

STGIPNS3H60T-H

Datasheet

SLLIMM-nano IPM, 3 A, 600 V, 3-phase inverter IGBT



NSDIP-26L



Product status STGIPNS3H60T-H

Device summary				
Order code STGIPNS3H60T-H				
Marking	GIPNS3H60T-H			
Package	NSDIP-26L			
Packing	Tape and reel			

Features

- IPM 3 A, 600 V, 3-phase inverter IGBT including control ICs for gate driving and freewheeling diodes
- Optimized for low electromagnetic interference
- V_{CE(sat)} negative temperature coefficient
- 3.3 V, 5 V, 15 V CMOS/TTL inputs comparators with hysteresis and pull-down/ pull-up resistors
- Undervoltage lockout
- Internal bootstrap diode
- Interlocking function
- Shutdown function
- Comparator for fault protection against overcurrent
- Op-amp for advanced current sensing
- Optimized pinout for easy board layout
- NTC for temperature control (UL 1434 CA 2 and 4)
- Moisture sensitivity level (MSL) 3 for SMD package

Applications

- 3-phase inverters for motor drives
- Roller shutters, dish washers, refrigerator compressors, airconditioning fans, draining and recirculation pumps

Description

This SLLIMM (small low-loss intelligent molded module) nano provides a compact, high-performance AC motor drive in a simple, rugged design. It is composed of six IGBTs and three half-bridge HVICs for gate driving, providing low electromagnetic interference (EMI) characteristics with optimized switching speed. The package is optimized for thermal performance and compactness in built-in motor applications, or other low power applications where assembly space is limited. This IPM includes an operational amplifier, completely uncommitted, and a comparator that can be used to design a fast and efficient protection circuit. SLLIMM is a trademark of STMicroelectronics.



1 Internal schematic diagram and pin configuration



Figure 1. Internal schematic diagram

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Vboot U (17)

LIN U (16)

Table 1. Pin descripti	ion
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Pin	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	T/SD/ OD	NTC thermistor terminal / shutdown logic input (active low) / open-drain (comparator output)
3	V _{CC} W	Low voltage power supply W phase
4	HIN W	High-side logic input for W phase
5	LIN W	Low-side logic input for W phase
6	OP+	Op-amp non inverting input
7	OP _{OUT}	Op-amp output
8	OP-	Op-amp inverting input
9	V _{CC} V	Low voltage power supply V phase
10	HIN V	High-side logic input for V phase
11	LIN V	Low-side logic input for V phase
12	CIN	Comparator input
13	V_{CC} U	Low voltage power supply for U phase
14	HIN U	High-side logic input for U phase
15	T/ <u>SD</u> /OD	NTC thermistor terminal / shutdown logic input (active low) / open-drain (comparator output)
16	LIN U	Low-side logic input for U phase
17	V_{BOOT} U	Bootstrap voltage for U phase
18	Р	Positive DC input
19	U, OUT _U	U phase output
20	NU	Negative DC input for U phase
21	V _{BOOT} V	Bootstrap voltage for V phase
22	V, OUT _V	V phase output
23	N _V	Negative DC input for V phase
24	V _{BOOT} W	Bootstrap voltage for W phase
25	W, OUT _W	W phase output
26	N _W	Negative DC input for W phase



(*) Dummy pin internally connected to P (positive DC input).

Unit

V

А

А

W

6

9

2 Electrical ratings

Symbol

 $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CES}}$

±lc

 $\pm I_{CP}^{(2)}$

P_{TOT}

2.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 2. Inverter partParameterValueCollector-emitter voltage for each IGBT ($V_{IN}^{(1)}=0 V$)600Continuous collector current each IGBT ($T_C = 25 °C$)3

1. Applied among HIN_i , LIN_i and GND for i = U, V, W

2. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

Pulsed collector current each IGBT (less than 1 ms)

Total power dissipation each IGBT (T_C = 25 °C)

Table 3. Control part

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{OUT}	Output voltage applied among OUT_U , OUT_V , OUT_W - GND	V _{boot} - 21	V _{boot} + 0.3	V
V _{CC}	Low voltage power supply	- 0.3	21	V
V _{CIN}	Comparator input voltage	- 0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{op+}	Op-amp non-inverting input	- 0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{op-}	Op-amp inverting input	- 0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{boot}	Bootstrap voltage	- 0.3	620	V
V _{IN}	Logic input voltage applied among HIN, LIN and GND	- 0.3	15	V
V _{T/SD/OD}	Open-drain voltage	- 0.3	15	V
dv _{out} /dt	Allowed output slew rate		50	V/ns
			1	

Table 4. Total system

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{ISO}	Isolation withstand voltage applied between each pin and heatsink plate (AC voltage, t = 60 s)	1000	Vrms
TJ	Power chips operating junction temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T _C	Module case operation temperature	-40 to 125	°C

2. PL

2.2 Thermal data

Table 5. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
P	Thermal resistance junction-case single IGBT	13.8	°C/W
R _{th(j-c)}	Thermal resistance junction-case single diode	17.4	°C/W
R _{th(j-a)}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient (per module)	24	°C/W

3 Electrical characteristics

3.1 Inverter part

 T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		$V_{CC} = V_{boot} = 15 V,$ $V_{IN}^{(1)} = 0 \text{ to } 5 V, I_{C} = 1 A$	-	2.15	2.6	
V _{CE(sat)}	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CC} = V_{boot} = 15 V,$ $V_{IN}^{(1)} = 0 \text{ to } 5 V, I_C = 1 A,$ $T_J = 125 \text{ °C}$	-	1.65		V
I _{CES}	Collector-cut off current $(V_{IN}^{(1)} = 0$ "logic state")	V _{CE} = 550 V, V _{CC} = 15 V, V _{BS} =15 V	-		250	μA
V _F	Diode forward voltage	$V_{IN}^{(1)} = 0$ "logic state", I _C = 1 A	-		1.7	V

Table 6. Static

1. Applied among HIN_i , LIN_i and GND for i = U, V, W.

Table 7. Inductive load switching time and energy

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{on} ⁽¹⁾	Turn-on time		-	275	-	
t _{c(on)} ⁽¹⁾	Crossover time (on)	V _{DD} = 300 V,	-	90	-	_
t _{off} ⁽¹⁾	Turn-off time	$V_{CC} = V_{boot} = 15 V,$ $V_{IN}^{(2)} = 0 \text{ to } 5 V,$	-	890	-	ns
t _{c(off)} ⁽¹⁾	Crossover time (off)		-	125	-	-
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time	$I_{\rm C} = 1 \text{A}$	-	50	-	
E _{on}	Turn-on switching energy	(see Figure 4. Switching time definition)	-	18	-	
E _{off}	Turn-off switching energy		-	13	-	μJ

1. t_{on} and t_{off} include the propagation delay time of the internal drive. $t_{c(on)}$ and $t_{c(off)}$ are the switching times of IGBT itself under the internally given gate driving condition.

2. Applied among HIN_i , LIN_i and GND for i = U, V, W.





Figure 4. Switching time definition



Figure 4. Switching time definition refers to HIN, LIN inputs (active high).

3.2 Control part

 V_{CC} = 15 V unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{CC_hys}	V _{CC} UV hysteresis		1.2	1.5	1.8	V
$V_{CC_{thON}}$	V _{CC} UV turn-ON threshold		11.5	12	12.5	V
$V_{CC_{thOFF}}$	V _{CC} UV turn-OFF threshold		10	10.5	11	V
I _{qccu}	Undervoltage quiescent supply current	V _{CC} = 15 V, T/ SD /OD = 5 V, LIN = 0 V, HIN = 0 V, CIN = 0 V			150	μA
I _{qcc}	Quiescent current	V _{CC} = 15 V, T/SD/OD = 5 V, LIN = 0 V, HIN = 0 V, CIN = 0 V			1	mA
V _{ref}	Internal comparator (CIN) reference voltage		0.5	0.54	0.58	V

Table 8. Low voltage power supply

Table 9. Bootstrapped voltage

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{BS_hys}	V _{BS} UV hysteresis		1.2	1.5	1.8	V
V _{BS_thON}	V _{BS} UV turn-ON threshold		11.1	11.5	12.1	V
V _{BS_thOFF}	V _{BS} UV turn-OFF threshold		9.8	10	10.6	V
I _{QBSU}	Undervoltage V _{BS} quiescent current	$V_{BS} < 9 V$, T/ \overline{SD} /OD = 5 V, LIN = 0 V and HIN = 5 V, CIN = 0 V		70	110	μA
I _{QBS}	V _{BS} quiescent current	V_{BS} = 15 V, T/ \overline{SD} /OD = 5 V, LIN = 0 V and HIN = 5 V, CIN = 0 V		200	300	μA
R _{DS(on)}	Bootstrap driver on-resistance	LVG ON		120		Ω

Table 10. Logic inputs

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{il}	Low logic level voltage				0.8	V
V _{ih}	High logic level voltage		2.25			V
I _{HINh}	HIN logic "1" input bias current	HIN = 15 V	20	40	100	μA
I _{HINI}	HIN logic "0" input bias current	HIN = 0 V			1	μA
I _{LINI}	LIN logic "0" input bias current	LIN = 0 V			1	μA
I _{LINh}	LIN logic "1" input bias current	LIN = 15 V	20	40	100	μA
I _{SDh}	SD logic "0" input bias current	<u>SD</u> = 15 V	200	350	500	μA
I _{SDI}	SD logic "1" input bias current	<u>SD</u> = 0 V			3	μA
Dt	Dead time	(see Figure 9. Dead time and interlocking waveform definitions)		180		ns

Table 11. Op-amp characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{io}	Input offset voltage	V_{ic} = 0 V, V_o = 7.5 V			6	mV
l _{io}	Input offset current	V _{ic} = 0 V, V _o = 7.5 V		4	40	nA
I _{ib}	Input bias current (1)			100	200	nA
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	R_L = 10 k Ω to V_{CC}		75	150	mV
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	R_L = 10 k Ω to GND	14	14.7		V
1	Output short-circuit current	Source, V_{id} = + 1 V, V_o = 0 V	16	30		mA
Ι _ο		Sink, V_{id} = -1 V, V_o = V_{CC}	50	80		mA
SR	Slew rate	$V_i = 1 - 4 V, C_L = 100 pF,$ unity gain	2.5	3.8		V/µs
GBWP	Gain bandwidth product	V _o = 7.5 V	8	12		MHz
A _{vd}	Large signal voltage gain	R _L = 2 kΩ	70	85		dB
SVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio	vs. V _{CC}	60	75		dB
CMRR	Common mode rejection ratio		55	70		dB

1. The direction of input current is out of the IC.

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _{ib}	Input bias current	V _{CIN} = 1 V			1	μA
V_{od}	Open-drain low level output voltage	I _{od} = 3 mA			0.5	V
R _{ON_OD}	Open-drain low level output	I _{od} = 3 mA		166		Ω
R _{PD_SD}	SD pull-down resistor (1)			125		kΩ
t _{d_comp}	Comparator delay	T/ \overline{SD} /OD pulled to 5 V through 100 k Ω resistor		90	130	ns
SR	Slew rate	C _L = 180 pF; R _{pu} = 5 kΩ		60		V/µs
t _{sd}	Shutdown to high- / low-side driver propagation delay	$V_{OUT} = 0$, $V_{boot} = V_{CC}$, $V_{IN} = 0$ to 3.3 V	50	125	200	
t _{isd}	Comparator triggering to high- / low-side driver turn-off propagation delay	Measured applying a voltage step from 0 V to 3.3 V to pin CIN	50	200	250	ns

Table 12. Sense comparator characteristics

1. Equivalent value derived from the resistances of three drivers in parallel.

Table 13. Truth table

Condition	Logic input (V _I)		Output		
Condition	T/SD/OD	LIN	HIN	LVG	HVG
Shutdown enable half-bridge tri-state	L	X ⁽¹⁾	X ⁽¹⁾	L	L
Interlocking half-bridge tri-state	Н	Н	н	L	L
0 "logic state" half-bridge tri-state	Н	L	L	L	L
1 "logic state" low- side direct driving	Н	Н	L	Н	L
1 "logic state" high- side direct driving	Н	L	Н	L	Н

1. X: don't care.

3.2.1 NTC thermistor

Figure 5. Internal structure of $\overline{\text{SD}}$ and NTC



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 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{PD_SD}}$: equivalent value as result of resistances of three drivers in parallel.

Figure 6. Equivalent resistance (NTC//R_{PD_SD})





Figure 7. Equivalent resistance (NTC//R_{PD_SD}) zoom









3.3 Waveform definitions

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Figure 9. Dead time and interlocking waveform definitions

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4 Shutdown function

The device is equipped with three half-bridge IC gate drivers and integrates a comparator for fault detection. The comparator has an internal voltage reference V_{REF} connected to the inverting input, while the non-inverting input pin (CIN) can be connected to an external shunt resistor for current monitoring.

Since the comparator is embedded in the U IC gate driver, in case of fault it disables directly the U outputs, whereas the shutdown of V and W IC gate drivers depends on the RC value of the external SD circuitry, which fixes the disabling time.

For an effective design of the shutdown circuit, please refer to Application note AN4966.



Figure 10. Shutdown timing waveforms

* R_{NTC} to be considered only when the NTC is internally connected to the T/ $\overline{\text{SD}}/\text{OD}$ pin.

5 Application circuit example

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Figure 11. Application circuit example

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Application designers are free to use a different scheme according to the device specifications.

5.1 Guidelines

- Input signals HIN, LIN are active high logic. A 375 kΩ (typ.) pull-down resistor is built-in for each input. To avoid input signal oscillation, the wiring of each input should be as short as possible, and the use of RC filters (R₁, C₁) on each input signal is suggested. The filters should be with a time constant of about 100 ns and placed as close as possible to the IPM input pins.
- The use of a bypass capacitor C_{VCC} (aluminum or tantalum) can reduce the transient circuit demand on the power supply. Also, to reduce any high-frequency switching noise distributed on the power lines, a decoupling capacitor C₂ (100 to 220 nF, with low ESR and low ESL) should be placed as close as possible to the V_{cc} pin and in parallel with the bypass capacitor.
- The use of an RC filter (R_{SF}, C_{SF}) is recommended to prevent protection circuit malfunction. The time constant (R_{SF} x C_{SF}) should be set to 1 µs and the filter must be placed as close as possible to the C_{IN} pin.
- The \overline{SD} is an input/output pin (open-drain type if it is used as output). A built-in thermistor NTC is internally connected between the \overline{SD} pin and GND. The voltage V_{SD}-GND decreases as the temperature increases, due to the pull-up resistor R_{SD}. In order to keep the voltage always higher than the high-level logic threshold, the pull-up resistor should be set to 1 k Ω or 2.2 k Ω for 3.3 V or 5 V MCU power supply, respectively. The capacitor C_{SD} of the filter on \overline{SD} should be fixed no higher than 3.3 nF in order to assure the \overline{SD} activation time $\tau_A \leq 500$ ns. Besides, the filter should be placed as close as possible to the \overline{SD} pin.
- The decoupling capacitor C₃ (from 100 to 220 nF, ceramic with low ESR and low ESL), in parallel with each C_{boot}, filters high-frequency disturbance. Both C_{boot} and C₃ (if present) should be placed as close as possible to the U, V, W and V_{boot} pins. Bootstrap negative electrodes should be connected to U, V, W terminals directly and separated from the main output wires.
- To avoid overvoltage on the V_{cc} pin, a Zener diode (Dz1) can be used. Similarly on the V_{boot} pin, a Zener diode (Dz2) can be placed in parallel with each C_{boot}.
- The use of the decoupling capacitor C₄ (100 to 220 nF, with low ESR and low ESL) in parallel with the electrolytic capacitor C_{vdc} is useful to prevent surge destruction. Both capacitors C₄ and C_{vdc} should be placed as close as possible to the IPM (C₄ has priority over C_{vdc}).
- By integrating an application-specific type HVIC inside the module, direct coupling to the MCU terminals without an opto-couplers is possible.
- Low-inductance shunt resistors have to be used for phase leg current sensing.
- In order to avoid malfunctions, the wiring on N pins, the shunt resistor and P_{WR_GND} should be as short as possible.
- The connection of SGN_GND to PWR_GND on one point only (close to the shunt resistor terminal) can reduce the impact of power ground fluctuation.

These guidelines ensure the device specifications for application designs. For further details, please refer to the relevant application note.

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{PN}	Supply voltage	Applied among P-Nu, Nv, Nw		300	500	V
V _{CC}	Control supply voltage	Applied to V _{CC} -GND	13.5	15	18	V
V _{BS}	High-side bias voltage	Applied to V_{BOOTx} -OUT for x = U, V, W	13		18	V
t _{dead}	Blanking time to prevent arm-short	For each input signal	1.5			μs
f _{PWM}	PWM input signal	-40 °C < T _C < 100 °C -40 °C < T _J < 125 °C			25	kHz
T _C	Case operation temperature				100	°C

Table 14. Recommended operating conditions

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6 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK is an ST trademark.

6.1 NSDIP-26L package information

Figure 12. NSDIP-26L package outline





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Dim.	mm				
Dim.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
A			3.45		
A1	0.10		0.25		
A2	3.00	3.10	3.20		
A3	1.10	1.30	1.50		
b	0.47		0.57		
b1	0.45	0.50	0.55		
b2	0.63		0.67		
С	0.47		0.57		
c1	0.45	0.50	0.55		
D	29.05	29.15	29.25		
D1	0.70				
D2	0.45				
D3	0.90				
D4			29.65		
E	12.35	12.45	12.55		
E1	16.70	17.00	17.30		
E2	0.35				
е	1.70	1.80	1.90		
e1	2.40	2.50	2.60		
L	1.24	1.39	1.54		
L1	1.00	1.15	1.30		
L2		0.25 BSC			
L3		2.275 REF			
R1	0.25	0.40	0.55		
R2	0.25	0.40	0.55		
S		0.39	0.55		
θ	0°		8°		
Θ1		3° BSC			
θ2	10°	12°	14°		

Table 15. NSDIP-26L package mechanical data





Figure 13. NSDIP-26L recommended footprint (dimensions are in mm)

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Revision history

Table 16. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
19-Apr-2017	1	Initial release
		Datasheet promoted from preliminary data to production data.
	2	Modified features on cover page.
		Modified Figure 2: "Pin layout (top view)", Table 3: "Inverter part",
09-Jan-2018		Table 5: "Total system", Table 6: "Thermal data", Table 9: "Low
03-0411-2010	2	voltage power supply", Table 10: "Bootstrapped voltage", Table 13:
		"Sense comparator characteristics".
		Updated Section 6.1: "NSDIP-26L package information".
		Minor text changes.
	3	Removed maturity status indication from cover page.
		Modified Table 2. Inverter part, Table 3. Control part.
03-Apr-2018		Modified Section 4 Shutdown function.
		Added Table 14. Recommended operating conditions.
		Minor text changes.
	4	Modified features and applications on cover page.
15-Oct-2019		Modified Table 2. Inverter part, Table 5. Thermal data, Table 8. Low voltage power supply, Table 10. Logic inputs, Section 5.1 Guidelines.
		Updated Section 6.1 NSDIP-26L package information.
		Minor text changes.



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