q10	Q21
<b>N</b>	D11	D22	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q11	Q22
<b>P</b>	D12	D23	GND	GND	Q12	Q23
<b>R</b>	D13	D24	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q13	Q24
<b>T</b>	D14	D25	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q14	Q25

(1) Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR2 DIMM signal name.

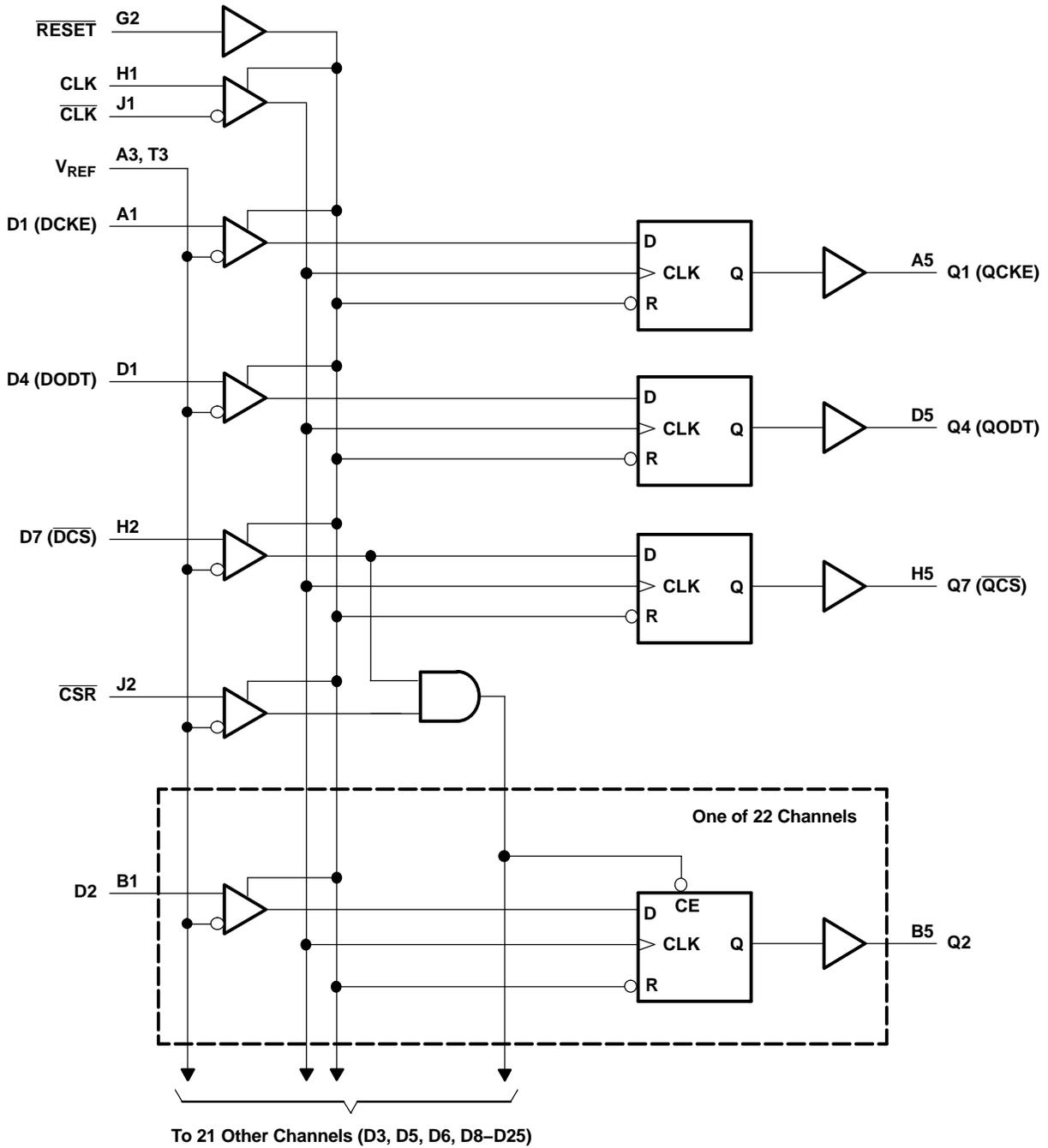
(2) NC - No internal connection

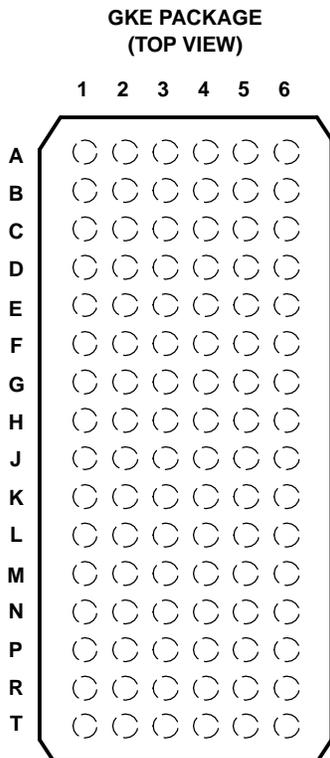
(3) DNU - Do not use

**SN74SSTU32864E**  
**25-BIT CONFIGURABLE REGISTERED BUFFER**  
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**LOGIC DIAGRAM FOR 1:1 REGISTER CONFIGURATION (POSITIVE LOGIC)**





**TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS FOR 1:2 REGISTER A (C0 = 0, C1 = 1)<sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>**

	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>A</b>	D1 (DCKE)	NC	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q1A (QCKEA)	Q1B (QCKEB)
<b>B</b>	D2	DNU	GND	GND	Q2A	Q2B
<b>C</b>	D3	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q3A	Q3B
<b>D</b>	D4 (DODT)	NC	GND	GND	Q4A (QODTA)	Q4B (QODTB)
<b>E</b>	D5	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q5A	Q5B
<b>F</b>	D6	DNU	GND	GND	Q6A	Q6B
<b>G</b>	NC	<u>RESET</u>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	C1	C0
<b>H</b>	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	Q7A (QCSA)	Q7B (QCSB)
<b>J</b>	<u>CLK</u>	<u>CSR</u>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	NC	NC
<b>K</b>	D8	DNU	GND	GND	Q8A	Q8B
<b>L</b>	D9	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q9A	Q9B
<b>M</b>	D10	DNU	GND	GND	Q10A	Q10B
<b>N</b>	D11	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q11A	Q11B
<b>P</b>	D12	DNU	GND	GND	Q12A	Q12B
<b>R</b>	D13	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q13A	Q13B
<b>T</b>	D14	DNU	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q14A	Q14B

(1) Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR2 DIMM signal name.

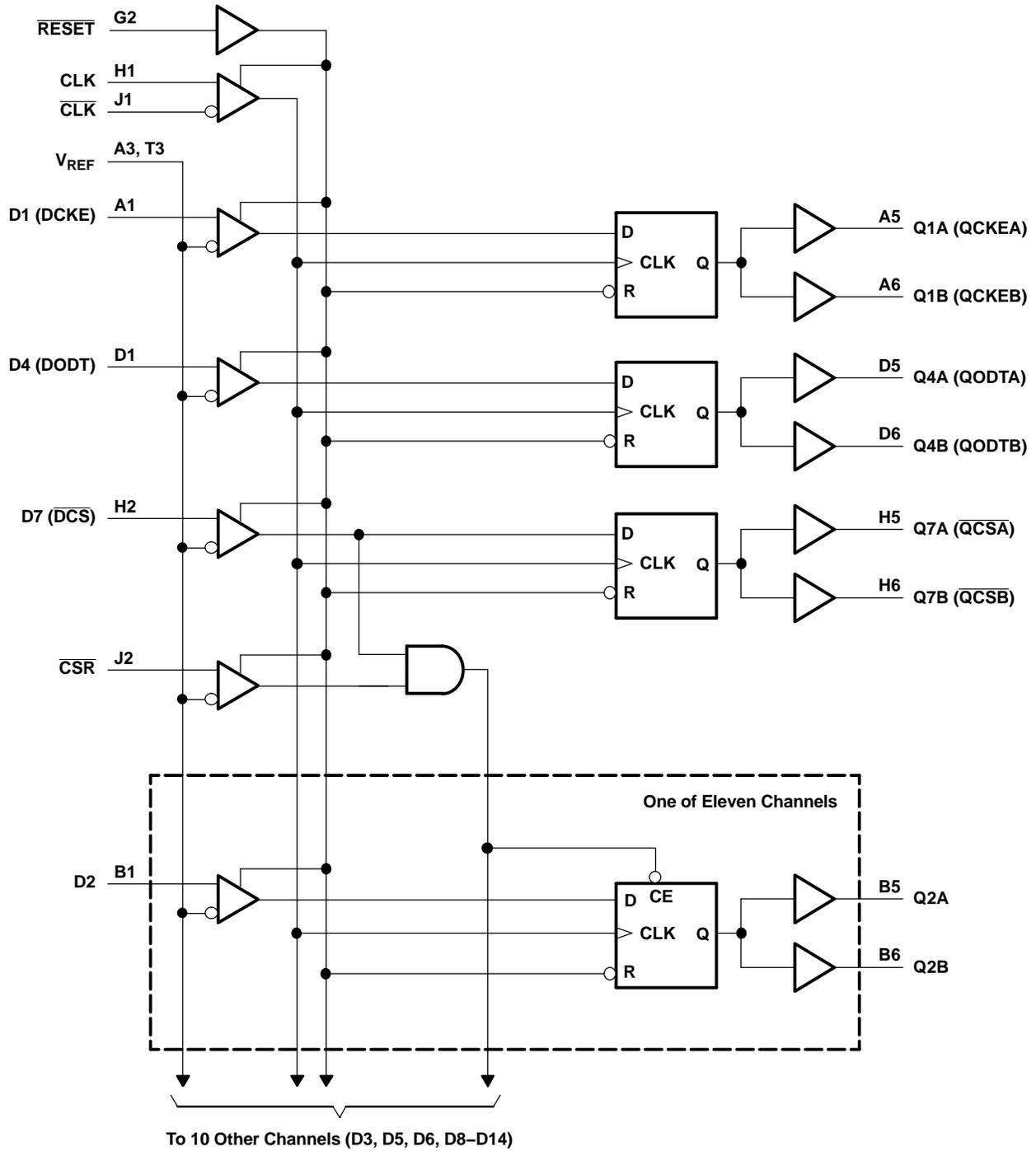
(2) NC - No internal connection

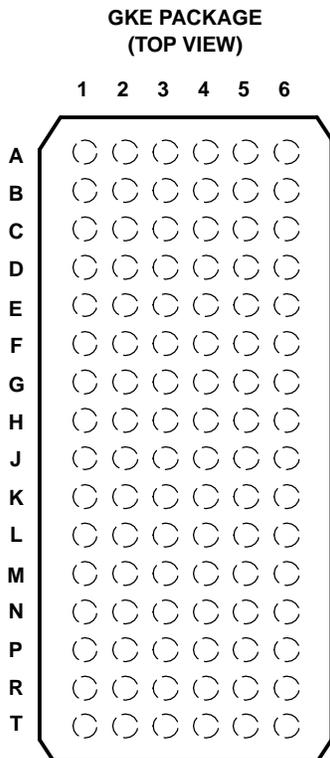
(3) DNU - Do not use

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**LOGIC DIAGRAM 1:2 REGISTER-A CONFIGURATION (POSITIVE LOGIC)**





**TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS FOR 1:2 REGISTER B (C0 = 1, C1 = 1)<sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>**

	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>A</b>	D1	NC	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q1A	Q1B
<b>B</b>	D2	DNU	GND	GND	Q2A	Q2B
<b>C</b>	D3	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q3A	Q3B
<b>D</b>	D4	NC	GND	GND	Q4A	Q4B
<b>E</b>	D5	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q5A	Q5B
<b>F</b>	D6	DNU	GND	GND	Q6A	Q6B
<b>G</b>	NC	<u>RESET</u>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	C1	C0
<b>H</b>	CLK	D7 (DCS)	GND	GND	Q7A (QCSA)	Q7B (QCSB)
<b>J</b>	<u>CLK</u>	<u>CSR</u>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	NC	NC
<b>K</b>	D8	DNU	GND	GND	Q8A	Q8B
<b>L</b>	D9	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q9A	Q9B
<b>M</b>	D10	DNU	GND	GND	Q10A	Q10B
<b>N</b>	D11 (DODT)	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q11A (QODTA)	Q11B (QODTB)
<b>P</b>	D12	DNU	GND	GND	Q12A	Q12B
<b>R</b>	D13	DNU	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q13A	Q13B
<b>T</b>	D14 (DCKE)	DNU	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	Q14A (QCKEA)	Q14B (QCKEB)

(1) Each pin name in parentheses indicates the DDR2 DIMM signal name.

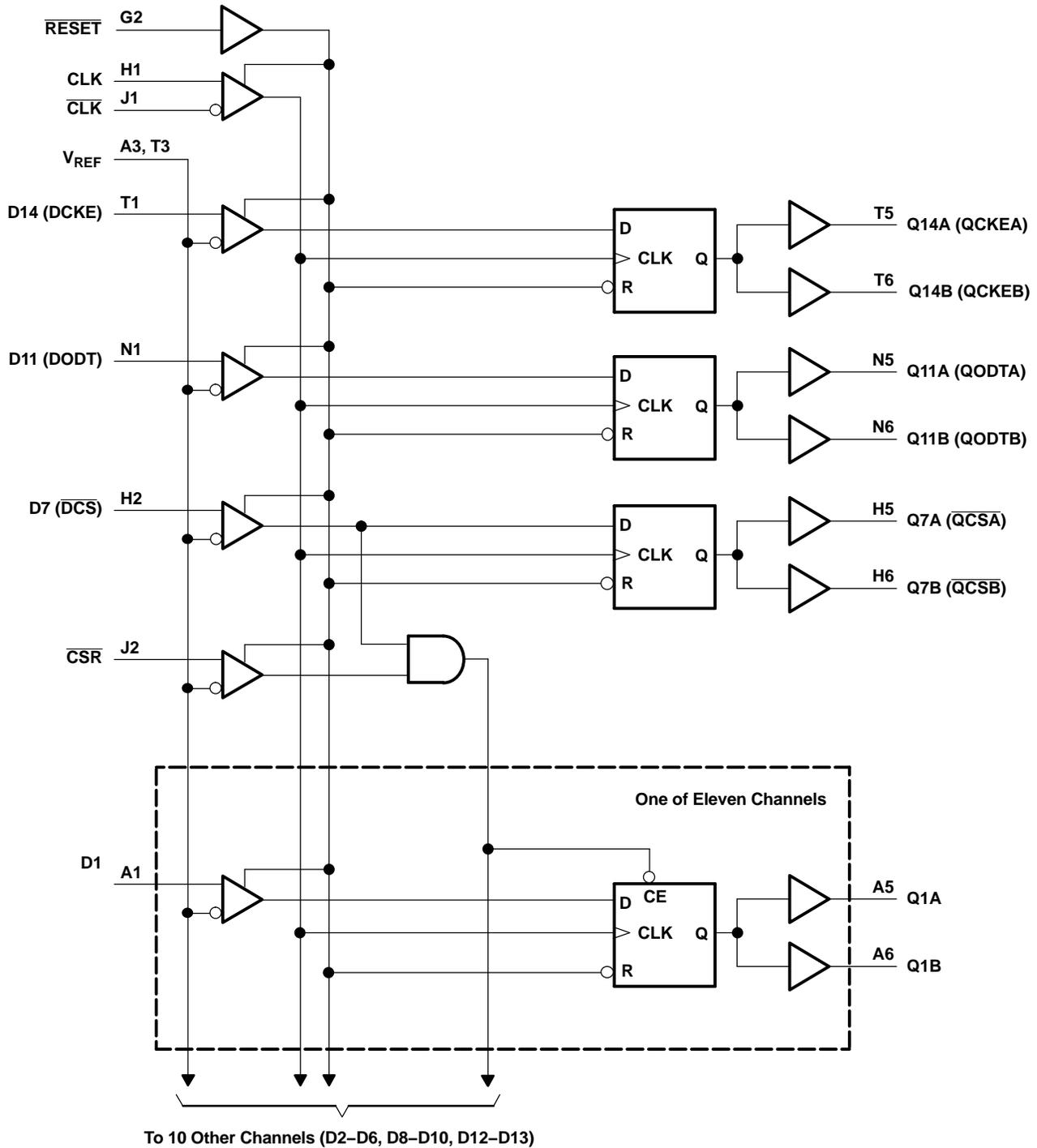
(2) NC - No internal connection

(3) DNU - Do not use

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**LOGIC DIAGRAM 1:2 REGISTER-B CONFIGURATION (POSITIVE LOGIC)**



### TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

TERMINAL NAME	DESCRIPTION	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
GND	Ground	Ground input
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power-supply voltage	1.8 V nominal
V <sub>REF</sub>	Input reference voltage	0.9 V nominal
CLK	Positive master clock input	Differential input
$\overline{\text{CLK}}$	Negative master clock input	Differential input
C0, C1	Configuration control inputs – Register A, Register B, 1:1, 1:2 select	LVC MOS inputs
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Asynchronous reset input – resets registers and disables V <sub>REF</sub> data and clock differential-input receivers. When $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is low, all Q outputs are forced low.	LVC MOS input
D1–D25	Data inputs – clocked in on the crossing of the rising edge of CLK and the falling edge of $\overline{\text{CLK}}$	SSTL_18 inputs
$\overline{\text{CSR}}, \overline{\text{DCS}}$	Chip select inputs – disables register clocking <sup>(1)</sup> when both inputs are high	SSTL_18 inputs
DODT	The outputs of this register bit will not be suspended by the $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ control.	SSTL_18 input
DCKE	The outputs of this register bit will not be suspended by the $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ control.	SSTL_18 input
Q1–Q25 <sup>(2)</sup>	Data outputs that are suspended by the $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ control	1.8-V CMOS outputs
$\overline{\text{QCS}}$	Data output that will not be suspended by the $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ control	1.8-V CMOS output
QODT	Data output that will not be suspended by the $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ control	1.8-V CMOS output
QCKE	Data output that will not be suspended by the $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ and $\overline{\text{CSR}}$ control	1.8-V CMOS output
NC	No internal connection	
DNU	Do not use – inputs are in standby-equivalent mode, and outputs are driven low.	

- (1) Data inputs = D2, D3, D5, D6, D8–D25 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 0  
 Data inputs = D2, D3, D5, D6, D8–D14 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 1  
 Data inputs = D1–D6, D8–D10, D12, D13 when C0 = 1 and C1 = 1
- (2) Data outputs = Q2, Q3, Q5, Q6, Q8–Q25 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 0  
 Data outputs = Q2, Q3, Q5, Q6, Q8–Q14 when C0 = 0 and C1 = 1  
 Data outputs = Q1–Q6, Q8–Q10, Q12, Q13 when C0 = 1 and C1 = 1

### FUNCTION TABLES

INPUTS						OUTPUT Qn
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	$\overline{\text{DCS}}$	$\overline{\text{CSR}}$	CLK	$\overline{\text{CLK}}$	Dn	
H	L	X	↑	↓	L	L
H	L	X	↑	↓	H	H
H	X	L	↑	↓	L	L
H	X	L	↑	↓	H	H
H	H	H	↑	↓	X	Q <sub>0</sub>
H	X	X	L or H	L or H	X	Q <sub>0</sub>
L	X or floating	X or floating	X or floating	X or floating	X or floating	L

INPUTS				OUTPUTS
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	CLK	$\overline{\text{CLK}}$	DCKE, $\overline{\text{DCS}}$ , DODT	QCKE, $\overline{\text{QCS}}$ , QODT
H	↑	↓	H	H
H	↑	↓	L	L
H	L or H	L or H	X	Q <sub>0</sub>
L	X or floating	X or floating	X or floating	L

# SN74SSTU32864E

## 25-BIT CONFIGURABLE REGISTERED BUFFER WITH SSTL\_18 INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

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### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage range	–0.5	2.5	V
$V_I$	Input voltage range <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	–0.5	2.5	V
$V_O$	Output voltage range <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	–0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$I_{IK}$	Input clamp current	$V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{CC}$		±50 mA
$I_{OK}$	Output clamp current	$V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$		±50 mA
$I_O$	Continuous output current	$V_O = 0$ to $V_{CC}$		±50 mA
	Continuous current through each $V_{CC}$ or GND			±100 mA
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance <sup>(4)</sup>			36 °C/W
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature range	–65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (3) This value is limited to 2.5 V maximum.
- (4) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

### Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	1.7		1.9	V
$V_{REF}$	Reference voltage	$0.49 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.51 \times V_{CC}$	V
$V_I$	Input voltage	0		$V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IH}$	AC high-level input voltage	Data inputs, $\overline{CSR}$		$V_{REF} + 250$ mV	V
$V_{IL}$	AC low-level input voltage	Data inputs, $\overline{CSR}$		$V_{REF} - 250$ mV	V
$V_{IH}$	DC high-level input voltage	Data inputs, $\overline{CSR}$		$V_{REF} + 125$ mV	V
$V_{IL}$	DC low-level input voltage	Data inputs, $\overline{CSR}$		$V_{REF} - 125$ mV	V
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$\overline{RESET}$ , Cn		$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$\overline{RESET}$ , Cn		$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
$V_{ICR}$	Common-mode input voltage range	CLK, $\overline{CLK}$		0.675	1.125 V
$V_{I(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak input voltage	CLK, $\overline{CLK}$		600	mV
$I_{OH}$	High-level output current			–8	mA
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current			8	mA
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature	0		70	°C

- (1) The  $\overline{RESET}$  and Cn inputs of the device must be held at valid logic voltage levels (not floating) to ensure proper device operation. The differential inputs must not be floating unless  $\overline{RESET}$  is low. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

## Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OH</sub>		I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.7 V to 1.9 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2			V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	1.7 V	1.3			
V <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.7 V to 1.9 V	0.2			V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	1.7 V	0.4			
I <sub>I</sub>	All inputs <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	1.9 V	±5			μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Static standby	RESET = GND	1.9 V	100			μA
	Static operating	RESET = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> or V <sub>IL(AC)</sub>		40			mA
I <sub>CCD</sub>	Dynamic operating – clock only	RESET = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> or V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> , CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle	1.8 V	33			μA/MHz
	Dynamic operating – per each data input, 1:1 configuration	RESET = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> or V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> , CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle,		19			μA/clock MHz/D input
	Dynamic operating – per each data input, 1:2 configuration	One data input switching at one-half clock frequency, 50% duty cycle		35			
I <sub>CCDLP</sub>	Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode, clock only	RESET = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> or V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> , CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle	1.8 V	34			μA/MHz
	Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode, 1:1 configuration	RESET = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH(AC)</sub> or V <sub>IL(AC)</sub> , CLK and CLK switching 50% duty cycle,		2			μA/clock MHz/D input
	Chip-select-enabled low-power active mode, 1:2 configuration	One data input switching at one-half clock frequency, 50% duty cycle		2			
C <sub>i</sub>	Data inputs, CSR	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> ± 250 mV	1.8 V	2.5	3	3.5	pF
	CLK, CLK	V <sub>ICR</sub> = 0.9 V, V <sub>I(PP)</sub> = 600 mV		2	3		
	RESET	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.5			

(1) All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

(2) Each V<sub>REF</sub> pin (A3 or T3) should be tested independently, with the other (untested) pin open. Since the two V<sub>REF</sub> pins are connected internally, the total maximum input current on the V<sub>REF</sub> input is doubled (±10 μA).

## Timing Requirements<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency	500		MHz
t <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration, CLK, CLK high or low	1		ns
t <sub>act</sub>	Differential inputs active time <sup>(2)</sup>	10		ns
t <sub>inact</sub>	Differential inputs inactive time <sup>(3)</sup>	15		ns
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	DCS before CLK↑, CLK↓, CSR high; CSR before CLK↑, CLK↓, DCS high		0.6
		DCS before CLK↑, CLK↓, CSR low		0.5
		DODT, DCKE, and Data before CLK↑, CLK↓		0.5
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time	DCS, DODT, DCKE, and Data after CLK↑, CLK↓		0.5

(1) All input slew rates are 1 V/ns ±20%.

(2) V<sub>REF</sub> must be held at a valid input level, and data inputs must be held low for a minimum time of t<sub>act</sub> max after RESET is taken high.

(3) V<sub>REF</sub> data and clock inputs must be held at valid voltage levels (not floating) for a minimum time of t<sub>inact</sub> max after RESET is taken low.

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**Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$ $\pm 0.1\text{ V}$		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	
$f_{max}$			500		MHz
$t_{pdm}^{(1)}$	CLK and $\overline{\text{CLK}}$	Q	1.41	2.15	ns
$t_{pdms}^{(1)}$	CLK and $\overline{\text{CLK}}$	Q	2.35		ns
$t_{RPHL}^{(1)}$	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Q	3		ns

(1) Includes 350-ps test-load transmission-line delay

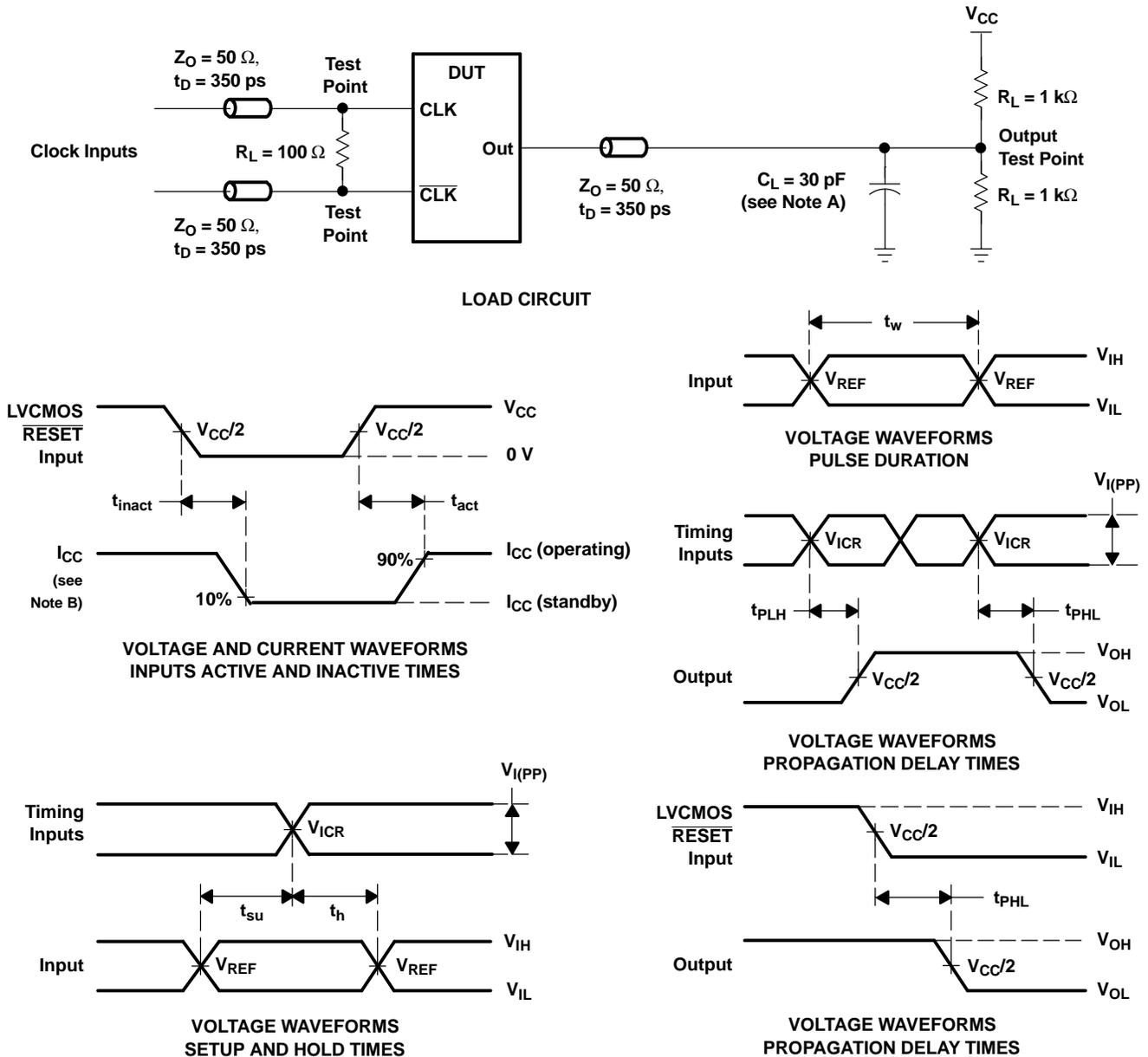
**Output Slew Rates**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$ $\pm 0.1\text{ V}$		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	
$dV/dt_r$	20%	80%	1	4	V/ns
$dV/dt_f$	80%	20%	1	4	V/ns
$dV/dt_{\Delta}^{(1)}$	20% or 80%	80% or 20%	1		V/ns

(1) Difference between  $dV/dt_r$  (rising edge rate) and  $dV/dt_f$  (falling edge rate)

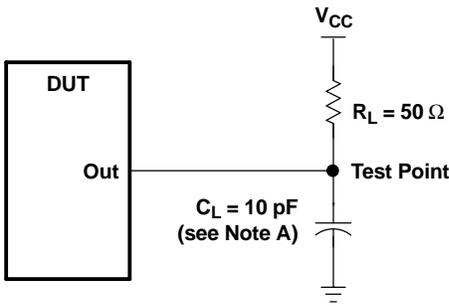
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



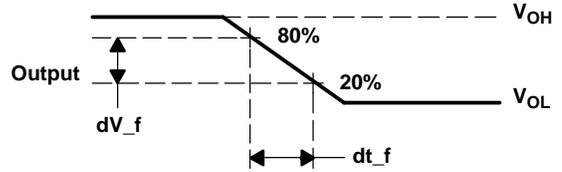
- NOTES:
- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B.  $I_{CC}$  tested with clock and data inputs held at  $V_{CC}$  or GND, and  $I_O = 0$  mA.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10$  MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , input slew rate =  $1$  V/ns  $\pm 20\%$  (unless otherwise noted).
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}/2$
  - F.  $V_{IH} = V_{REF} + 250$  mV (ac voltage levels) for differential inputs.  $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$  for LVC MOS input.
  - G.  $V_{IL} = V_{REF} - 250$  mV (ac voltage levels) for differential inputs.  $V_{IL} = GND$  for LVC MOS input.
  - H.  $V_{I(PP)} = 600$  mV
  - I.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

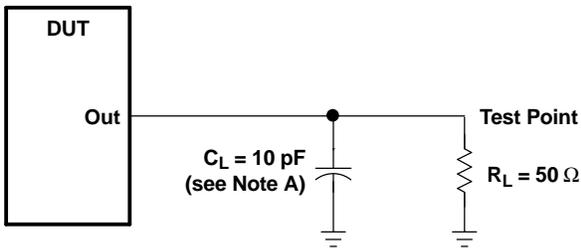
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



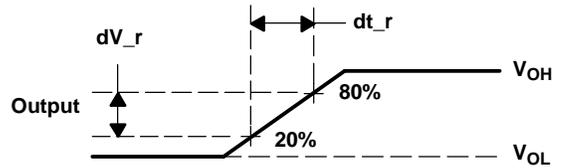
LOAD CIRCUIT  
 HIGH-TO-LOW SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 HIGH-TO-LOW SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT



LOAD CIRCUIT  
 LOW-TO-HIGH SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT

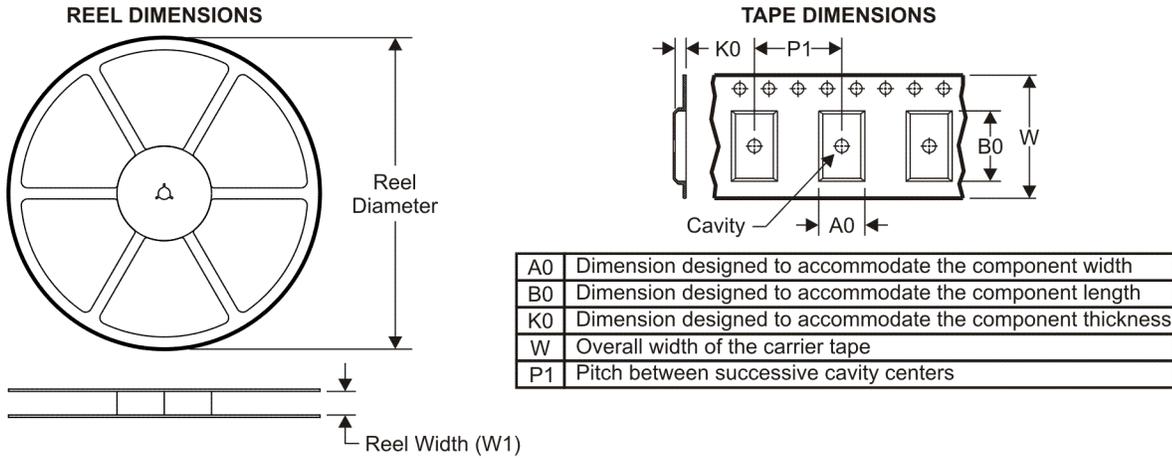


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS  
 LOW-TO-HIGH SLEW-RATE MEASUREMENT

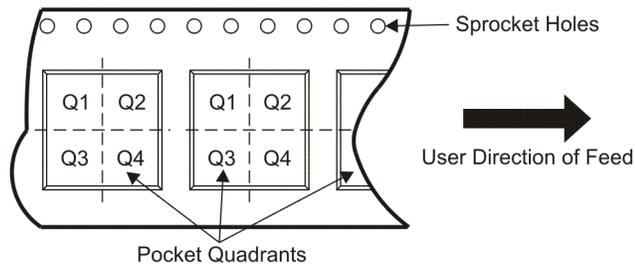
- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  
 $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , input slew rate =  $1 \text{ V/ns} \pm 20\%$  (unless otherwise specified).

Figure 2. Output Slew-Rate Measurement Information

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**



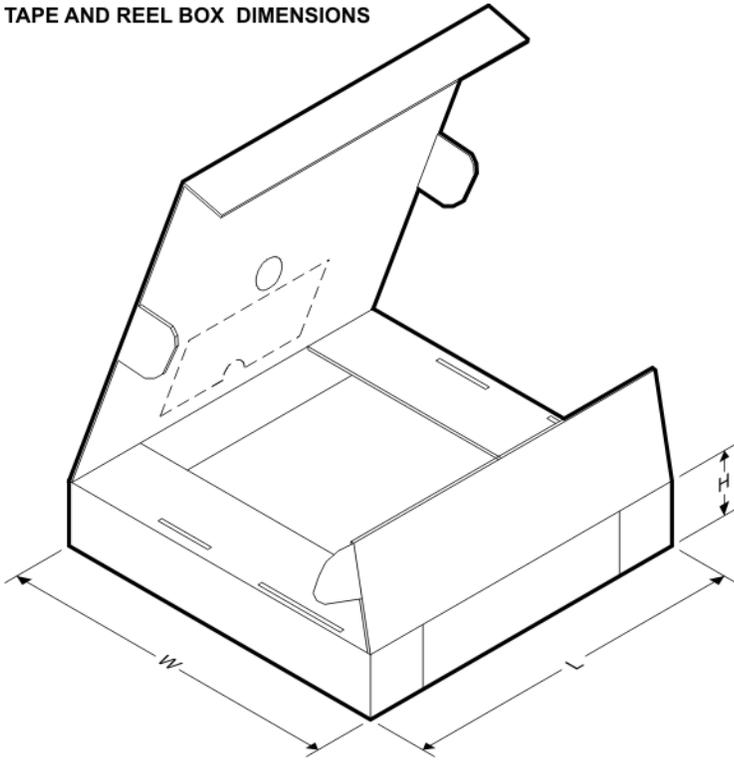
**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74SSTU32864EZKER	LFBGA	ZKE	96	1000	330.0	24.4	5.7	13.7	2.0	8.0	24.0	Q1

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**

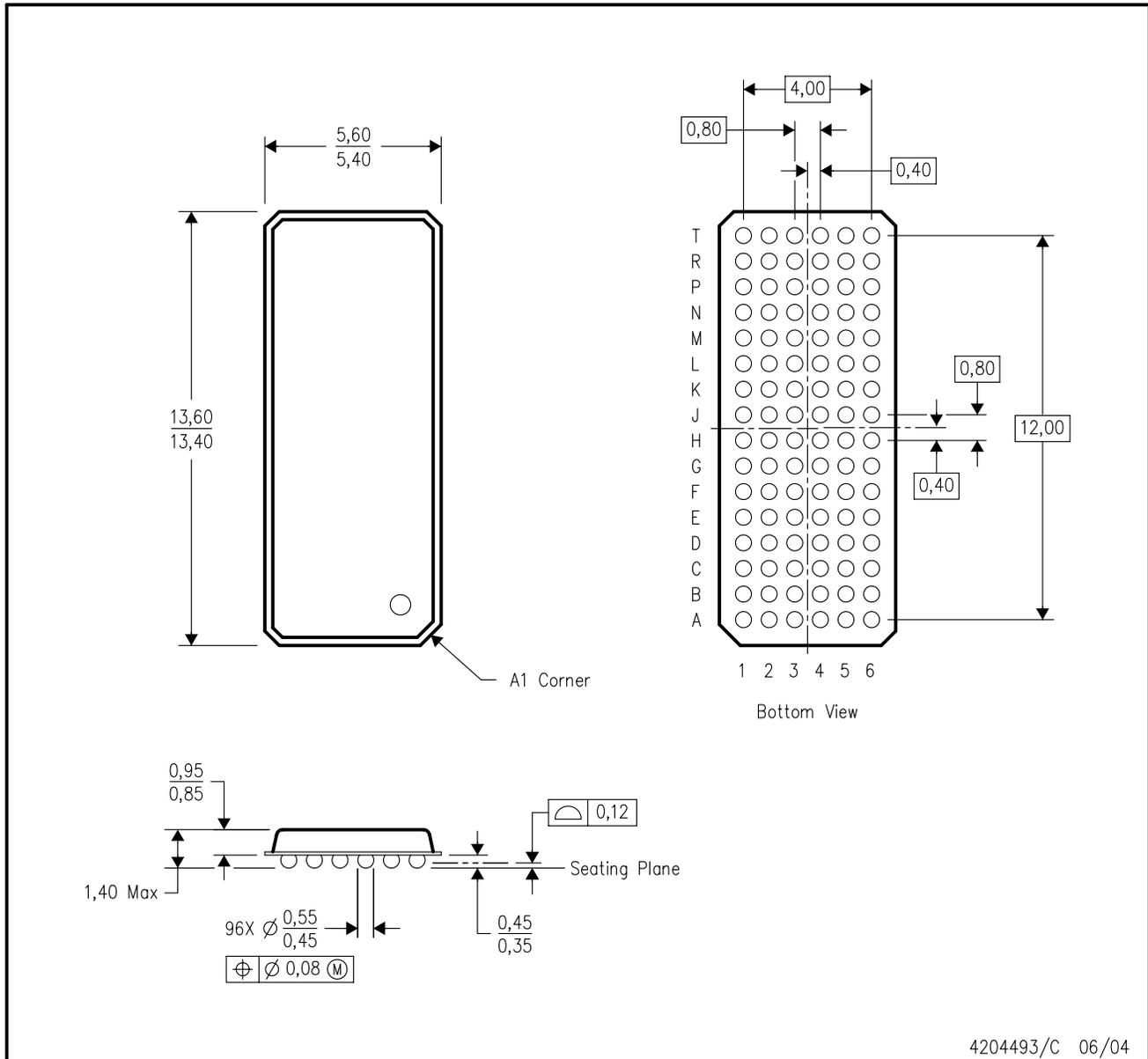


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74SSTU32864EZKER	LFBGA	ZKE	96	1000	346.0	346.0	41.0

ZKE (R-PBGA-N96)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



4204493/C 06/04

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Falls within JEDEC MO-205 variation CC.
  - D. This package is lead-free. Refer to the 96 GKE package (drawing 4188953) for tin-lead (SnPb).

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