240pin Registered DIMM based on 4Gb Q-die

78FBGA with Lead-Free & Halogen-Free (RoHS compliant)

datasheet

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Revision History

Revision No.	History	Draft Date	Remark	Editor
1.0	- First Spec. Release	Jul. 2013	-	S.H.Kim
1.1	- Added by changing line-up 4GB(1Rx8)	Aug. 2013	-	S.H.Kim

Table Of Contents

1. DDR3 Registered DIMM Ordering Information

Part Number[2]	Density	Organization	Component Composition[1]	Number of Rank	Height
M393B5173QH0-CMA	4GB	512Mx72	512Mx8(K4B4G0846Q-HC##)*9	1	30mm
M393B1G70QH0-CK0/MA	8GB	1Gx72	1Gx4(K4B4G0446Q-HC##)*18	1	30mm
M393B2G70QH0-CK0/MA	16GB	2Gx72	1Gx4(K4B4G0446Q-HC##)*36	2	30mm

NOTE :
1. "##" - K0/MA
2. K0(1600Mbps 11-11-11) / MA(1866Mbps 13-13-13)
   - DDR3-1866(13-13-13) is backward compatible to DDR3-1600(11-11-11)
3. Please contact Samsung for product availability.

2. Key Features

Speed	DDR3-800	DDR3-1066	DDR3-1333	DDR3-1600	DDR3-1866	Unit
	6-6-6	7-7-7	9-9-9	11-11-11	13-13-13	
tCK(min)	2.5	1.875	1.5	1.25	1.071	ns
CAS Latency	6	7	9	11	13	nCK
tRCD(min)	15	13.125	13.5	13.75	13.91	ns
tRP(min)	15	13.125	13.5	13.75	13.91	ns
tRAS(min)	37.5	37.5	36	35	34	ns
tRC(min)	52.5	50.625	49.5	48.75	47.91	ns

- JEDEC standard 1.5V ± 0.075V Power Supply
- V_{DDQ} = 1.5V ± 0.075V
- 400MHz f_{CK} for 800Mb/sec/pin, 533MHz f_{CK} for 1066Mb/sec/pin, 667MHz f_{CK} for 1333Mb/sec/pin, 800MHz f_{CK} for 1600Mb/sec/pin, 933MHz f_{CK} for 1866Mb/sec/pin
- 8 independent internal bank
- Programmable $\overline{CAS}$ Latency: 6,7,8,9,10,11,13
- Programmable Additive Latency(Posted $\overline{CAS}$) : 0, CL - 2, or CL - 1 clock
- Programmable $\overline{CAS}$ Write Latency(CWL) = 5(DDR3-800), 6(DDR3-1066), 7(DDR3-1333), 8(DDR3-1600) and 9(DDR3-1866)
- Burst Length: 8 (Interleave without any limit, sequential with starting address "000" only), 4 with tCCD = 4 which does not allow seamless read or write [either On the fly using A12 or MRS]
- Bi-directional Differential Data Strobe
- On Die Termination using ODT pin
- Average Refresh Period 7.8us at lower then T_{CASE} 85°C, 3.9us at 85°C < $T_{CASE} \le$ 95°C
- Asynchronous Reset

3. Address Configuration

Organization	Row Address	Column Address	Bank Address	Auto Precharge
1Gx4(4Gb) based Module	A0-A15	A0-A9, A11	BA0-BA2	A10/AP
512Mx8(4Gb) based Module	A0-A15	A0-A9	BA0-BA2	A10/AP

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4. Registered DIMM Pin Configurations (Front side/Back side)

Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Front	Pin	Back
1	V_{REFDQ}	121	V_{SS}	42	$\overline{DQS8}$	162	NC,DQS17,$\overline{TDQS17}$	82	DQ33	202	V_{SS}
2	V_{SS}	122	DQ4	43	DQS8	163	V_{SS}	83	V_{SS}	203	DM4,DQS13,$\overline{TDQS13}$
3	DQ0	123	DQ5	44	V_{SS}	164	CB6,NC	84	$\overline{DQS4}$	204	NC,DQS13,$\overline{TDQS13}$
4	DQ1	124	V_{SS}	45	CB2,NC	165	CB7,NC	85	DQS4	205	V_{SS}
5	V_{SS}	125	DM0,DQS9,$\overline{TDQS9}$	46	CB3,NC	166	V_{SS}	86	V_{SS}	206	DQ38
6	$\overline{DQS0}$	126	NC,DQS9,$\overline{TDQS9}$	47	V_{SS}	167	NC(TEST)	87	DQ34	207	DQ39
7	DQS0	127	V_{SS}	48	V_{TT}, NC	168	$\overline{RESET}$	88	DQ35	208	V_{SS}
8	V_{SS}	128	DQ6		KEY			89	V_{SS}	209	DQ44
9	DQ2	129	DQ7	49	V_{TT}, NC	169	CKE1, NC	90	DQ40	210	DQ45
10	DQ3	130	V_{SS}	50	CKE0	170	V_{DD}	91	DQ41	211	V_{SS}
11	V_{SS}	131	DQ12	51	V_{DD}	171	A15	92	V_{SS}	212	DM5,DQS14,$\overline{TDQS14}$
12	DQ8	132	DQ13	52	BA2	172	A14	93	$\overline{DQS5}$	213	NC,DQS14,$\overline{TDQS14}$
13	DQ9	133	V_{SS}	53	$\overline{Err\_Out}$/NC	173	V_{DD}	94	DQS5	214	V_{SS}
14	V_{SS}	134	DM1,DQS10,$\overline{TDQS10}$	54	V_{DD}	174	A12/$\overline{BC}$	95	V_{SS}	215	DQ46
15	$\overline{DQS1}$	135	NC,DQS10,$\overline{TDQS10}$	55	A11	175	A9	96	DQ42	216	DQ47
16	DQS1	136	V_{SS}	56	A7	176	V_{DD}	97	DQ43	217	V_{SS}
17	V_{SS}	137	DQ14	57	V_{DD}	177	A8	98	V_{SS}	218	DQ52
18	DQ10	138	DQ15	58	A5	178	A6	99	DQ48	219	DQ53
19	DQ11	139	V_{SS}	59	A4	179	V_{DD}	100	DQ49	220	V_{SS}
20	V_{SS}	140	DQ20	60	V_{DD}	180	A3	101	V_{SS}	221	DM6,DQS15,$\overline{TDQS15}$
21	DQ16	141	DQ21	61	A2	181	A1	102	$\overline{DQS6}$	222	NC,DQS15,$\overline{TDQS15}$
22	DQ17	142	V_{SS}	62	V_{DD}	182	V_{DD}	103	DQS6	223	V_{SS}
23	V_{SS}	143	DM2,DQS11,$\overline{TDQS11}$	63	NC, CK1	183	V_{DD}	104	V_{SS}	224	DQ54
24	$\overline{DQS2}$	144	NC,DQS11,$\overline{TDQS11}$	64	NC, $\overline{CK1}$	184	CK0	105	DQ50	225	DQ55
25	DQS2	145	V_{SS}	65	V_{DD}	185	$\overline{CK0}$	106	DQ51	226	V_{SS}
26	V_{SS}	146	DQ22	66	V_{DD}	186	V_{DD}	107	V_{SS}	227	DQ60
27	DQ18	147	DQ23	67	V_{REFCA}	187	$\overline{EVENT}$,NC	108	DQ56	228	DQ61
28	DQ19	148	V_{SS}	68	NC/Par_In	188	A0	109	DQ57	229	V_{SS}
29	V_{SS}	149	DQ28	69	V_{DD}	189	V_{DD}	110	V_{SS}	230	DM7,DQS16 $\overline{TDQS16}$
30	DQ24	150	DQ29	70	A10/AP	190	BA1	111	$\overline{DQS7}$	231	DM7,DQS16,$\overline{TDQS16}$
31	DQ25	151	V_{SS}	71	BA0	191	V_{DD}	112	DQS7	232	V_{SS}
32	V_{SS}	152	DM3,DQS12,$\overline{TDQS12}$	72	V_{DD}	192	$\overline{RAS}$	113	V_{SS}	233	DQ62
33	$\overline{DQS3}$	153	NC,DQS12,$\overline{TDQS12}$	73	$\overline{WE}$	193	$\overline{S0}$	114	DQ58	234	DQ63
34	DQS3	154	V_{SS}	74	$\overline{CAS}$	194	V_{DD}	115	DQ59	235	V_{SS}
35	V_{SS}	155	DQ30	75	V_{DD}	195	ODT0	116	V_{SS}	236	V_{DDSPD}
36	DQ26	156	DQ31	76	$\overline{S1}$,NC	196	A13	117	SA0	237	SA1
37	DQ27	157	V_{SS}	77	ODT1,NC	197	V_{DD}	118	SCL	238	SDA
38	V_{SS}	158	CB4,NC	78	V_{DD}	198	$\overline{S3}$,NC	119	SA2	239	V_{SS}
39	CB0,NC	159	CB5,NC	79	$\overline{S2}$,NC	199	V_{SS}	120	V_{TT}	240	V_{TT}
40	CB1,NC	160	V_{SS}	80	V_{SS}	200	DQ36				
41	V_{SS}	161	DM8,DQS17 $\overline{TDQS17}$,NC	81	DQ32	201	DQ37				

NOTE : NC = No internal Connection

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5. Pin Description

Pin Name	Description	Number	Pin Name	Description	Number
CK0	Clock Input, positive line	1	ODT[1:0]	On Die Termination Inputs	2
$\overline{CK0}$	Clock Input, negative line	1	DQ[63:0]	Data Input/Output	64
CKE[1:0]	Clock Enables	2	CB[7:0]	Data check bits Input/Output	8
$\overline{RAS}$	Row Address Strobe	1	DQS[8:0]	Data strobes	9
$\overline{CAS}$	Column Address Strobe	1	$\overline{DQS}$[8:0]	Data strobes, negative line	9
$\overline{WE}$	Write Enable	1	DM[8:0]/ DQS[17:9] TDQS[17:9]	Data Masks/ Data strobes, Termination data strobes	9
$\overline{S}$[3:0]	Chip Selects	4	$\overline{DQS}$[17:9] $\overline{TDQS}$[17:9]	Data strobes, negative line, Termination data strobes	9
A[9:0],A11, A[15:13]	Address Inputs	2\14	RFU	Reserved for Future Use	2
A10/AP	Address Input/Autoprecharge	1	$\overline{EVENT}$	Reserved for optional hardware temperature sensing	1
A12/$\overline{BC}$	Address Input/Burst chop	1	TEST	Memory bus test toll (Not Connected and Not Usable on DIMMs)	1
BA[2:0]	SDRAM Bank Addresses	3	$\overline{RESET}$	Register and SDRAM control pin	1
SCL	Serial Presence Detect (SPD) Clock Input	1	V_{DD}	Power Supply	22
SDA	SPD Data Input/Output	1	V_{SS}	Ground	59
SA[2:0]	SPD Address Inputs	3	V_{REFDQ}	Reference Voltage for DQ	1
Par_In	Parity bit for the Address and Control bus	1	V_{REFCA}	Reference Voltage for CA	1
$\overline{Err\_Out}$	Parity error found on the Address and Control bus	1	V_{TT}	Termination Voltage	4
			V_{DDSPD}	SPD Power	1
				Total	240

NOTE :
*The V_{DD} and V_{DDQ} pins are tied common to a single power-plane on these designs.

6. ON DIMM Thermal Sensor
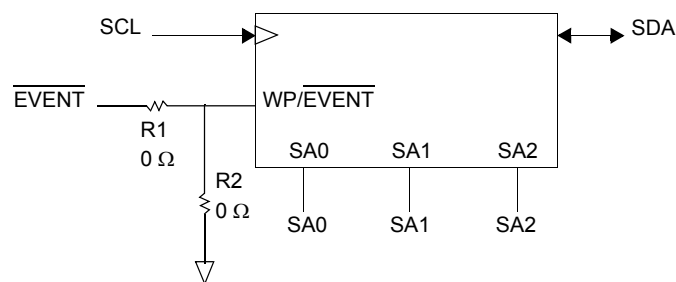
NOTE : 1. All Samsung RDIMM support Thermal sensor on DIMM
2. When the SPD and the thermal sensor are placed on the module, R1 is placed but R2 is not.
When only the SPD is placed on the module, R2 is placed but R1 is not.

[Table 1] Temperature Sensor Characteristics

Grade	Range	Temperature Sensor Accuracy			Units	NOTE
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
B	75 < Ta < 95	-	+/- 0.5	+/- 1.0	°C	-
	40 < Ta < 125	-	+/- 1.0	+/- 2.0		-
	-20 < Ta < 125	-	+/- 2.0	+/- 3.0		-
Resolution		0.25			°C /LSB	-

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7. Input/Output Functional Description

Symbol	Type	Polarity	Function
CK0	Input	Positive Edge	Positive line of the differential pair of system clock inputs that drives input to the on-DIMM Clock Driver.
$\overline{CK0}$	Input	Negative Edge	Negative line of the differential pair of system clock inputs that drives the input to the on-DIMM Clock Driver.
CKE[1:0]	Input	Active High	CKE HIGH activates, and CKE LOW deactivates internal clock signals, and device input buffers and output drivers of the SDRAMs. Taking CKE LOW provides PRECHARGE POWER-DOWN and SELF REFRESH operation (all banks idle), or ACTIVE POWER DOWN (row ACTIVE in any bank)
$\overline{S}$[3:0]	Input	Active Low	Enables the associated SDRAM command decoder when low and disables decoder when high. When decoder is disabled, new commands are ignored and previous operations continue. These input signals also disable all outputs (except CKE and ODT) of the register(s) on the DIMM when both inputs are high. When both S[1:0] are high, all register outputs (except CKE, ODT and Chip select) remain in the previous state. For modules supporting 4 ranks, S[3:2] operate similarly to S[1:0] for a second set of register outputs.
ODT[1:0]	Input	Active High	On-Die Termination control signals
$\overline{RAS}$, $\overline{CAS}$, $\overline{WE}$	Input	Active Low	When sampled at the positive rising edge of the clock, $\overline{CAS}$, $\overline{RAS}$, and $\overline{WE}$ define the operation to be executed by the SDRAM.
V_{REFDQ}	Supply		Reference voltage for DQ0-DQ63 and CB0-CB7
V_{REFCA}	Supply		Reference voltage for A0-A15, BA0-BA2, $\overline{RAS}$, $\overline{CAS}$, $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{S0}$, $\overline{S1}$, CKE0, CKE1, Par_In, ODT0 and ODT1.
BA[2:0]	Input		Selects which SDRAM bank of eight is activated. BA0 - BA2 define to which bank an Active, Read, Write or Precharge command is being applied. Bank address also determines mode register is to be accessed during an MRS cycle.
A[15:13, 12/BC,11, 10/AP,9:0]	Input		Provided the row address for Active commands and the column address and Auto Precharge bit for Read/Write commands to select one location out of the memory array in the respective bank. A10 is sampled during a Precharge command to determine whether the Precharge applies to one bank (A10 LOW) or all banks (A10 HIGH). If only one bank is to be precharged, the bank is selected by BA. A12 is also utilized for BL 4/8 identification for "BL on the fly" during CAS command. The address inputs also provide the op-code during Mode Register Set commands.
DQ[63:0], CB[7:0]	I/O		Data and Check Bit Input/Output pins
DM[8:0]			Active High Masks write data when high, issued concurrently with input data. V_{DD}, V_{SS} Supply Power and ground for the DDR SDRAM input buffers and core logic. V_{TT} Supply Termination Voltage for Address/Command/Control/Clock nets.
DQS[17:0]	I/O		Positive Edge Positive line of the differential data strobe for input and output data.
$\overline{DQS}$[17:0]	I/O		Negative Edge Negative line of the differential data strobe for input and output data.
TDQS[17:9], $\overline{TDQS}$[17:9]	OUT		TDQS/$\overline{TDQS}$ is applicable for X8 DRAMs only. When enabled via Mode Register A11=1 in MR1, DRAM will enable the same termination resistance function on TDQS/$\overline{TDQS}$ that is applied to DQS/$\overline{DQS}$. When disabled via mode register A11=0 in MR1, DM/TDQS will provide the data mask function and TDQS is not used. X4/X16 DRAMs must disable the TDQS function via mode register A11=0 in MR1
SA[2:0]	IN		These signals are tied at the system planar to either V_{SS} or V_{DDSPD} to configure the serial SPD EEPROM address range.
SDA	I/O		This bidirectional pin is used to transfer data into or out of the SPD EEPROM. A resistor must be connected from the SDA bus line to V_{DDSPD} on the system planar to act as a pull-up.
SCL	IN		This signal is used to clock data into and out of the SPD EEPROM. A resistor may be connected from the SCL bus time to V_{DDSPD} on the system planar to act as a pull-up.
$\overline{EVENT}$	OUT (open drain)	Active Low	This signal indicates that a thermal event has been detected in the thermal sensing device.The system should guarantee the electrical level requirement is met for the $\overline{EVENT}$ pin on TS/SPD part.
V_{DDSPD}	Supply		Serial EEPROM positive power supply wired to a separate power pin at the connector which supports from 3.0 Volt to 3.6 Volt (nominal 3.3V) operation.
$\overline{RESET}$	IN		The RESET pin is connected to the RESET pin on the register and to the RESET pin on the DRAM. When low, all register outputs will be driven low and the Clock Driver clocks to the DRAMs and register(s) will be set to low level (the Clock Driver will remain synchronized with the input clock)
Par_In	IN		Parity bit for the Address and Control bus. ("1 " : Odd, "0 ": Even)
$\overline{Err\_Out}$	OUT (open drain)		Parity error detected on the Address and Control bus. A resistor may be connected from $\overline{Err\_Out}$ bus line to V_{DD} on the system planar to act as a pull up.
TEST			Used by memory bus analysis tools (unused (NC) on memory DIMMs)

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8. Pinout Comparison Based On Module Type

$\overline{\text{Pin}}$	RDIMM		UDIMM	
	Signal	NOTE	Signal	NOTE
48, 49	V_{TT}	Additional connection for Termination Voltage for Address/Command/Control/Clock nets.	NC	Not used on UDIMMs
120, 240	V_{TT}	Termination Voltage for Address/Command/Control/Clock nets.	V_{TT}	Termination Voltage for Address/Command/Control/Clock nets.
53	Err_$\overline{\text{Out}}$	Connected to the register on all RDIMMs NC Not used on UDIMMs	NC	NC Not used on UDIMMs
63	NC	Not used on RDIMMs	CK1	Used for 2 rank UDIMMs, not used on single-rank UDIMMs, but terminated
64	NC		$\overline{\text{CK1}}$	
68	Par_In	Connected to the register on all RDIMMs	NC	Not used on RDIMMs
76	$\overline{S}$1	Connected to the register on all RDIMMs	$\overline{S}$1	Used for dual-rank UDIMMs, not connected on single-rank UDIMMs
77	ODT1, NC	Connected to the register on dual- and quadrank RDIMMs; NC on single-rank RDIMMs	ODT1,NC	Used for dual-rank UDIMMs, not connected on single-rank UDIMMs
79	$\overline{S}$2, NC	Connected to the register on quad-rank RDIMMs, not connected on single or dual rank RDIMMs	NC	Not used on UDIMMs
167	NC	TEST input used only on bus analysis probes	NC	TEST input used only on bus analysis probes
169	CKE1	Connected to the register on dual- and quadrank RDIMMs; NC on single-rank RDIMMs	CKE1, NC	Used for dual-rank UDIMMs, not connected on single-rank UDIMMs
171	A15	Connected to the register on all RDIMMs	A15, NC	Depending on device density, may not be connected to SDRAMs on UDIMMs. However, these signals are terminated on UDIMMs. A15 not routed on some RCs
172	A14		A14	
196	A13		A13	
198	$\overline{S}$3, NC	Connected to the register on quad-rank RDIMMs, not connected on single-or dual-rank RDIMMs	NC	Not used on UDIMMs
39, 40, 45, 46, 158, 159, 164, 165	CBn	Used on all RDIMMs; (n = 0...7)	NC, CBn	Used on x72 UDIMMs, (n = 0...7); not used on x64 UDIMMs
125, 134, 143, 152, 161, 203, 212, 221, 230	DQSn, TDQSn	Connected to DQS on x4 SDRAMs, TDQS on x8 SDRAMs on RDIMMs; (n = 9...17)	DMn	Connected to DM on x8 DRAMs, UDM or LDM on x16 DRAMs on UDIMMs; (n = 0...8)
126, 135, 144, 153, 162, 204, 213, 222, 231	$\overline{\text{DQS}}$n, $\overline{\text{TDQS}}$n	Connected to $\overline{\text{DQS}}$ on x4 DRAMs, $\overline{\text{TDQS}}$ on x8 SDRAMs on RDIMMs; (n=9...17)	NC	Not used on UDIMMs
187	$\overline{\text{EVENT}}$ NC	Connected to optional thermal sensing component. NC on Modules without a thermal sensing component.	NC	Not used on UDIMMs

NOTE : NC = No internal Connection

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# 9. Registering Clock Driver Specification

9.1 Timing & Capacitance values

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T_C = TBD V_{DD} = 1.5 $\pm$ 0.075V		Units	Notes
			Min	Max		
fclock	Input Clock Frequency	application frequency	300	670	MHz	
t_{CH}/t_{CL}	Pulse duration, CK, $\overline{CK}$ HIGH or LOW		0.4	-	t_{CK}	
t_{ACT}	Inputs active time4 before RESET is taken HIGH	DCKE0/1 = LOW and DCS0/1 = HIGH	8	-	t_{CK}	
t_{SU}	Setup time	Input valid before CK/$\overline{CK}$	100	-	ps	
t_H	Hold time	Input to remain Valid after CK/$\overline{CK}$	175	-		
t_{PDM}	Propagation delay, single-bit switching	CK/$\overline{CK}$ to output	0.65	1.0	ns	
t_{DIS}	output disable time(1/2-Clock pre-launch)	CK/$\overline{CK}$ to output float	0.5	-	t_{CK}	
	output disable time(3/4-Clock pre-launch)		0.25	-		
t_{EN}	output enable time(1/2-Clock pre-launch)	CK/$\overline{CK}$ to output driving	-	0.5	t_{CK}	
	output enable time(3/4-Clock pre-launch)		-	0.25		
C_{IN}(DATA)	Data Input Capacitance		1.5	2.5	pF	
C_{IN}(CLOCK)	Data Input Capacitance		2	3		
C_{IN}(RST)	Reset Input Capacitance		-	3		

9.2 Clock driver Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T_C = TBD V_{DD} = 1.5 $\pm$ 0.075V		Units	Notes
			Min	Max		
t_{jit} (cc)	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter		0	40	ps	
t_{STAB}	Stabilization time		-	6	us	
t_{fdyn}	Dynamic phase offset		-50	50	ps	
t_{CKsk}	Clock Output skew			50	ps	
t_{jit}(per)	Yn Clock Period jitter		-40	40	ps	
t_{jit}(hper)	Half period jitter		-50	50	ps	
t_{Qsk1}	Qn Output to clock tolerance (Standard 1/2 -Clock Pre-Launch)	Output Inversion enabled	-100	200	ps	
		OUtput Inversion disabled	-100	300		
t_{Qsk1}	Output clock tolerance (3/4 Clock Pre-Launch)	Output Inversion enabled	-100	200	ps	
		OUtput Inversion disabled	-100	300		
t_{dynoff}	Maximum re-driven dynamic clock off-set		-80	80	ps	

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10. Function Block Diagram:

10.1 4GB, 512Mx72 Module (Populated as 1 rank of x8 DDR3 SDRAMs)
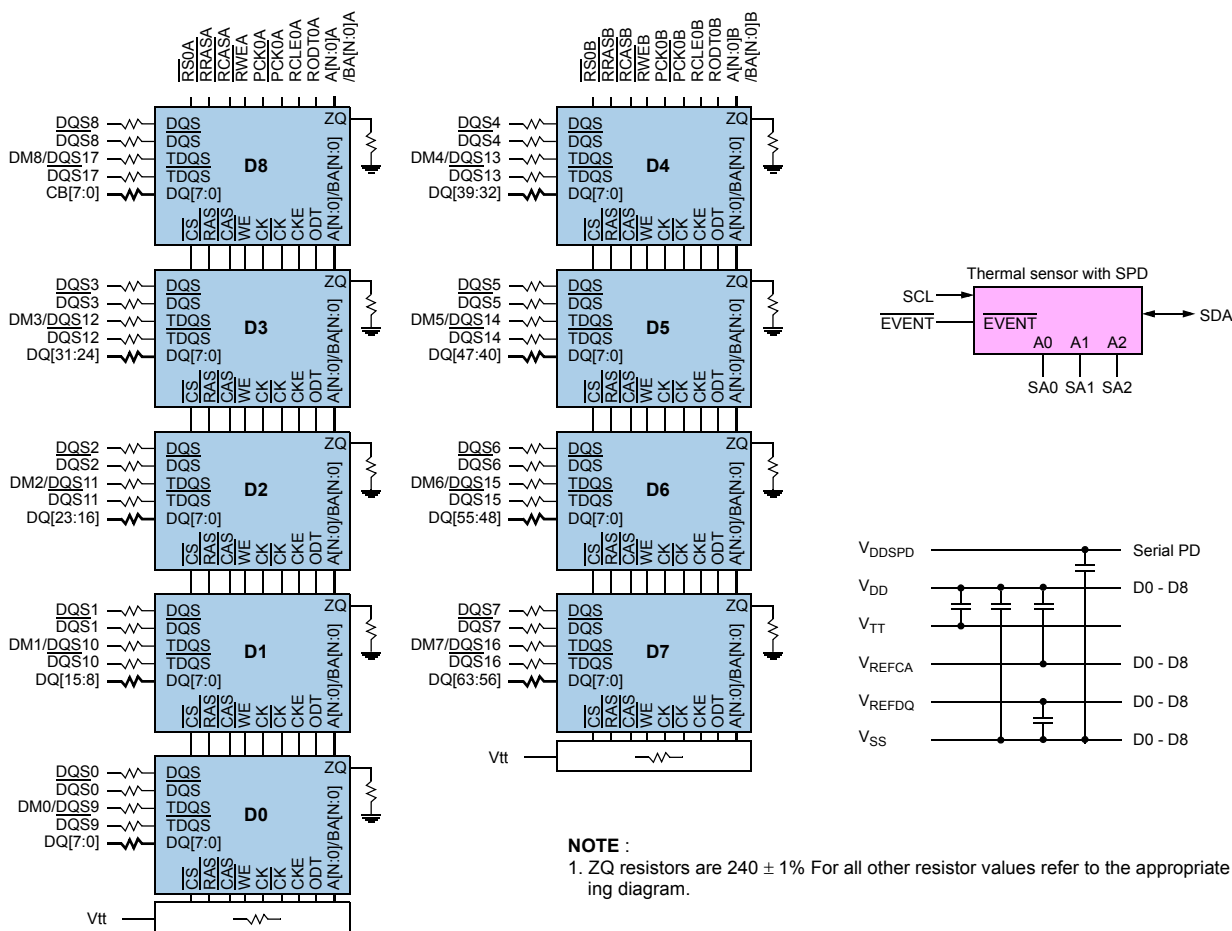
NOTE :
1. ZQ resistors are 240 ± 1% For all other resistor values refer to the appropriate wiring diagram.

RS0A-> CS0 : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
RS0B-> CS0 : SDRAMs D[7:4]
RBA[N:0]A -> BA[N:0] : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
RBA[N:0]B -> BA[N:0] : SDRAMs D[7:4]
RA[N:0]A -> A[N:0] : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
RA[N:0]B -> A[N:0] : SDRAMs D[7:4]
RRASA -> RAS : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
RRASB -> RAS : SDRAMs D[7:4]
RCASA -> CAS : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
RCASB -> CAS : SDRAMs D[7:4]
RWEA -> WE : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
RWEB -> WE : SDRAMs D[7:4]
RCKE0A -> CKE0 : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
RCKE0B -> CKE0 : SDRAMs D[7:4]
RODT0A -> ODT0 : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
RODT0B -> ODT0 : SDRAMs D[7:4]
PCK0A -> CK : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
PCK0A -> CK : SDRAMs D[7:4]
PCK0A -> CK : SDRAMs D[3:0], D8
PCK0A -> CK : SDRAMs D[7:4]
Err_out
RST** : SDRAMs D[8:0]

*S[3:2], CKE1, ODT1, CK1 and CK1 are NC
(Unused register inputs ODT1 and CKE1 have a 330 ohm resistor to ground)

10.2 8GB, 1Gx72 Module (Populated as 1 rank of x4 DDR3 SDRAMs)
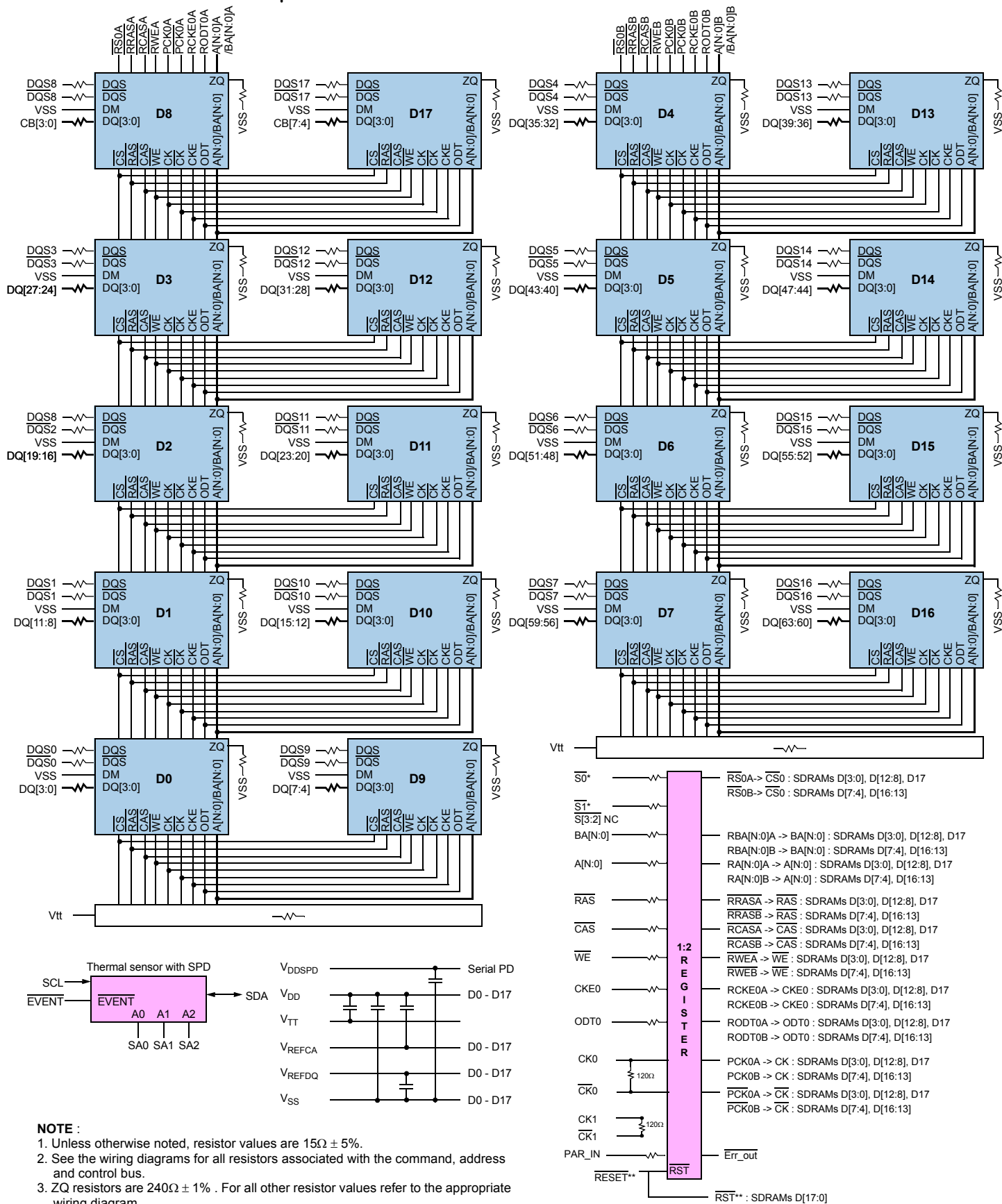
NOTE :
1. Unless otherwise noted, resistor values are 15Ω ± 5%.
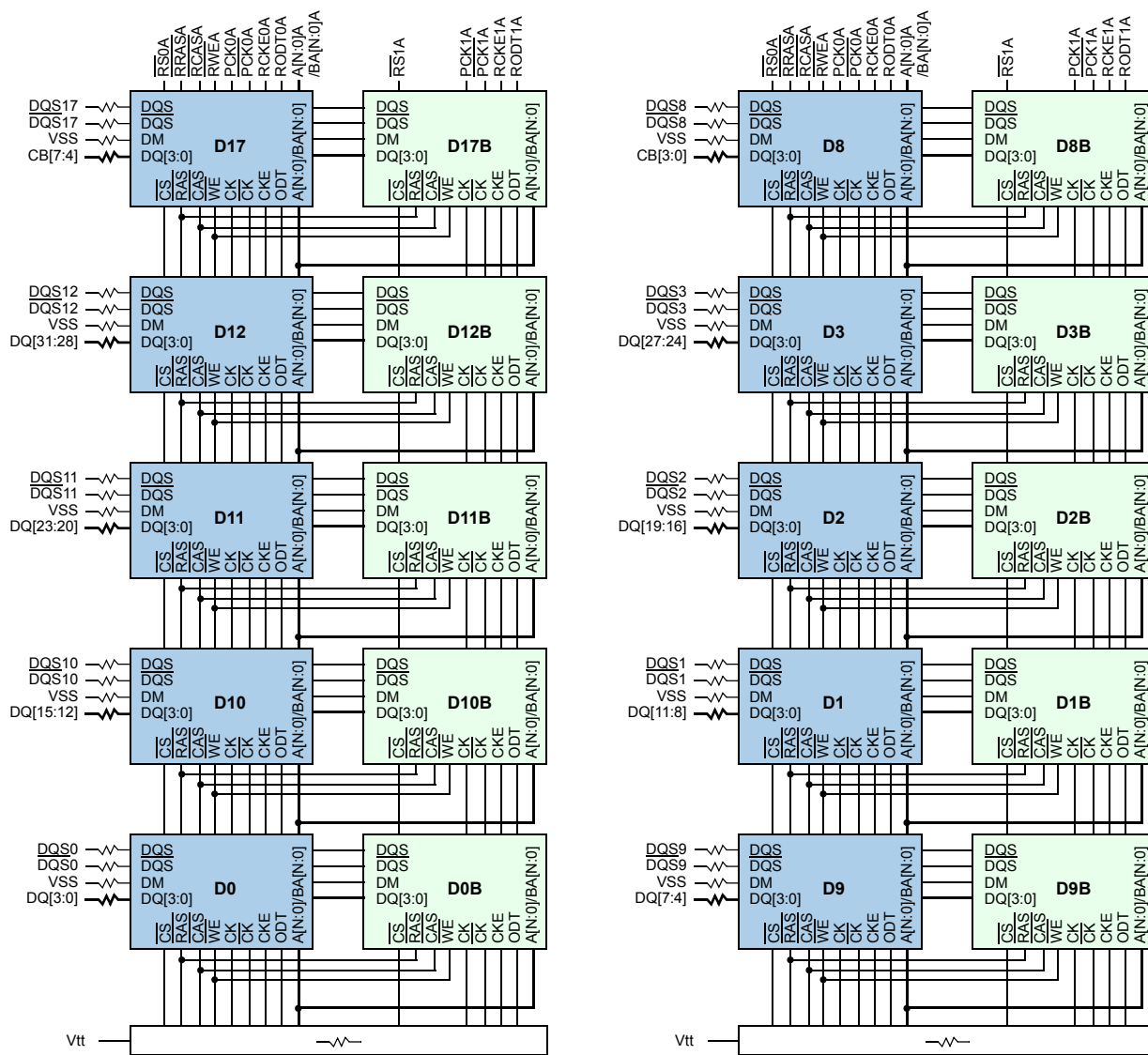2. See the wiring diagrams for all resistors associated with the command, address and control bus.
3. ZQ resistors are 240Ω ± 1% . For all other resistor values refer to the appropriate wiring diagram.

Thermal sensor with SPD

SCL
EVENT
EVENT
A0 A1 A2
SA0 SA1 SA2

V_DDSPD — Serial PD
V_DD — D0 - D17
V_TT
V_REFCA — D0 - D17
V_REFDQ — D0 - D17
V_SS — D0 - D17
SDA

S0*   RS0A-> CS0 : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             RS0B-> CS0 : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
S1*
S[3:2] NC
BA[N:0]   RBA[N:0]A -> BA[N:0] : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             RBA[N:0]B -> BA[N:0] : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
A[N:0]   RA[N:0]A -> A[N:0] : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             RA[N:0]B -> A[N:0] : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
RAS   RRASA -> RAS : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             RRASB -> RAS : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
CAS   RCASA -> CAS : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             RCASB -> CAS : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
WE   RWEA -> WE : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             RWEB -> WE : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
CKE0   RCKE0A -> CKE0 : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             RCKE0B -> CKE0 : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
ODT0   RODT0A -> ODT0 : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             RODT0B -> ODT0 : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
CK0   PCK0A -> CK : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
CK0   PCK0B -> CK : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
             PCK0A -> CK : SDRAMs D[3:0], D[12:8], D17
             PCK0B -> CK : SDRAMs D[7:4], D[16:13]
CK1 120Ω
CK1
PAR_IN   Err_out
RESET** RST
             RST** : SDRAMs D[17:0]

1:2 REGISTER

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10.3 16GB, 2Gx72 Module (Populated as 2 ranks of x4 DDR3 SDRAMs)

NOTE:
1. See wiring diagrams for resistor values.
2. ZQ pins of each SDRAM are connected to individual RZQ resistors (240 +/-1%)ohms...

11. Absolute Maximum Ratings

11.1 Absolute Maximum DC Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Units	NOTE
V_{DD}	Voltage on V_{DD} pin relative to V_{SS}	-0.4 V ~ 1.975 V	V	1,3
V_{DDQ}	Voltage on V_{DDQ} pin relative to V_{SS}	-0.4 V ~ 1.975 V	V	1,3
V_{IN}, V_{OUT}	Voltage on any pin relative to V_{SS}	-0.4 V ~ 1.975 V	V	1
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +100	°C	1, 2

NOTE :
1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
2. Storage Temperature is the case surface temperature on the center/top side of the DRAM. For the measurement conditions, please refer to JESD51-2 standard.
3. V_{DD} and V_{DDQ} must be within 300mV of each other at all times; and V_{REF} must be not greater than 0.6 x V_{DDQ}, When V_{DD} and V_{DDQ} are less than 500mV; V_{REF} may be equal to or less than 300mV.

11.2 DRAM Component Operating Temperature Range

Symbol	Parameter	rating	Unit	NOTE
T_{OPER}	Operating Temperature Range	0 to 95	°C	1, 2, 3

NOTE :
1. Operating Temperature T_{OPER} is the case surface temperature on the center/top side of the DRAM. For measurement conditions, please refer to the JEDEC document JESD51-2.
2. The Normal Temperature Range specifies the temperatures where all DRAM specifications will be supported. During operation, the DRAM case temperature must be maintained between 0-85°C under all operating conditions
3. Some applications require operation of the Extended Temperature Range between 85°C and 95°C case temperature. Full specifications are guaranteed in this range, but the following additional conditions apply:
    a) Refresh commands must be doubled in frequency, therefore reducing the refresh interval tREFI to 3.9us.
    b) If Self-Refresh operation is required in the Extended Temperature Range, then it is mandatory to either use the Manual Self-Refresh mode with Extended Temperature Range capability (MR2 A6 = 0b and MR2 A7 = 1b), in this case IDD6 current can be increased around 10~20% than normal Temperature range.

12. AC & DC Operating Conditions

12.1 Recommended DC Operating Conditions (SSTL-15)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating			Units	NOTE
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	1.425	1.5	1.575	V	1,2
V_{DDQ}	Supply Voltage for Output	1.425	1.5	1.575	V	1,2

NOTE:
1. Under all conditions V_{DDQ} must be less than or equal to V_{DD}.
2. V_{DDQ} tracks with V_{DD}. AC parameters are measured with V_{DD} and V_{DDQ} tied together.

13. AC & DC Input Measurement Levels

13.1 AC & DC Logic Input Levels for Single-ended Signals

[Table 2] Single-ended AC & DC input levels for Command and Address

Symbol	Parameter	DDR3-800/1066/1333/1600		DDR3-1866		Unit	NOTE
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
$V_{IH.CA}$(DC100)	DC input logic high	V_{REF} + 100	V_{DD}	V_{REF} + 100	V_{DD}	mV	1,5
$V_{IL.CA}$(DC100)	DC input logic low	V_{SS}	V_{REF} - 100	V_{SS}	V_{REF} - 100	mV	1,6
$V_{IH.CA}$(AC175)	AC input logic high	V_{REF} + 175	Note 2	-	-	mV	1,2,7
$V_{IL.CA}$(AC175)	AC input logic low	Note 2	V_{REF} - 175	-	-	mV	1,2,8
$V_{IH.CA}$(AC150)	AC input logic high	V_{REF}+150	Note 2	-	-	mV	1,2,7
$V_{IL.CA}$(AC150)	AC input logic low	Note 2	V_{REF}-150	-	-	mV	1,2,8
$V_{IH.CA}$(AC135)	AC input logic high	-	-	V_{REF} + 135	Note 2	mV	1,2,7
$V_{IL.CA}$(AC135)	AC input logic low	-	-	Note 2	V_{REF} - 135	mV	1,2,8
$V_{IH.CA}$(AC125)	AC input logic high	-	-	V_{REF}+125	Note 2	mV	1,2,7
$V_{IL.CA}$(AC125)	AC input logic low	-	-	Note 2	V_{REF}-125	mV	1,2,8
V_{REFCA}(DC)	Reference Voltage for ADD, CMD inputs	$0.49*V_{DD}$	$0.51*V_{DD}$	$0.49*V_{DD}$	$0.51*V_{DD}$	V	3,4,9

NOTE :
1. For input only pins except $\overline{RESET}$, V_{REF} = V_{REFCA}(DC)
2. See 'Overshoot/Undershoot Specification' on Component Datasheet.
3. The AC peak noise on V_{REF} may not allow V_{REF} to deviate from V_{REF}(DC) by more than ± 1% V_{DD} (for reference : approx. ± 15mV)
4. For reference : approx. V_{DD}/2 ± 15mV
5. V_{IH}(dc) is used as a simplified symbol for $V_{IH.CA}$(DC100)
6. V_{IL}(dc) is used as a simplified symbol for $V_{IL.CA}$(DC100)
7. V_{IH}(ac) is used as a simplified symbol for $V_{IH.CA}$(AC175), $V_{IH.CA}$(AC150), $V_{IH.CA}$(AC135) and $V_{IH.CA}$(AC125); $V_{IH.CA}$(AC175) value is used when V_{REF} + 175mV is referenced
   , $V_{IH.CA}$(AC150) value is used when VREF + 150mV is referenced, $V_{IH.CA}$(AC135) value is used when VREF + 135mV is referenced and $V_{IH.CA}$(AC125) value is used when VREF + 125mV is referenced.
8. V_{IL}(ac) is used as a simplified symbol for $V_{IL.CA}$(AC175) and $V_{IL.CA}$(AC150), $V_{IL.CA}$(AC135) and $V_{IL.CA}$(AC125); $V_{IL.CA}$(AC175) value is used when V_{REF} - 175mV is refer-enced, $V_{IL.CA}$(AC150) value is used when V_{REF} - 150mV is referenced, $V_{IL.CA}$(AC135) value is used when V_{REF} - 135mV is referenced and $V_{IL.CA}$(AC125) value is used when V_{REF} - 125mV is referenced.
9. VrefCA(DC) is measured relative to VDD at the same point in time on the same device

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[Table 3] Single-ended AC & DC input levels for DQ and DM

Symbol	Parameter	DDR3-800/1066		DDR3-1333/1600		DDR3-1866		Unit	NOTE
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
$V_{IH.DQ}$(DC100)	DC input logic high	V_{REF} + 100	V_{DD}	V_{REF} + 100	V_{DD}	V_{REF} + 100	V_{DD}	mV	1,5
$V_{IL.DQ}$(DC100)	DC input logic low	V_{SS}	V_{REF} - 100	V_{SS}	V_{REF} - 100	V_{SS}	V_{REF} - 100	mV	1,6
$V_{IH.DQ}$(AC175)	AC input logic high	V_{REF} + 175	NOTE 2	-	-	-	-	mV	1,2,7
$V_{IL.DQ}$(AC175)	AC input logic low	NOTE 2	V_{REF} - 175	-	-	-	-	mV	1,2,8
$V_{IH.DQ}$(AC150)	AC input logic high	V_{REF} + 150	NOTE 2	V_{REF} + 150	NOTE 2	-	-	mV	1,2,7
$V_{IL.DQ}$(AC150)	AC input logic low	NOTE 2	V_{REF} - 150	NOTE 2	V_{REF} - 150	-	-	mV	1,2,8
$V_{IH.DQ}$(AC135)	AC input logic high	V_{REF} + 135	NOTE 2	V_{REF} + 135	NOTE 2	V_{REF} + 135	NOTE 2	mV	1,2,7,10
$V_{IL.DQ}$(AC135)	AC input logic low	NOTE 2	V_{REF} - 135	NOTE 2	V_{REF} - 135	NOTE 2	V_{REF} - 135	mV	1,2,8,10
V_{REFDQ}(DC)	Reference Voltage for DQ, DM inputs	$0.49*V_{DD}$	$0.51*V_{DD}$	$0.49*V_{DD}$	$0.51*V_{DD}$	$0.49*V_{DD}$	$0.51*V_{DD}$	V	3,4,9

NOTE :

1. For input only pins except $\overline{RESET}$, V_{REF} = V_{REFDQ}(DC).
2. See 'Overshoot/Undershoot Specification' on Component Datasheet.
3. The AC peak noise on V_{REF} may not allow V_{REF} to deviate from V_{REF}(DC) by more than ± 1% V_{DD} (for reference : approx. ± 15mV)
4. For reference : approx. V_{DD}/2 ± 15mV
5. V_{IH}(dc) is used as a simplified symbol for $V_{IH.DQ}$(DC100)
6. V_{IL}(dc) is used as a simplified symbol for $V_{IL.DQ}$(DC100)
7. V_{IH}(ac) is used as a simplified symbol for $V_{IH.DQ}$(AC175), $V_{IH.DQ}$(AC150) and $V_{IH.DQ}$(AC135) ; $V_{IH.DQ}$(AC175) value is used when V_{REF} + 175mV is referenced, $V_{IH.DQ}$(AC150) value is used when V_{REF} + 150mV is referenced.
8. V_{IL}(ac) is used as a simplified symbol for $V_{IL.DQ}$(AC175), $V_{IL.DQ}$(AC150) ; $V_{IL.DQ}$(AC175) value is used when V_{REF} - 175mV is referenced, $V_{IL.DQ}$(AC150) value is used when V_{REF} - 150mV is referenced.
9. VrefCA(DC) is measured relative to VDD at the same point in time on the same device
10. Optional in DDR3 SDRAM for DDR3-800/1066/1333/1600: Users should refer to the DRAM supplier data sheetand/or the DIMM SPDto determine if DDR3 SDRAM devices support this option.

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13.2 V_{REF} Tolerances.

The dc-tolerance limits and ac-noise limits for the reference voltages V_{REFCA} and V_{REFDQ} are illustrate in Figure 1. It shows a valid reference voltage $V_{REF}(t)$ as a function of time. (V_{REF} stands for V_{REFCA} and V_{REFDQ} likewise).
$V_{REF}(DC)$ is the linear average of $V_{REF}(t)$ over a very long period of time (e.g. 1 sec). This average has to meet the min/max requirements of V_{REF}. Furthermore $V_{REF}(t)$ may temporarily deviate from $V_{REF}(DC)$ by no more than ± 1% V_{DD}.
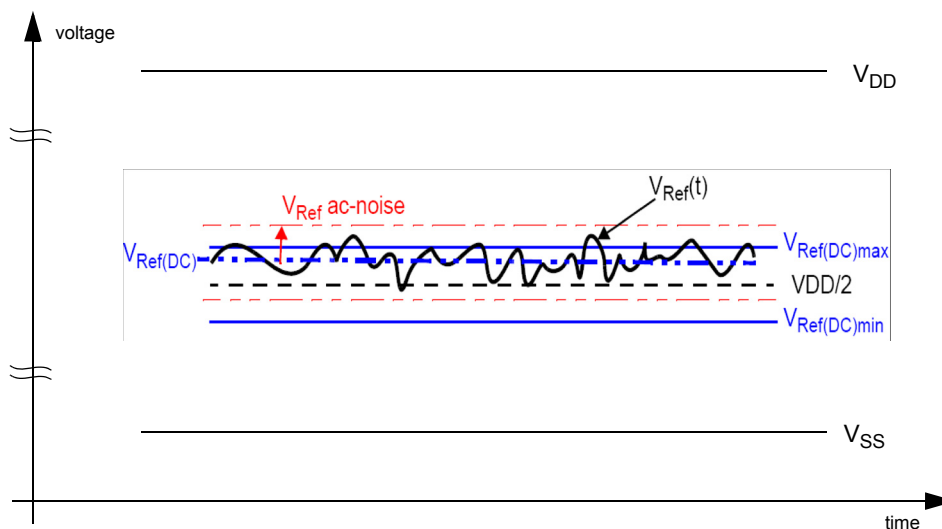

Figure 1. Illustration of VREF(DC) tolerance and VREF ac-noise limits

The voltage levels for setup and hold time measurements $V_{IH}(AC)$, $V_{IH}(DC)$, $V_{IL}(AC)$ and $V_{IL}(DC)$ are dependent on V_{REF}.

"V_{REF}" shall be understood as $V_{REF}(DC)$, as defined in Figure 1.

This clarifies, that dc-variations of V_{REF} affect the absolute voltage a signal has to reach to achieve a valid high or low level and therefore the time to which setup and hold is measured. System timing and voltage budgets need to account for $V_{REF}(DC)$ deviations from the optimum position within the data-eye of the input signals.

This also clarifies that the DRAM setup/hold specification and derating values need to include time and voltage associated with V_{REF} ac-noise.
Timing and voltage effects due to ac-noise on V_{REF} up to the specified limit (+/-1% of V_{DD}) are included in DRAM timings and their associated deratings.

13.3 AC and DC Logic Input Levels for Differential Signals
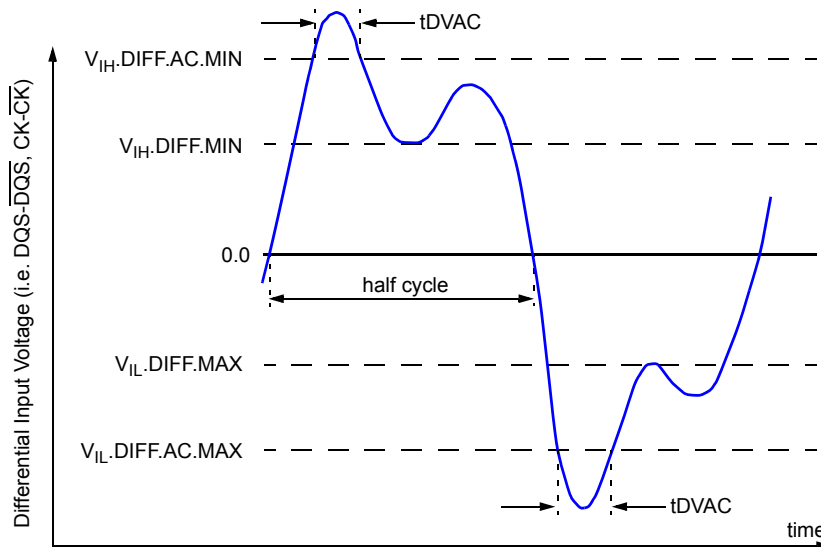
13.3.1 Differential Signals Definition

Figure 2. Definition of differential ac-swing and "time above ac level" tDVAC

13.3.2 Differential Swing Requirement for Clock (CK - $\overline{CK}$) and Strobe (DQS - $\overline{DQS}$)

Symbol	Parameter	DDR3-800/1066/1333/1600/1866		unit	NOTE
		min	max		
V_{IHdiff}	differential input high	+0.2	NOTE 3	V	1
V_{ILdiff}	differential input low	NOTE 3	-0.2	V	1
$V_{IHdiff}(AC)$	differential input high ac	2 x ($V_{IH}(AC)$ - V_{REF})	NOTE 3	V	2
$V_{ILdiff}(AC)$	differential input low ac	NOTE 3	2 x ($V_{IL}(AC)$ - V_{REF})	V	2

NOTE :
1. Used to define a differential signal slew-rate.
2. for CK - $\overline{CK}$ use $V_{IH}/V_{IL}(AC)$ of ADD/CMD and V_{REFCA}; for DQS - $\overline{DQS}$ use $V_{IH}/V_{IL}(AC)$ of DQs and V_{REFDQ}; if a reduced ac-high or ac-low level is used for a signal group, then the reduced level applies also here.
3. These values are not defined, however they single-ended signals CK, $\overline{CK}$, DQS, $\overline{DQS}$, DQSL need to be within the respective limits ($V_{IH}(DC)$ max, $V_{IL}(DC)$min) for single-ended signals as well as the limitations for overshoot and undershoot. Refer to "overshoot and Undersheet Specification"

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[Table 4] Allowed time before ringback (tDVAC) for CK - $\overline{CK}$ and DQS - $\overline{DQS}$

| Slew Rate [V/ns] | DDR3-800/1066/1333/1600 | | | | | | DDR3-1866 | | | |
| | tDVAC [ps] @ $V_{IH/Ldiff}$(AC)= 350mV | | tDVAC [ps] @ $V_{IH/Ldiff}$(AC)= 300mV | | tDVAC [ps] @ VIH/L diff(ac) =270mV (DQS - DQS#) only (Optional) | | tDVAC [ps] @ $V_{IH/Ldiff}$(AC) = 270mV | | tDVAC [ps] @ $V_{IH/Ldiff}$(AC) =250mV(CK - CK#) only | |
	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max
> 4.0	75	-	175	-	214	-	134	-	139	-
4.0	57	-	170	-	214	-	134	-	139	-
3.0	50	-	167	-	191	-	112	-	118	-
2.0	38	-	119	-	146	-	67	-	77	-
1.8	34	-	102	-	131	-	52	-	63	-
1.6	29	-	81	-	113	-	33	-	45	-
1.4	22	-	54	-	88	-	9	-	23	-
1.2	note	-	19	-	56	-	note	-	note	-
1.0	note	-	note	-	11	-	note	-	note	-
< 1.0	note	-	note	-	note	-	note	-	note	-

NOTE : Rising input differential signal shall become equal to or greater than VIHdiff(ac) level and Falling input differential signal shall become equal to or less than VILdiff(ac) level.

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13.3.3 Single-ended Requirements for Differential Signals

Each individual component of a differential signal (CK, DQS, $\overline{CK}$, $\overline{DQS}$) has also to comply with certain requirements for single-ended signals.
CK and $\overline{CK}$ have to approximately reach V_{SEH}min / V_{SEL}max (approximately equal to the ac-levels (V_{IH}(AC) / V_{IL}(AC)) for ADD/CMD signals) in every half-cycle.
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ have to reach V_{SEH}min / V_{SEL}max (approximately the ac-levels (V_{IH}(AC) / V_{IL}(AC)) for DQ signals) in every half-cycle proceeding and following a valid transition.
Note that the applicable ac-levels for ADD/CMD and DQ's might be different per speed-bin etc. E.g. if V_{IH}150(AC)/V_{IL}150(AC) is used for ADD/CMD signals, then these ac-levels apply also for the single-ended signals CK and $\overline{CK}$.
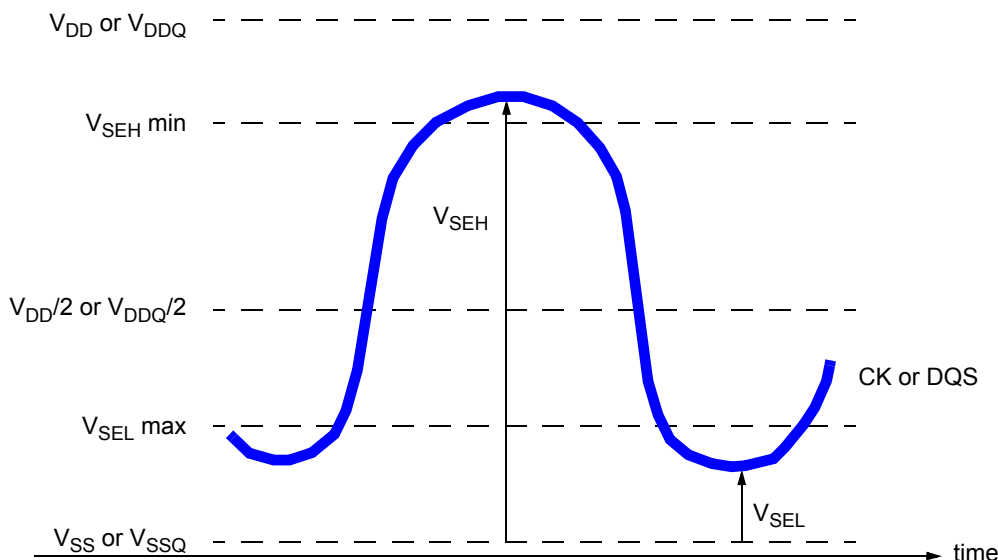

Figure 3. Single-ended requirement for differential signals

Note that while ADD/CMD and DQ signal requirements are with respect to V_{REF}, the single-ended components of differential signals have a requirement with respect to $V_{DD}/2$; this is nominally the same. The transition of single-ended signals through the ac-levels is used to measure setup time. For single-ended components of differential signals the requirement to reach V_{SEL}max, V_{SEH}min has no bearing on timing, but adds a restriction on the common mode characteristics of these signals.

[Table 5] Single ended levels for CK, DQS, $\overline{CK}$, $\overline{DQS}$

Symbol	Parameter	DDR3-800/1066/1333/1600/1866		Unit	NOTE
		Min	Max		
V_{SEH}	Single-ended high-level for strobes	$(V_{DD}/2)+0.175$	NOTE 3	V	1, 2
	Single-ended high-level for CK, $\overline{CK}$	$(V_{DD}/2)+0.175$	NOTE 3	V	1, 2
V_{SEL}	Single-ended low-level for strobes	NOTE 3	$(V_{DD}/2)-0.175$	V	1, 2
	Single-ended low-level for CK, $\overline{CK}$	NOTE 3	$(V_{DD}/2)-0.175$	V	1, 2

NOTE :
1. For CK, $\overline{CK}$ use V_{IH}/V_{IL}(AC) of ADD/CMD; for strobes (DQS, $\overline{DQS}$) use V_{IH}/V_{IL}(AC) of DQs.
2. V_{IH}(AC)/V_{IL}(AC) for DQs is based on V_{REFDQ}; V_{IH}(AC)/V_{IL}(AC) for ADD/CMD is based on V_{REFCA}; if a reduced ac-high or ac-low level is used for a signal group, then the reduced level applies also here
3. These values are not defined, however the single-ended signals CK, $\overline{CK}$, DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ need to be within the respective limits (V_{IH}(DC) max, V_{IL}(DC)min) for single-ended signals as well as the limitations for overshoot and undershoot. Refer to "Overshoot and Undershoot Specification"

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13.3.4 Differential Input Cross Point Voltage

To guarantee tight setup and hold times as well as output skew parameters with respect to clock and strobe, each cross point voltage of differential input signals (CK, $\overline{CK}$ and DQS, $\overline{DQS}$) must meet the requirements in below table. The differential input cross point voltage V_{IX} is measured from the actual cross point of true and complement signal to the mid level between of V_{DD} and V_{SS}.
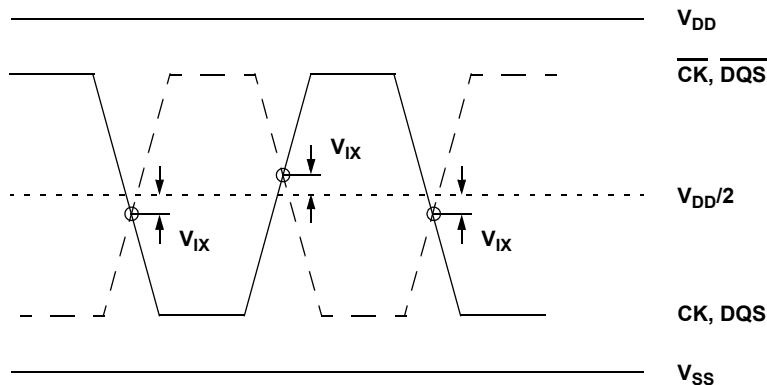

Figure 4. V_{IX} Definition

[Table 6] Cross point voltage for differential input signals (CK, DQS)

Symbol	Parameter	DDR3-800/1066/1333/1600/1866		Unit	NOTE
		Min	Max		
V_{IX}	Differential Input Cross Point Voltage relative to V_{DD}/2 for CK,$\overline{CK}$	-150	150	mV	2
		-175	175	mV	1
V_{IX}	Differential Input Cross Point Voltage relative to V_{DD}/2 for DQS,$\overline{DQS}$	-150	150	mV	2

NOTE :
1. Extended range for V_{IX} is only allowed for clock and if single-ended clock input signals CK and $\overline{CK}$ are monotonic, have a single-ended swing V_{SEL} / V_{SEH} of at least V_{DD}/2 ±250 mV, and the differential slew rate of CK-$\overline{CK}$ is larger than 3 V/ ns.
2. The relation between V_{IX} Min/Max and V_{SEL}/V_{SEH} should satisfy following.
   $(V_{DD}/2) + V_{IX}(Min) - V_{SEL} \geq 25mV$
   $V_{SEH} - ((V_{DD}/2) + V_{IX}(Max)) \geq 25mV$

13.4 Slew Rate Definition for Single Ended Input Signals

See "Address / Command Setup, Hold and Derating" for single-ended slew rate definitions for address and command signals.
See "Data Setup, Hold and Slew Rate Derating" for single-ended slew rate definitions for data signals.

13.5 Slew rate definition for Differential Input Signals

Input slew rate for differential signals (CK, $\overline{CK}$ and DQS, $\overline{DQS}$) are defined and measured as shown in below.

[Table 7] Differential input slew rate definition

Description	Measured		Defined by
	From	To	
Differential input slew rate for rising edge (CK-$\overline{CK}$ and DQS-$\overline{DQS}$)	$V_{ILdiffmax}$	$V_{IHdiffmin}$	[$V_{IHdiffmin}$ - $V_{ILdiffmax}$] / Delta TRdiff
Differential input slew rate for falling edge (CK-$\overline{CK}$ and DQS-$\overline{DQS}$)	$V_{IHdiffmin}$	$V_{ILdiffmax}$	[$V_{IHdiffmin}$ - $V_{ILdiffmax}$] / Delta TFdiff

NOTE : The differential signal (i.e. CK - $\overline{CK}$ and DQS - $\overline{DQS}$) must be linear between these thresholds
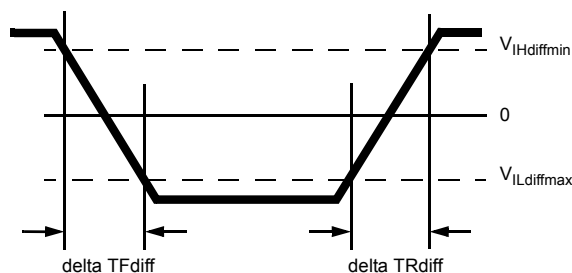

Figure 5. Differential input slew rate definition for DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ and CK, $\overline{CK}$

14. AC & DC Output Measurement Levels

14.1 Single Ended AC and DC Output Levels

[Table 8] Single Ended AC and DC output levels

Symbol	Parameter	DDR3-800/1066/1333/1600/1866	Units	NOTE
V_{OH}(DC)	DC output high measurement level (for IV curve linearity)	$0.8 \times V_{DDQ}$	V	
V_{OM}(DC)	DC output mid measurement level (for IV curve linearity)	$0.5 \times V_{DDQ}$	V	
V_{OL}(DC)	DC output low measurement level (for IV curve linearity)	$0.2 \times V_{DDQ}$	V	
V_{OH}(AC)	AC output high measurement level (for output SR)	$V_{TT} + 0.1 \times V_{DDQ}$	V	1
V_{OL}(AC)	AC output low measurement level (for output SR)	$V_{TT} - 0.1 \times V_{DDQ}$	V	1

NOTE : 1. The swing of +/-0.1 x V_{DDQ} is based on approximately 50% of the static single ended output high or low swing with a driver impedance of 40Ω and an effective test load of 25Ω to $V_{TT}=V_{DDQ}/2$.

14.2 Differential AC and DC Output Levels

[Table 9] Differential AC and DC output levels

Symbol	Parameter	DDR3-800/1066/1333/1600/1866	Units	NOTE
V_{OHdiff}(AC)	AC differential output high measurement level (for output SR)	$+0.2 \times V_{DDQ}$	V	1
V_{OLdiff}(AC)	AC differential output low measurement level (for output SR)	$-0.2 \times V_{DDQ}$	V	1

NOTE : 1. The swing of +/-0.2xV_{DDQ} is based on approximately 50% of the static single ended output high or low swing with a driver impedance of 40Ω and an effective test load of 25Ω to $V_{TT}=V_{DDQ}/2$ at each of the differential outputs.

14.3 Single-ended Output Slew Rate

With the reference load for timing measurements, output slew rate for falling and rising edges is defined and measured between V_{OL}(AC) and V_{OH}(AC) for single ended signals as shown in below.

[Table 10] Single ended Output slew rate definition

Description	Measured		Defined by
	From	To	
Single ended output slew rate for rising edge	V_{OL}(AC)	V_{OH}(AC)	[V_{OH}(AC)-V_{OL}(AC)] / Delta TRse
Single ended output slew rate for falling edge	V_{OH}(AC)	V_{OL}(AC)	[V_{OH}(AC)-V_{OL}(AC)] / Delta TFse

NOTE : Output slew rate is verified by design and characterization, and may not be subject to production test.

[Table 11] Single ended output slew rate

Parameter	Symbol	DDR3-800		DDR3-1066		DDR3-1333		DDR3-1600		DDR3-1866		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Single ended output slew rate	SRQse	2.5	5	2.5	5	2.5	5	2.5	5	2.5	5[1]	V/ns

Description : SR : Slew Rate
Q : Query Output (like in DQ, which stands for Data-in, Query-Output)
se : Single-ended Signals
For Ron = RZQ/7 setting
NOTE : 1) In two cased, a maximum slew rate of 6V/ns applies for a single DQ signal within a byte lane.
   - Case_1 is defined for a single DQ signal within a byte lane which is switching into a certain direction (either from high to low of low to high) while all remaining DQ signals in the same byte lane are static (i.e they stay at either high or low).
   - Case_2 is defined for a single DQ signals in the same byte lane are switching into the opposite direction (i.e. from low to high or high to low respectively). For the remaining DQ signal switching into the opposite direction, the regular maximum limit of 5 V/ns applies.
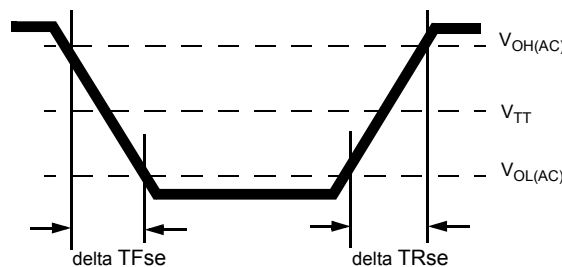

Figure 6. Single-ended Output Slew Rate Definition

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14.4 Differential Output Slew Rate

With the reference load for timing measurements, output slew rate for falling and rising edges is defined and measured between $V_{OLdiff}(AC)$ and $V_{OHdiff}(AC)$ for differential signals as shown in below.

[Table 12] Differential Output slew rate definition

Description	Measured		Defined by
	From	To	
Differential output slew rate for rising edge	$V_{OLdiff}(AC)$	$V_{OHdiff}(AC)$	$[V_{OHdiff}(AC)-V_{OLdiff}(AC)]$ / Delta TRdiff
Differential output slew rate for falling edge	$V_{OHdiff}(AC)$	$V_{OLdiff}(AC)$	$[V_{OHdiff}(AC)-V_{OLdiff}(AC)]$ / Delta TFdiff

NOTE : Output slew rate is verified by design and characterization, and may not be subject to production test.

[Table 13] Differential Output slew rate

Parameter	Symbol	DDR3-800		DDR3-1066		DDR3-1333		DDR3-1600		DDR3-1866		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Differential output slew rate	SRQdiff	5	10	5	10	5	10	5	10	5	12	V/ns

Description : SR : Slew Rate

Q : Query Output (like in DQ, which stands for Data-in, Query-Output)

diff : Differential Signals
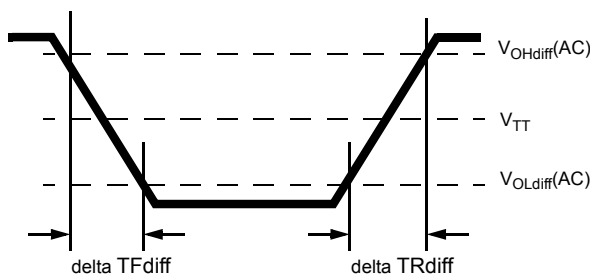
For Ron = RZQ/7 setting

Figure 7. Differential output slew rate definition

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15. DIMM IDD specification definition

Symbol	Description
IDD0	**Operating One Bank Active-Precharge Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, nRAS, nRAS, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: High between ACT and PRE; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** partially toggling ; **Data IO:** FLOATING; **DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** Cycling with one bank active at a time: 0,0,1,1,2,2,... ; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Pattern Details:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD1	**Operating One Bank Active-Read-Precharge Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, nRC, nRAS, nRCD, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: High between ACT, RD and PRE; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs, Data IO:** partially toggling ; **DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** Cycling with one bank active at a time: 0,0,1,1,2,2,... ; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Pattern Details:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD2N	**Precharge Standby Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: stable at 1; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** partially toggling ; **Data IO:** FLOATING; **DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** all banks closed; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Pattern Details:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD2P0	**Precharge Power-Down Current Slow Exit** **CKE:** Low; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: stable at 1; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** stable at 0; **Data IO:** FLOATING; **DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** all banks closed; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Precharge Power Down Mode:** Slow Exit[3)]
IDD2P1	**Precharge Power-Down Current Fast Exit** **CKE:** Low; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: stable at 1; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** stable at 0; **Data IO:** FLOATING; **DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** all banks closed; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Precharge Power Down Mode:** Fast Exit[3)]
IDD2Q	**Precharge Quiet Standby Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: stable at 1; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** stable at 0; **Data IO:** FLOATING; **DM:**stable at 0;**Bank Activity:** all banks closed; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0
IDD3N	**Active Standby Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: stable at 1; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** partially toggling ; **Data IO:** FLOATING; **DM:**stable at 0;**Bank Activity:** all banks open; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Pattern Details:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD3P	**Active Power-Down Current** **CKE:** Low; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: stable at 1; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** stable at 0; **Data IO:** FLOATING;**DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** all banks open; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0
IDD4R	**Operating Burst Read Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: High between RD; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** partially toggling ; **Data IO:** seamless read data burst with different data between one burst and the next one ; **DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** all banks open, **RD commands cycling through banks:** 0,0,1,1,2,2,... ; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Pattern Details:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD4W	**Operating Burst Write Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: High between WR; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** partially toggling ; **Data IO:** seamless write data burst with different data between one burst and the next one ; **DM:** stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** all banks open, **WR commands cycling through banks:** 0,0,1,1,2,2,... ; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at HIGH; **Pattern Details:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD5B	**Burst Refresh Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, CL, nRFC:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: High between REF; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** partially toggling ; **Data IO:** FLOATING;**DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** REF command every nRFC ; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Pattern Details:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD6	**Self Refresh Current: Normal Temperature Range** **TCASE:** 0 - 85°C; **Auto Self-Refresh (ASR):** Disabled[4)]; **Self-Refresh Temperature Range (SRT):** Normal[5)]; **CKE:** Low; **External clock:** Off; **CK and** $\overline{\text{CK}}$: LOW; **CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$, **Command, Address, Bank Address, Data IO:** FLOATING;**DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** Self-Refresh operation; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** FLOATING
IDD6ET	**Self-Refresh Current: Extended Temperature Range (optional)[6)]** **TCASE:** 0 - 95°C; **Auto Self-Refresh (ASR):** Disabled[4)]; **Self-Refresh Temperature Range (SRT):** Extended[5)]; **CKE:** Low; **External clock:** Off; **CK and** $\overline{\text{CK}}$: LOW; **CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** 0; $\overline{\text{CS}}$, Command, Address, Bank Address, **Data IO:** FLOATING;**DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** Extended Temperature Self-Refresh operation; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** FLOATING
IDD7	**Operating Bank Interleave Read Current** **CKE:** High; **External clock:** On; **tCK, nRC, nRAS, nRCD, nRRD, nFAW, CL:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern ; **BL:** 8[1)]; **AL:** CL-1; $\overline{\text{CS}}$: High between ACT and RDA; **Command, Address, Bank Address Inputs:** partially toggling ; **Data IO:** read data bursts with different data between one burst and the next one ; **DM:**stable at 0; **Bank Activity:** two times interleaved cycling through banks (0, 1, ...7) with different addressing ; **Output Buffer and RTT:** Enabled in Mode Registers[2)]; **ODT Signal:** stable at 0; **Pattern Details:** Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD8	**RESET Low Current** **RESET :** Low; **External clock :** off; **CK and** $\overline{\text{CK}}$: LOW; **CKE** : FLOATING ; $\overline{\text{CS}}$, **Command, Address, Bank Address, Data IO** : FLOATING ; **ODT Signal :** FLOATING

NOTE :

1) Burst Length: BL8 fixed by MRS: set MR0 A[1,0]=00B

2) Output Buffer Enable: set MR1 A[12] = 0B; set MR1 A[5,1] = 01B; RTT_Nom enable: set MR1 A[9,6,2] = 011B; RTT_Wr enable: set MR2 A[10,9] = 10B

3) Precharge Power Down Mode: set MR0 A12=0B for Slow Exit or MR0 A12=1B for Fast Exit

4) Auto Self-Refresh (ASR): set MR2 A6 = 0B to disable or 1B to enable feature

5) Self-Refresh Temperature Range (SRT): set MR2 A7=0B for normal or 1B for extended temperature range

6) Refer to DRAM supplier data sheet and/or DIMM SPD to determine if optional features or requirements are supported by DDR3 SDRAM device

7) IDD current measure method and detail patterns are described on DDR3 component datasheet

8) VDD and VDDQ are merged on module PCB.

9) DIMM IDD SPEC is measured with Qoff condition

   (IDDQ values are not considered)

16. IDD SPEC Table

M393B5173QH0 : 4GB(512Mx72) Module

Symbol	CMA (DDR3-1866@CL=13)	Unit	NOTE
IDD0	1125	mA	1
IDD1	1215	mA	1
IDD2P0(slow exit)	765	mA	
IDD2P1(fast exit)	765	mA	
IDD2N	870	mA	
IDD2Q	850	mA	
IDD3P	810	mA	
IDD3N	950	mA	
IDD4R	1665	mA	1
IDD4W	1765	mA	1
IDD5B	1985	mA	1
IDD6	165	mA	
IDD7	2295	mA	1
IDD8	165	mA	

NOTE :
1. DIMM IDD SPEC is calculated with considering de-actived rank(IDLE) is IDD2N.

M393B1G70QH0 : 8GB(1Gx72) Module

Symbol	CK0 (DDR3-1600@CL=11)	CMA (DDR3-1866@CL=13)	Unit	NOTE
IDD0	1530	1530	mA	1
IDD1	1710	1710	mA	1
IDD2P0(slow exit)	900	900	mA	
IDD2P1(fast exit)	900	900	mA	
IDD2N	1050	1050	mA	
IDD2Q	1030	1030	mA	
IDD3P	990	990	mA	
IDD3N	1220	1220	mA	
IDD4R	2250	2340	mA	1
IDD4W	2440	2440	mA	1
IDD5B	3290	3290	mA	1
IDD6	300	300	mA	
IDD7	3690	3690	mA	1
IDD8	300	300	mA	

NOTE :
1. DIMM IDD SPEC is calculated with considering de-actived rank(IDLE) is IDD2N.

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M393B2G70QH0 : 16GB(2Gx72) Module

Symbol	CK0 (DDR3-1600@CL=11)	CMA (DDR3-1866@CL=13)	Unit	NOTE
IDD0	1890	1890	mA	1
IDD1	2070	2070	mA	1
IDD2P0(slow exit)	1170	1170	mA	
IDD2P1(fast exit)	1170	1170	mA	
IDD2N	1410	1410	mA	
IDD2Q	1390	1390	mA	
IDD3P	1350	1350	mA	
IDD3N	1760	1760	mA	
IDD4R	2610	2700	mA	1
IDD4W	2800	2800	mA	1
IDD5B	3650	3650	mA	1
IDD6	570	570	mA	
IDD7	4050	4050	mA	1
IDD8	570	570	mA	

NOTE :
1. DIMM IDD SPEC is calculated with considering de-actived rank(IDLE) is IDD2N.

17. Input/Output Capacitance

[Table 14] Input/Output Capacitance

Parameter	Symbol	DDR3-800		DDR3-1066		DDR3-1333		DDR3-1600		DDR3-1866		Units	NOTE
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Input/output capacitance (DQ, DM, DQS, $\overline{DQS}$, TDQS, $\overline{TDQS}$)	CIO	1.4	3.0	1.4	2.7	1.4	2.5	1.4	2.3	1.4	2.2	pF	1,2,3
Input capacitance (CK and $\overline{CK}$)	CCK	0.8	1.6	0.8	1.6	0.8	1.4	0.8	1.4	0.8	1.3	pF	2,3
Input capacitance delta (CK and $\overline{CK}$)	CDCK	0	0.15	0	0.15	0	0.15	0	0.15	0	0.15	pF	2,3,4
Input capacitance (All other input-only pins)	CI	0.75	1.4	0.75	1.35	0.75	1.3	0.75	1.3	0.75	1.2	pF	2,3,6
Input capacitance delta (DQS and $\overline{DQS}$)	CDDQS	0	0.2	0	0.2	0	0.15	0	0.15	0	0.15	pF	2,3,5
Input capacitance delta (All control input-only pins)	CDI_CTRL	-0.5	0.3	-0.5	0.3	-0.4	0.2	-0.4	0.2	-0.4	0.2	pF	2,3,7,8
Input capacitance delta (all ADD and CMD input-only pins)	CDI_ADD_CMD	-0.5	0.5	-0.5	0.5	-0.4	0.4	-0.4	0.4	-0.4	0.4	pF	2,3,9,10
Input/output capacitance delta (DQ, DM, DQS, $\overline{DQS}$, TDQS, $\overline{TDQS}$)	CDIO	-0.5	0.3	-0.5	0.3	-0.5	0.3	-0.5	0.3	-0.5	0.3	pF	2,3,11
Input/output capacitance of ZQ pin	CZQ	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	pF	2, 3, 12

NOTE : This parameter is Component Input/Output Capacitance so that is different from Module level Capacitance.

1. Although the DM, TDQS and $\overline{TDQS}$ pins have different functions, the loading matches DQ and DQS
2. This parameter is not subject to production test. It is verified by design and characterization.
   The capacitance is measured according to JEP147("PROCEDURE FOR MEASURING INPUT CAPACITANCE USING A VECTOR NETWORK ANALYZER(VNA)") with V_{DD}, V_{DDQ}, V_{SS}, V_{SSQ} applied and all other pins floating (except the pin under test, CKE, $\overline{RESET}$ and ODT as necessary). V_{DD}=V_{DDQ}=1.5V, V_{BIAS}=V_{DD}/2 and on-die termination off.
3. This parameter applies to monolithic devices only; stacked/dual-die devices are not covered here
4. Absolute value of CCK-$\overline{CCK}$
5. Absolute value of CIO(DQS)-CIO($\overline{DQS}$)
6. CI applies to ODT, $\overline{CS}$, CKE, A0-A15, BA0-BA2, $\overline{RAS}$, $\overline{CAS}$, $\overline{WE}$.
7. CDI_CTRL applies to ODT, $\overline{CS}$ and CKE
8. CDI_CTRL=CI(CTRL)-0.5*(CI(CLK)+CI($\overline{CLK}$))
9. CDI_ADD_CMD applies to A0-A15, BA0-BA2, $\overline{RAS}$, $\overline{CAS}$ and $\overline{WE}$
10. CDI_ADD_CMD=CI(ADD_CMD) - 0.5*(CI($\overline{CLK}$)+CI($\overline{CLK}$))
11. CDIO=CIO(DQ,DM) - 0.5*(CIO(DQS)+CIO($\overline{DQS}$))
12. Maximum external load capacitance on ZQ pin: 5pF

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18. Electrical Characteristics and AC timing

(0 °C<T_{CASE} ≤95 °C, V_{DDQ} = 1.5V ± 0.075V; V_{DD} = 1.5V ± 0.075V)

18.1 Refresh Parameters by Device Density

Parameter	Symbol		1Gb	2Gb	4Gb	8Gb	Units	NOTE
All Bank Refresh to active/refresh cmd time	tRFC		110	160	260	350	ns	
Average periodic refresh interval	tREFI	0 °C ≤ T_{CASE} ≤ 85°C	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	µs	
		85 °C < T_{CASE} ≤ 95°C	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	µs	1

NOTE :

1. Users should refer to the DRAM supplier data sheet and/or the DIMM SPD to determine if DDR3 SDRAM devices support the following options or requirements referred to in this material.

18.2 Speed Bins and CL, tRCD, tRP, tRC and tRAS for Corresponding Bin

Speed	DDR3-800	DDR3-1066	DDR3-1333	DDR3-1600	DDR3-1866	Units	NOTE
Bin (CL - tRCD - tRP)	6-6-6	7-7-7	9-9-9	11-11-11	13-13-13		
Parameter	min	min	min	min	min		
CL	6	7	9	11	13	tCK	
tRCD	15	13.13	13.5	13.75	13.91	ns	
tRP	15	13.13	13.5	13.75	13.91	ns	
tRAS	37.5	37.5	36	35	34	ns	
tRC	52.5	50.63	49.5	48.75	47.91	ns	
tRRD	10	7.5	6.0	6.0	5.0	ns	
tFAW	40	37.5	30	30	27	ns	

18.3 Speed Bins and CL, tRCD, tRP, tRC and tRAS for corresponding Bin

DDR3 SDRAM Speed Bins include tCK, tRCD, tRP, tRAS and tRC for each corresponding bin.

[Table 15] DDR3-800 Speed Bins

Speed		DDR3-800		Units	NOTE
CL-nRCD-nRP		6 - 6 - 6			
Parameter	Symbol	min	max		
Internal read command to first data	tAA	15	20	ns	
ACT to internal read or write delay time	tRCD	15	-	ns	
PRE command period	tRP	15	-	ns	
ACT to ACT or REF command period	tRC	52.5	-	ns	
ACT to PRE command period	tRAS	37.5	9*tREFI	ns	
CL = 6 / CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	2.5	3.3	ns	1,2,3
Supported CL Settings		6		nCK	
Supported CWL Settings		5		nCK	

[Table 16] DDR3-1066 Speed Bins

Speed			DDR3-1066		Units	NOTE
CL-nRCD-nRP			7 - 7 - 7			
Parameter		Symbol	min	max		
Internal read command to first data		tAA	13.125	20	ns	
ACT to internal read or write delay time		tRCD	13.125	-	ns	
PRE command period		tRP	13.125	-	ns	
ACT to ACT or REF command period		tRC	50.625	-	ns	
ACT to PRE command period		tRAS	37.5	9*tREFI	ns	
CL = 6	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	2.5	3.3	ns	1,2,3,5
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4
CL = 7	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	1.875	<2.5	ns	1,2,3,4,9
CL = 8	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	1.875	<2.5	ns	1,2,3
Supported CL Settings			6,7,8		nCK	
Supported CWL Settings			5,6		nCK	

[Table 17] DDR3-1333 Speed Bins

Speed			DDR3-1333		Units	NOTE
CL-nRCD-nRP			9 -9 - 9			
Parameter		Symbol	min	max		
Internal read command to first data		tAA	$13.5\ (13.125)^9$	20	ns	
ACT to internal read or write delay time		tRCD	$13.5\ (13.125)^9$	-	ns	
PRE command period		tRP	$13.5\ (13.125)^9$	-	ns	
ACT to ACT or REF command period		tRC	$49.5\ (49.125)^9$	-	ns	
ACT to PRE command period		tRAS	36	9*tREFI	ns	
CL = 6	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	2.5	3.3	ns	1,2,3,6
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4,6
	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 7	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	1.875	<2.5	ns	1,2,3,4,6
	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4
CL = 8	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	1.875	<2.5	ns	1,2,3,6
	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4
CL = 9	CWL = 5,6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	1.5	<1.875	ns	1,2,3,4,9
CL = 10	CWL = 5,6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	1.5	<1.875	ns	1,2,3
Supported CL Settings			6,7,8,9,10		nCK	
Supported CWL Settings			5,6,7		nCK	

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[Table 18] DDR3-1600 Speed Bins

Speed			DDR3-1600		Units	NOTE
CL-nRCD-nRP			11-11-11		Units	NOTE
Parameter		Symbol	min	max		
Intermal read command to first data		tAA	13.75 (13.125)[9]	20	ns	
ACT to internal read or write delay time		tRCD	13.75 (13.125)[9]	-	ns	
PRE command period		tRP	13.75 (13.125)[9]	-	ns	
ACT to ACT or REF command period		tRC	48.75 (48.125)[9]	-	ns	
ACT to PRE command period		tRAS	35	9*tREFI	ns	
CL = 6	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	2.5	3.3	ns	1,2,3,7
CL = 6	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4,7
CL = 6	CWL = 7, 8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 7	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 7	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	1.875	<2.5	ns	1,2,3,4,7
CL = 7	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4,7
CL = 7	CWL = 8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 8	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 8	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	1.875	<2.5	ns	1,2,3,7
CL = 8	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4,7
CL = 8	CWL = 8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4
CL = 9	CWL = 5,6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 9	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	1.5	<1.875	ns	1,2,3,4,7
CL = 9	CWL = 8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4
CL = 10	CWL = 5,6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 10	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	1.5	<1.875	ns	1,2,3,7
CL = 10	CWL = 8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4
CL = 11	CWL = 5,6,7	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 11	CWL = 8	tCK(AVG)	1.25	<1.5	ns	1,2,3,9
Supported CL Settings			6,7,8,9,10,11		nCK	
Supported CWL Settings			5,6,7,8		nCK	

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[Table 19] DDR3-1866 Speed Bins

Speed		DDR3-1866		Units	NOTE
CL-nRCD-nRP		13-13-13			
Parameter	Symbol	min	max		
Internal read command to first data	tAA	13.91 (13.125)[10]	20	ns	
ACT to internal read or write delay time	tRCD	13.91 (13.125)[10]	-	ns	
PRE command period	tRP	13.91 (13.125)[10]	-	ns	
ACT to ACT or REF command period	tRC	47.91 (47.125)[10]	-	ns	
ACT to PRE command period	tRAS	34	9*tREFI	ns	
CL = 6	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	2.5	3.3	ns	1,2,3,8
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4,8
	CWL = 7,8,9	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 7	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	1.875	2.5	ns	1,2,3,4,8
	CWL = 7,8,9	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 8	CWL = 5	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 6	tCK(AVG)	1.875	<2.5	ns	1,2,3,8
	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4,8
	CWL = 8,9	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 9	CWL = 5,6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	1.5	1.875	ns	1,2,3,4,8
	CWL = 8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 9	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
CL = 10	CWL = 5,6	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 7	tCK(AVG)	1.5	<1.875	ns	1,2,3,8
	CWL = 8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4,8
CL = 11	CWL = 5,6,7	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 8	tCK(AVG)	1.25	1.5	ns	1,2,3,4,8
	CWL = 9	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4
CL = 12	CWL = 5,6,7,8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 9	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	1,2,3,4
CL = 13	CWL = 5,6,7,8	tCK(AVG)	Reserved		ns	4
	CWL = 9	tCK(AVG)	1.071	<1.25	ns	1,2,3,9
Supported CL Settings		6,7,8,9,10,11,13		nCK	
Supported CWL Settings		5,6,7,8,9		nCK	

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18.3.1 Speed Bin Table Notes

Absolute Specification (T_{OPER}; $V_{DDQ} = V_{DD} = 1.5V$ +/- 0.075 V);

NOTE :

1. The CL setting and CWL setting result in tCK(AVG).MIN and tCK(AVG).MAX requirements. When making a selection of tCK(AVG), both need to be fulfilled: Requirements from CL setting as well as requirements from CWL setting.

2. tCK(AVG).MIN limits: Since CAS Latency is not purely analog - data and strobe output are synchronized by the DLL - all possible intermediate frequencies may not be guaranteed. An application should use the next smaller JEDEC standard tCK(AVG) value (2.5, 1.875, 1.5, or 1.25 ns) when calculating CL [nCK] = tAA [ns] / tCK(AVG) [ns], rounding up to the next "SupportedCL".

3. tCK(AVG).MAX limits: Calculate tCK(AVG) = tAA.MAX / CL SELECTED and round the resulting tCK(AVG) down to the next valid speed bin (i.e. 3.3ns or 2.5ns or 1.875 ns or 1.25 ns). This result is tCK(AVG).MAX corresponding to CL SELECTED.

4. "Reserved" settings are not allowed. User must program a different value.

5. Any DDR3-1066 speed bin also supports functional operation at lower frequencies as shown in the table which are not subject to Production Tests but verified by Design/Characterization.

6. Any DDR3-1333 speed bin also supports functional operation at lower frequencies as shown in the table which are not subject to Production Tests but verified by Design/Characterization.

7. Any DDR3-1600 speed bin also supports functional operation at lower frequencies as shown in the table which are not subject to Production Tests but verified by Design/Characterization.

8. Any DDR3-1866 speed bin also supports functional operation at lower frequencies as shown in the table which are not subject to Production Tests but verified by Design/Characterization.

9. For devices supporting optional downshift to CL=7 and CL=9, tAA/tRCD/tRP min must be 13.125 ns or lower. SPD settings must be programmed to match. For example, DDR3-1333(CL9) devices supporting downshift to DDR3-1066(CL7) should program 13.125 ns in SPD bytes for tAAmin (Byte 16), tRCDmin (Byte 18), and tRPmin (Byte 20). DDR3-1600(CL11) devices supporting downshift to DDR3-1333(CL9) or DDR3-1066(CL7) should program 13.125 ns in SPD bytes for tAAmin (Byte16), tRCDmin (Byte 18), and tRPmin (Byte 20). DDR3-1866(CL13) devices supporting downshift to DDR3-1600(CL11) or DDR3-1333(CL9) or DDR3-1066(CL7) should program 13.125 ns in SPD bytes for tAAmin (Byte16), tRCDmin (Byte 18), and tRPmin (Byte 20). DDR3-1600 devices supporting down binning to DDR3-1333 or DDR3-1066 should program 13.125ns in SPD byte for tAAmin (Byte 16), tRCDmin (Byte 18) and tRPmin (Byte 20). Once tRP (Byte 20) is programmed to 13.125ns, tRCmin (Byte 21,23) also should be programmed accodingly. For example, 49.125ns, (tRASmin + tRPmin = 36ns + 13.125ns) for DDR3-1333 and 48.125ns (tRASmin + tRPmin = 35ns + 13.125ns) for DDR3-1600.

10. For devices supporting optional down binning to CL=11, CL=9 and CL=7, tAA/tRCD/tRPmin must be 13.125ns. SPD setting must be programed to match. For example, DDR3-1866 devices supporting down binning to DDR3-1600 or DDR3-1333 or 1066 should program 13.125ns in SPD bytes for tAAmin(byte16), tRCDmin(Byte18) and tRPmin (byte20). Once tRP (Byte20) is programmed to 13.125ns, tRCmin (Byte21,23) also should be programmed accordingly. For example, 47.125ns (tRASmin + tRPmin = 34ns + 13.125ns)

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19. Timing Parameters by Speed Grade

[Table 20] Timing Parameters by Speed Bins for DDR3-800 to DDR3-1333 (Cont.)

Speed		DDR3-800		DDR3-1066		DDR3-1333		Units	NOTE
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Clock Timing									
Minimum Clock Cycle Time (DLL off mode)	tCK(DLL_OFF)	8	-	8	-	8	-	ns	6
Average Clock Period	tCK(avg)	See Speed Bins Table						ps	
Clock Period	tCK(abs)	tCK(avg)min + tJIT(per)min	tCK(avg)max + tJIT(per)max	tCK(avg)min + tJIT(per)min	tCK(avg)max + tJIT(per)max	tCK(avg)min + tJIT(per)min	tCK(avg)max + tJIT(per)max	ps	
Average high pulse width	tCH(avg)	0.47	0.53	0.47	0.53	0.47	0.53	tCK(avg)	
Average low pulse width	tCL(avg)	0.47	0.53	0.47	0.53	0.47	0.53	tCK(avg)	
Clock Period Jitter	tJIT(per)	-100	100	-90	90	-80	80	ps	
Clock Period Jitter during DLL locking period	tJIT(per, lck)	-90	90	-80	80	-70	70	ps	
Cycle to Cycle Period Jitter	tJIT(cc)	200		180		160		ps	
Cycle to Cycle Period Jitter during DLL locking period	tJIT(cc, lck)	180		160		140		ps	
Cumulative error across 2 cycles	tERR(2per)	- 147	147	- 132	132	- 118	118	ps	
Cumulative error across 3 cycles	tERR(3per)	- 175	175	- 157	157	- 140	140	ps	
Cumulative error across 4 cycles	tERR(4per)	- 194	194	- 175	175	- 155	155	ps	
Cumulative error across 5 cycles	tERR(5per)	- 209	209	- 188	188	- 168	168	ps	
Cumulative error across 6 cycles	tERR(6per)	- 222	222	- 200	200	- 177	177	ps	
Cumulative error across 7 cycles	tERR(7per)	- 232	232	- 209	209	- 186	186	ps	
Cumulative error across 8 cycles	tERR(8per)	- 241	241	- 217	217	- 193	193	ps	
Cumulative error across 9 cycles	tERR(9per)	- 249	249	- 224	224	- 200	200	ps	
Cumulative error across 10 cycles	tERR(10per)	- 257	257	- 231	231	- 205	205	ps	
Cumulative error across 11 cycles	tERR(11per)	- 263	263	- 237	237	- 210	210	ps	
Cumulative error across 12 cycles	tERR(12per)	- 269	269	- 242	242	- 215	215	ps	
Cumulative error across n = 13, 14 ... 49, 50 cycles	tERR(nper)	tERR(nper)min = (1 + 0.68ln(n))*tJIT(per)min tERR(nper)max = (1 + 0.68ln(n))*tJIT(per)max						ps	24
Absolute clock HIGH pulse width	tCH(abs)	0.43	-	0.43	-	0.43	-	tCK(avg)	25
Absolute clock Low pulse width	tCL(abs)	0.43	-	0.43	-	0.43	-	tCK(avg)	26
Data Timing									
DQS,$\overline{DQS}$ to DQ skew, per group, per access	tDQSQ	-	200	-	150	-	125	ps	13
DQ output hold time from DQS, $\overline{DQS}$	tQH	0.38	-	0.38	-	0.38	-	tCK(avg)	13, g
DQ low-impedance time from CK, $\overline{CK}$	tLZ(DQ)	-800	400	-600	300	-500	250	ps	13,14, f
DQ high-impedance time from CK, $\overline{CK}$	tHZ(DQ)	-	400	-	300	-	250	ps	13,14, f
Data setup time to DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ referenced to $V_{IH}(AC)V_{IL}(AC)$ levels	tDS(base) AC175	75	-	25	-	-	-	ps	d, 17
	tDS(base) AC150	125	-	75	-	30	-	ps	d, 17
Data hold time to DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ referenced to $V_{IH}(DC)V_{IL}(DC)$ levels	tDH(base) DC100	150	-	100	-	65	-	ps	d, 17
DQ and DM Input pulse width for each input	tDIPW	600	-	490	-	400	-	ps	28
Data Strobe Timing									
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential READ Preamble	tRPRE	0.9	NOTE 19	0.9	NOTE 19	0.9	NOTE 19	tCK(avg)	13, 19, g
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential READ Postamble	tRPST	0.3	NOTE 11	0.3	NOTE 11	0.3	NOTE 11	tCK(avg)	11, 13, b
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential output high time	tQSH	0.38	-	0.38	-	0.4	-	tCK(avg)	13, g
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential output low time	tQSL	0.38	-	0.38	-	0.4	-	tCK(avg)	13, g
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential WRITE Preamble	tWPRE	0.9	-	0.9	-	0.9	-	tCK(avg)	
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential WRITE Postamble	tWPST	0.3	-	0.3	-	0.3	-	tCK(avg)	
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ rising edge output access time from rising CK, $\overline{CK}$	tDQSCK	-400	400	-300	300	-255	255	ps	13,f
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ low-impedance time (Referenced from RL-1)	tLZ(DQS)	-800	400	-600	300	-500	250	ps	13,14,f
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ high-impedance time (Referenced from RL+BL/2)	tHZ(DQS)	-	400	-	300	-	250	ps	12,13,14
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential input low pulse width	tDQSL	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK(avg)	29, 31
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential input high pulse width	tDQSH	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK(avg)	30, 31
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ rising edge to CK, $\overline{CK}$ rising edge	tDQSS	-0.25	0.25	-0.25	0.25	-0.25	0.25	tCK(avg)	c
DQS,$\overline{DQS}$ falling edge setup time to CK, $\overline{CK}$ rising edge	tDSS	0.2	-	0.2	-	0.2	-	tCK(avg)	c, 32
DQS,$\overline{DQS}$ falling edge hold time to CK, $\overline{CK}$ rising edge	tDSH	0.2	-	0.2	-	0.2	-	tCK(avg)	c, 32

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[Table 20] Timing Parameters by Speed Bins for DDR3-800 to DDR3-1333 (Cont.)

Speed		DDR3-800		DDR3-1066		DDR3-1333		Units	NOTE
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Command and Address Timing									
DLL locking time	tDLLK	512	-	512	-	512	-	nCK	
internal READ Command to PRECHARGE Command delay	tRTP	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-		e
Delay from start of internal write transaction to internal read command	tWTR	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-		e,18
WRITE recovery time	tWR	15	-	15	-	15	-	ns	e
Mode Register Set command cycle time	tMRD	4	-	4	-	4	-	nCK	
Mode Register Set command update delay	tMOD	max (12nCK,15ns)	-	max (12nCK,15ns)	-	max (12nCK,15ns)	-		
$\overline{CAS}$ to $\overline{CAS}$ command delay	tCCD	4	-	4	-	4	-	nCK	
Auto precharge write recovery + precharge time	tDAL(min)	WR + roundup (tRP / tCK(AVG))						nCK	
Multi-Purpose Register Recovery Time	tMPRR	1	-	1	-	1	-	nCK	22
ACTIVE to PRECHARGE command period	tRAS	See "Speed Bins and CL, tRCD, tRP, tRC and tRAS for corresponding Bin" on page 42						ns	e
ACTIVE to ACTIVE command period for 1KB page size	tRRD	max (4nCK,10ns)	-	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-	max (4nCK,6ns)	-		e
ACTIVE to ACTIVE command period for 2KB page size	tRRD	max (4nCK,10ns)	-	max (4nCK,10ns)	-	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-		e
Four activate window for 1KB page size	tFAW	40	-	37.5	-	30	-	ns	e
Four activate window for 2KB page size	tFAW	50	-	50	-	45	-	ns	e
Command and Address setup time to CK, $\overline{CK}$ referenced to $V_{IH}(AC)$ / $V_{IL}(AC)$ levels	tIS(base) AC175	200	-	125	-	65	-	ps	b,16
	tIS(base) AC150	200+150	-	125+150	-	65+125	-	ps	b,16,27
Command and Address hold time from CK, $\overline{CK}$ referenced to $V_{IH}(DC)$ / $V_{IL}(DC)$ levels	tIH(base) DC100	275	-	200	-	140	-	ps	b,16
Control & Address Input pulse width for each input	tIPW	900	-	780	-	620	-	ps	28
Calibration Timing									
Power-up and RESET calibration time	tZQinitl	512	-	512	-	512	-	nCK	
Normal operation Full calibration time	tZQoper	256	-	256	-	256	-	nCK	
Normal operation short calibration time	tZQCS	64	-	64	-	64	-	nCK	23
Reset Timing									
Exit Reset from CKE HIGH to a valid command	tXPR	max(5nCK, tRFC + 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, tRFC + 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, tRFC + 10ns)	-		
Self Refresh Timing									
Exit Self Refresh to commands not requiring a locked DLL	tXS	max(5nCK,tRFC + 10ns)	-	max(5nCK,tRFC + 10ns)	-	max(5nCK,tRFC + 10ns)	-		
Exit Self Refresh to commands requiring a locked DLL	tXSDLL	tDLLK(min)	-	tDLLK(min)	-	tDLLK(min)	-	nCK	
Minimum CKE low width for Self refresh entry to exit timing	tCKESR	tCKE(min) + 1tCK	-	tCKE(min) + 1tCK	-	tCKE(min) + 1tCK	-		
Valid Clock Requirement after Self Refresh Entry (SRE) or Power-Down Entry (PDE)	tCKSRE	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-		
Valid Clock Requirement before Self Refresh Exit (SRX) or Power-Down Exit (PDX) or Reset Exit	tCKSRX	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-		

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[Table 20] Timing Parameters by Speed Bins for DDR3-800 to DDR3-1333

Speed		DDR3-800		DDR3-1066		DDR3-1333		Units	NOTE
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Power Down Timing									
Exit Power Down with DLL on to any valid command;Exit Pre-charge Power Down with DLL frozen to commands not requiring a locked DLL	tXP	max (3nCK, 7.5ns)	-	max (3nCK, 7.5ns)	-	max (3nCK,6ns)	-		
Exit Precharge Power Down with DLL frozen to commands requiring a locked DLL	tXPDLL	max (10nCK, 24ns)	-	max (10nCK, 24ns)	-	max (10nCK, 24ns)	-		2
CKE minimum pulse width	tCKE	max (3nCK, 7.5ns)	-	max (3nCK, 5.625ns)	-	max (3nCK, 5.625ns)	-		
Command pass disable delay	tCPDED	1	-	1	-	1	-	nCK	
Power Down Entry to Exit Timing	tPD	tCKE(min)	9*tREFI	tCKE(min)	9*tREFI	tCKE(min)	9*tREFI	tCK(avg)	15
Timing of ACT command to Power Down entry	tACTPDEN	1	-	1	-	1	-	nCK	20
Timing of PRE command to Power Down entry	tPRPDEN	1	-	1	-	1	-	nCK	20
Timing of RD/RDA command to Power Down entry	tRDPDEN	RL + 4 +1	-	RL + 4 +1	-	RL + 4 +1	-		
Timing of WR command to Power Down entry (BL8OTF, BL8MRS, BC4OTF)	tWRPDEN	WL + 4 +(tWR/ tCK(avg))	-	WL + 4 +(tWR/ tCK(avg))	-	WL + 4 +(tWR/ tCK(avg))	-	nCK	9
Timing of WRA command to Power Down entry (BL8OTF, BL8MRS, BC4OTF)	tWRAPDEN	WL+4+WR +1	-	WL+4+WR+1	-	WL+4+WR+1	-	nCK	10
Timing of WR command to Power Down entry (BC4MRS)	tWRPDEN	WL + 2 +(tWR/ tCK(avg))	-	WL + 2 +(tWR/ tCK(avg))	-	WL + 2 +(tWR/ tCK(avg))	-	nCK	9
Timing of WRA command to Power Down entry (BC4MRS)	tWRAPDEN	WL +2 +WR +1	-	WL +2 +WR +1	-	WL +2 +WR +1	-	nCK	10
Timing of REF command to Power Down entry	tREFPDEN	1	-	1	-	1	-		20,21
Timing of MRS command to Power Down entry	tMRSPDEN	tMOD(min)	-	tMOD(min)	-	tMOD(min)	-		
ODT Timing									
ODT high time without write command or with write command and BC4	ODTH4	4	-	4	-	4	-	nCK	
ODT high time with Write command and BL8	ODTH8	6	-	6	-	6	-	nCK	
Asynchronous RTT turn-on delay (Power-Down with DLL frozen)	tAONPD	2	8.5	2	8.5	2	8.5	ns	
Asynchronous RTT turn-off delay (Power-Down with DLL frozen)	tAOFPD	2	8.5	2	8.5	2	8.5	ns	
RTT turn-on	tAON	-400	400	-300	300	-250	250	ps	7,f
RTT_NOM and RTT_WR turn-off time from ODTLoff reference	tAOF	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	tCK(avg)	8,f
RTT dynamic change skew	tADC	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	tCK(avg)	f
Write Leveling Timing									
First DQS/DQS rising edge after write leveling mode is programmed	tWLMRD	40	-	40	-	40	-	tCK(avg)	3
DQS/DQS delay after write leveling mode is programmed	tWLDQSEN	25	-	25	-	25	-	tCK(avg)	3
Write leveling setup time from rising CK, CK crossing to rising DQS, DQS crossing	tWLS	325	-	245	-	195	-	ps	
Write leveling hold time from rising DQS, DQS crossing to rising CK, CK crossing	tWLH	325	-	245	-	195	-	ps	
Write leveling output delay	tWLO	0	9	0	9	0	9	ns	
Write leveling output error	tWLOE	0	2	0	2	0	2	ns	

[Table 21] Timing Parameters by Speed Bins for DDR3-1600 to DDR3-1866 (Cont.)

Speed		DDR3-1600		DDR3-1866		Units	NOTE
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Clock Timing							
Minimum Clock Cycle Time (DLL off mode)	tCK(DLL_OFF)	8	-	8	-	ns	6
Average Clock Period	tCK(avg)	See Speed Bins Table				ps	
Clock Period	tCK(abs)	tCK(avg)min + tJIT(per)min	tCK(avg)max + tJIT(per)max	tCK(avg)min + tJIT(per)min	tCK(avg)max + tJIT(per)max	ps	
Average high pulse width	tCH(avg)	0.47	0.53	0.47	0.53	tCK(avg)	
Average low pulse width	tCL(avg)	0.47	0.53	0.47	0.53	tCK(avg)	
Clock Period Jitter	tJIT(per)	-70	70	-60	60	ps	
Clock Period Jitter during DLL locking period	tJIT(per, lck)	-60	60	-50	50	ps	
Cycle to Cycle Period Jitter	tJIT(cc)	140		120		ps	
Cycle to Cycle Period Jitter during DLL locking period	tJIT(cc, lck)	120		100		ps	
Cumulative error across 2 cycles	tERR(2per)	-103	103	-88	88	ps	
Cumulative error across 3 cycles	tERR(3per)	-122	122	-105	105	ps	
Cumulative error across 4 cycles	tERR(4per)	-136	136	-117	117	ps	
Cumulative error across 5 cycles	tERR(5per)	-147	147	-126	126	ps	
Cumulative error across 6 cycles	tERR(6per)	-155	155	-133	133	ps	
Cumulative error across 7 cycles	tERR(7per)	-163	163	-139	139	ps	
Cumulative error across 8 cycles	tERR(8per)	-169	169	-145	145	ps	
Cumulative error across 9 cycles	tERR(9per)	-175	175	-150	150	ps	
Cumulative error across 10 cycles	tERR(10per)	-180	180	-154	154	ps	
Cumulative error across 11 cycles	tERR(11per)	-184	184	-158	158	ps	
Cumulative error across 12 cycles	tERR(12per)	-188	188	-161	161	ps	
Cumulative error across n = 13, 14 ... 49, 50 cycles	tERR(nper)	tERR(nper)min = (1 + 0.68ln(n))*tJIT(per)min tERR(nper)max = (1 + 0.68ln(n))*tJIT(per)max				ps	24
Absolute clock HIGH pulse width	tCH(abs)	0.43	-	0.43	-	tCK(avg)	25
Absolute clock Low pulse width	tCL(abs)	0.43	-	0.43	-	tCK(avg)	26
Data Timing							
DQS,$\overline{DQS}$ to DQ skew, per group, per access	tDQSQ	-	100	-	85	ps	13
DQ output hold time from DQS, $\overline{DQS}$	tQH	0.38	-	0.38	-	tCK(avg)	13, g
DQ low-impedance time from CK, $\overline{CK}$	tLZ(DQ)	-450	225	-390	195	ps	13,14, f
DQ high-impedance time from CK, $\overline{CK}$	tHZ(DQ)	-	225	-	195	ps	13,14, f
Data setup time to DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ referenced to $V_{IH}(AC)V_{IL}(AC)$ levels	tDS(base) AC150	10	-	-	-	ps	d, 17
	tDS(base) AC135	-	-	0	-	ps	d, 17
Data hold time to DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ referenced to $V_{IH}(DC)V_{IL}(DC)$ levels	tDH(base) DC100	45	-	20	-	ps	d, 17
DQ and DM Input pulse width for each input	tDIPW	360	-	320	-	ps	28
Data Strobe Timing							
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential READ Preamble	tRPRE	0.9	NOTE 19	0.9	NOTE 19	tCK(avg)	13, 19, g
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential READ Postamble	tRPST	0.3	NOTE 11	0.3	NOTE 11	tCK(avg)	11, 13, b
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential output high time	tQSH	0.4	-	0.4	-	tCK(avg)	13, g
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential output low time	tQSL	0.4	-	0.4	-	tCK(avg)	13, g
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential WRITE Preamble	tWPRE	0.9	-	0.9	-	tCK(avg)	
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential WRITE Postamble	tWPST	0.3	-	0.3	-	tCK(avg)	
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ rising edge output access time from rising CK, $\overline{CK}$	tDQSCK	-225	225	-195	195	ps	13,f
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ low-impedance time (Referenced from RL-1)	tLZ(DQS)	-450	225	-390	195	ps	13,14,f
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ high-impedance time (Referenced from RL+BL/2)	tHZ(DQS)	-	225	-	195	ps	12,13,14
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential input low pulse width	tDQSL	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK(avg)	29, 31
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential input high pulse width	tDQSH	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK(avg)	30, 31
DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ rising edge to CK, $\overline{CK}$ rising edge	tDQSS	-0.27	0.27	-0.27	0.27	tCK(avg)	c
DQS,$\overline{DQS}$ falling edge setup time to CK, $\overline{CK}$ rising edge	tDSS	0.18	-	0.18	-	tCK(avg)	c, 32
DQS,$\overline{DQS}$ falling edge hold time to CK, $\overline{CK}$ rising edge	tDSH	0.18	-	0.18	-	tCK(avg)	c, 32

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[Table 21] Timing Parameters by Speed Bins for DDR3-1600 to DDR3-1866 (Cont.)

Speed		DDR3-1600		DDR3-1866		Units	NOTE
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Command and Address Timing							
DLL locking time	tDLLK	512	-	512	-	nCK	
internal READ Command to PRECHARGE Command delay	tRTP	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-		e
Delay from start of internal write transaction to internal read command	tWTR	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-		e,18
WRITE recovery time	tWR	15	-	15	-	ns	e
Mode Register Set command cycle time	tMRD	4	-	4	-	nCK	
Mode Register Set command update delay	tMOD	max (12nCK,15ns)	-	max (12nCK,15ns)	-		
$\overline{CAS}$ to $\overline{CAS}$ command delay	tCCD	4	-	4	-	nCK	
Auto precharge write recovery + precharge time	tDAL(min)			WR + roundup (tRP / tCK(AVG))		nCK	
Multi-Purpose Register Recovery Time	tMPRR	1	-	1	-	nCK	22
ACTIVE to PRECHARGE command period	tRAS	See "Speed Bins and CL, tRCD, tRP, tRC and tRAS for corresponding Bin" on page 42				ns	e
ACTIVE to ACTIVE command period for 1KB page size	tRRD	max (4nCK,6ns)	-	max (4nCK, 5ns)	-		e
ACTIVE to ACTIVE command period for 2KB page size	tRRD	max (4nCK,7.5ns)	-	max (4nCK, 6ns)	-		e
Four activate window for 1KB page size	tFAW	30	-	27	-	ns	e
Four activate window for 2KB page size	tFAW	40	-	35	-	ns	e
Command and Address setup time to CK, $\overline{CK}$ referenced to $V_{IH}(AC)$ / $V_{IL}(AC)$ levels	tIS(base) AC175	45	-	-	-	ps	b,16
	tIS(base) AC150	170	-	-	-	ps	b,16
	tIS(base) AC135	-	-	65	-	ps	b,16
	tIS(base) AC125	-	-	150	-	ps	b,16,27
Command and Address hold time from CK, $\overline{CK}$ referenced to $V_{IH}(DC)$ / $V_{IL}(DC)$ levels	tIH(base) DC100	120	-	100	-	ps	b,16
Control & Address Input pulse width for each input	tIPW	560	-	535	-	ps	28
Calibration Timing							
Power-up and RESET calibration time	tZQinitl	512	-	max(512nCK,640ns)	-	nCK	
Normal operation Full calibration time	tZQoper	256	-	max(256nCK,320ns)	-	nCK	
Normal operation short calibration time	tZQCS	64	-	max(64nCK,80ns)	-	nCK	23
Reset Timing							
Exit Reset from CKE HIGH to a valid command	tXPR	max(5nCK, tRFC + 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, tRFC + 10ns)	-		
Self Refresh Timing							
Exit Self Refresh to commands not requiring a locked DLL	tXS	max(5nCK,tRFC + 10ns)	-	max(5nCK,tRFC + 10ns)	-		
Exit Self Refresh to commands requiring a locked DLL	tXSDLL	tDLLK(min)	-	tDLLK(min)	-	nCK	
Minimum CKE low width for Self refresh entry to exit timing	tCKESR	tCKE(min) + 1tCK	-	tCKE(min) + 1nCK	-		
Valid Clock Requirement after Self Refresh Entry (SRE) or Power-Down Entry (PDE)	tCKSRE	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-		
Valid Clock Requirement before Self Refresh Exit (SRX) or Power-Down Exit (PDX) or Reset Exit	tCKSRX	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-	max(5nCK, 10ns)	-		

[Table 21] Timing Parameters by Speed Bins for DDR3-1600 to DDR3-1866

Speed		DDR3-1600		DDR3-1866		Units	NOTE
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Power Down Timing							
Exit Power Down with DLL on to any valid command;Exit Pre-charge Power Down with DLL frozen to commands not requiring a locked DLL	tXP	max (3nCK,6ns)	-	max(3nCK,6ns)	-		
Exit Precharge Power Down with DLL frozen to commands requiring a locked DLL	tXPDLL	max (10nCK, 24ns)	-	max(10nCK,24ns)	-		2
CKE minimum pulse width	tCKE	max (3nCK,5ns)	-	max(3nCK,5ns)	-		
Command pass disable delay	tCPDED	1	-	2	-	nCK	
Power Down Entry to Exit Timing	tPD	tCKE(min)	9*tREFI	tCKE(min)	9*tREFI	tCK(avg)	15
Timing of ACT command to Power Down entry	tACTPDEN	1	-	1	-	nCK	20
Timing of PRE command to Power Down entry	tPRPDEN	1	-	1	-	nCK	20
Timing of RD/RDA command to Power Down entry	tRDPDEN	RL + 4 +1	-	RL + 4 +1	-		
Timing of WR command to Power Down entry (BL8OTF, BL8MRS, BC4OTF)	tWRPDEN	WL + 4 +(tWR/tCK(avg))	-	WL + 4 +(tWR/tCK(avg))	-	nCK	9
Timing of WRA command to Power Down entry (BL8OTF, BL8MRS, BC4OTF)	tWRAPDEN	WL + 4 +WR +1	-	WL + 4 +WR +1	-	nCK	10
Timing of WR command to Power Down entry (BC4MRS)	tWRPDEN	WL + 2 +(tWR/tCK(avg))	-	WL + 2 +(tWR/tCK(avg))	-	nCK	9
Timing of WRA command to Power Down entry (BC4MRS)	tWRAPDEN	WL +2 +WR +1	-	WL +2 +WR +1	-	nCK	10
Timing of REF command to Power Down entry	tREFPDEN	1	-	1	-		20,21
Timing of MRS command to Power Down entry	tMRSPDEN	tMOD(min)	-	tMOD(min)	-		
ODT Timing							
ODT high time without write command or with write command and BC4	ODTH4	4	-	4	-	nCK	
ODT high time with Write command and BL8	ODTH8	6	-	6	-	nCK	
Asynchronous RTT turn-on delay (Power-Down with DLL frozen)	tAONPD	2	8.5	2	8.5	ns	
Asynchronous RTT turn-off delay (Power-Down with DLL frozen)	tAOFPD	2	8.5	2	8.5	ns	
RTT turn-on	tAON	-225	225	-195	195	ps	7,f
RTT_NOM and RTT_WR turn-off time from ODTLoff reference	tAOF	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	tCK(avg)	8,f
RTT dynamic change skew	tADC	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	tCK(avg)	f
Write Leveling Timing							
First DQS/$\overline{DQS}$ rising edge after write leveling mode is programmed	tWLMRD	40	-	40	-	tCK(avg)	3
DQS/$\overline{DQS}$ delay after write leveling mode is programmed	tWLDQSEN	25	-	25	-	tCK(avg)	3
Write leveling setup time from rising CK, $\overline{CK}$ crossing to rising DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ crossing	tWLS	165	-	140	-	ps	
Write leveling hold time from rising DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ crossing to rising CK, $\overline{CK}$ crossing	tWLH	165	-	140	-	ps	
Write leveling output delay	tWLO	0	7.5	0	7.5	ns	
Write leveling output error	tWLOE	0	2	0	2	ns	

19.1 Jitter Notes

Specific Note a   Unit 'tCK(avg)' represents the actual tCK(avg) of the input clock under operation. Unit 'nCK' represents one clock cycle of the input clock, counting the actual clock edges.ex) tMRD = 4 [nCK] means; if one Mode Register Set command is registered at Tm, another Mode Register Set command may be registered at Tm+4, even if (Tm+4 - Tm) is 4 x tCK(avg) + tERR(4per),min.

Specific Note b   These parameters are measured from a command/address signal (CKE, $\overline{CS}$, $\overline{RAS}$, $\overline{CAS}$, $\overline{WE}$, ODT, BA0, A0, A1, etc.) transition edge to its respective clock signal (CK/$\overline{CK}$) crossing. The spec values are not affected by the amount of clock jitter applied (i.e. tJIT(per), tJIT(cc), etc.), as the setup and hold are relative to the clock signal crossing that latches the command/address. That is, these parameters should be met whether clock jitter is present or not.

Specific Note c   These parameters are measured from a data strobe signal (DQS, $\overline{DQS}$) crossing to its respective clock signal (CK, $\overline{CK}$) crossing. The spec values are not affected by the amount of clock jitter applied (i.e. tJIT(per), tJIT(cc), etc.), as these are relative to the clock signal crossing. That is, these parameters should be met whether clock jitter is present or not.

Specific Note d   These parameters are measured from a data signal (DM, DQ0, DQ1, etc.) transition edge to its respective data strobe signal (DQS, $\overline{DQS}$) crossing.

Specific Note e   For these parameters, the DDR3 SDRAM device supports tnPARAM [nCK] = RU{ tPARAM [ns] / tCK(avg) [ns] }, which is in clock cycles, assuming all input clock jitter specifications are satisfied. For example, the device will support tnRP = RU{tRP / tCK(avg)}, which is in clock cycles, if all input clock jitter specifications are met. This means: For DDR3-800 6-6-6, of which tRP = 15ns, the device will support tnRP = RU{tRP / tCK(avg)} = 6, as long as the input clock jitter specifications are met, i.e. Precharge command at Tm and Active command at Tm+6 is valid even if (Tm+6 - Tm) is less than 15ns due to input clock jitter.

Specific Note f   When the device is operated with input clock jitter, this parameter needs to be derated by the actual tERR(mper),act of the input clock, where 2 <= m <= 12. (output deratings are relative to the SDRAM input clock.)
For example, if the measured jitter into a DDR3-800 SDRAM has tERR(mper),act,min = - 172 ps and tERR(mper),act,max = + 193 ps, then tDQSCK,min(derated) = tDQSCK,min - tERR(mper),act,max = - 400 ps - 193 ps = - 593 ps and tDQSCK,max(derated) = tDQSCK,max - tERR(mper),act,min = 400 ps + 172 ps = + 572 ps. Similarly, tLZ(DQ) for DDR3-800 derates to tLZ(DQ),min(derated) = - 800 ps - 193 ps = - 993 ps and tLZ(DQ),max(derated) = 400 ps + 172 ps = + 572 ps. (Caution on the min/max usage!)
Note that tERR(mper),act,min is the minimum measured value of tERR(nper) where 2 <= n <=
12, and tERR(mper),act,max is the maximum measured value of tERR(nper) where 2 <= n <= 12.

Specific Note g   When the device is operated with input clock jitter, this parameter needs to be derated by the actual tJIT(per),act of the input clock. (output deratings are relative to the SDRAM input clock.) For example, if the measured jitter into a DDR3-800 SDRAM has tCK(avg),act = 2500 ps, tJIT(per),act,min = - 72 ps and tJIT(per),act,max = + 93 ps, then tRPRE,min(derated) = tRPRE,min + tJIT(per),act,min = 0.9 x tCK(avg),act + tJIT(per),act,min = 0.9 x 2500 ps - 72 ps = + 2178 ps. Similarly, tQH,min(derated) = tQH,min + tJIT(per),act,min = 0.38 x tCK(avg),act + tJIT(per),act,min = 0.38 x 2500 ps - 72 ps = + 878 ps. (Caution on the min/max usage!)

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19.2 Timing Parameter Notes

1. Actual value dependant upon measurement level definitions see "Device Operation & Timing Diagram Datasheet".

2. Commands requiring a locked DLL are: READ (and RAP) and synchronous ODT commands.

3. The max values are system dependent.

4. WR as programmed in mode register

5. Value must be rounded-up to next higher integer value

6. There is no maximum cycle time limit besides the need to satisfy the refresh interval, tREFI.

7. For definition of RTT turn-on time tAON see "Device Operation & Timing Diagram Datasheet"

8. For definition of RTT turn-off time tAOF see "Device Operation & Timing Diagram Datasheet".

9. tWR is defined in ns, for calculation of tWRPDEN it is necessary to round up tWR / tCK to the next integer.

10. WR in clock cycles as programmed in MR0

11. The maximum read postamble is bound by tDQSCK(min) plus tQSH(min) on the left side and tHZ(DQS)max on the right side. See "Device Operation & Timing Diagram Datasheet.

12. Output timing deratings are relative to the SDRAM input clock. When the device is operated with input clock jitter, this parameter needs to be derated by 19.1-Jitter Notes on page 40

13. Value is only valid for RON34

14. Single ended signal parameter. Refer to chapter 8 and chapter 9 for definition and measurement method.

15. tREFI depends on T_{OPER}

16. tIS(base) and tIH(base) values are for 1V/ns CMD/ADD single-ended slew rate and 2V/ns CK, $\overline{CK}$ differential slew rate, Note for DQ and DM signals, $V_{REF}(DC) = V_{REF}DQ(DC)$. For input only pins except $\overline{RESET}$, $V_{REF}(DC)=V_{REF}CA(DC)$.
    See "Address/Command Setup, Hold and Derating" on component datasheet.

17. tDS(base) and tDH(base) values are for 1V/ns DQ single-ended slew rate and 2V/ns DQS, $\overline{DQS}$ differential slew rate. Note for DQ and DM signals, $V_{REF}(DC)= V_{REF}DQ(DC)$. For input only pins except $\overline{RESET}$, $V_{REF}(DC)=V_{REF}CA(DC)$.
    See "Data Setup, Hold and Slew Rate Derating" on component datasheet.

18. Start of internal write transaction is defined as follows ;
    For BL8 (fixed by MRS and on-the-fly) : Rising clock edge 4 clock cycles after WL.
    For BC4 (on-the-fly) : Rising clock edge 4 clock cycles after WL
    For BC4 (fixed by MRS) : Rising clock edge 2 clock cycles after WL

19. The maximum read preamble is bound by tLZDQS(min) on the left side and tDQSCK(max) on the right side. See "Device Operation & Timing Diagram Datasheet"

20. CKE is allowed to be registered low while operations such as row activation, precharge, autoprecharge or refresh are in progress, but power-down IDD spec will not be applied until finishing those operations.

21. Although CKE is allowed to be registered LOW after a REFRESH command once tREFPDEN(min) is satisfied, there are cases where additional time such as tXPDLL(min) is also required. See "Device Operation & Timing Diagram Datasheet".

22. Defined between end of MPR read burst and MRS which reloads MPR or disables MPR function.

23. One ZQCS command can effectively correct a minimum of 0.5 % (ZQCorrection) of RON and RTT impedance error within 64 nCK for all speed bins assuming the maximum sensitivities specified in the 'Output Driver Voltage and Temperature Sensitivity' and 'ODT Voltage and Temperature Sensitivity' tables. The appropriate interval between ZQCS commands can be determined from these tables and other application specific parameters.
    One method for calculating the interval between ZQCS commands, given the temperature (Tdriftrate) and voltage (Vdriftrate) drift rates that the SDRAM is subject to in the application, is illustrated. The interval could be defined by the following formula:

$$\frac{ZQCorrection}{(TSens \times Tdriftrate) + (VSens \times Vdriftrate)}$$

where TSens = max(dRTTdT, dRONdTM) and VSens = max(dRTTdV, dRONdVM) define the SDRAM temperature and voltage sensitivities.

For example, if TSens = 1.5% /°C, VSens = 0.15% / mV, Tdriftrate = 1°C / sec and Vdriftrate = 15 mV / sec, then the interval between ZQCS commands is calculated as:

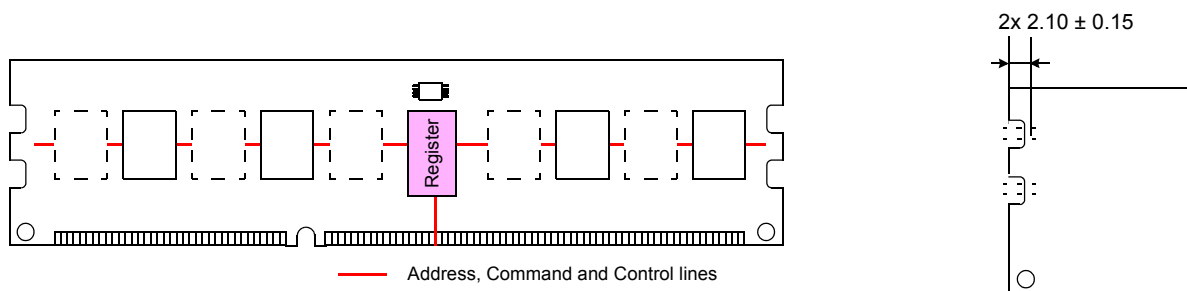$$\frac{0.5}{(1.5 \times 1) + (0.15 \times 15)} = 0.133 \approx 128ms$$

24. n = from 13 cycles to 50 cycles. This row defines 38 parameters.

25. tCH(abs) is the absolute instantaneous clock high pulse width, as measured from one rising edge to the following falling edge.

26. tCL(abs) is the absolute instantaneous clock low pulse width, as measured from one falling edge to the following rising edge.

27. The tIS(base) AC150 specifications are adjusted from the tIS(base) AC175 specification by adding an additional 125 ps for DDR3-800/1066 or 100ps for DDR3-1333/1600 of derating to accommodate for the lower alternate threshold of 150mV and another 25ps to account for the earlier reference point [(175mv - 150 mV) / 1 V/ns].

28. Pulse width of a input signal is defined as the width between the first crossing of $V_{REF}(DC)$ and the consecutive crossing of $V_{REF}(DC)$

29. tDQSL describes the instantaneous differential input low pulse width on DQS-$\overline{DQS}$, as measured from one falling edge to the next consecutive rising edge.

30. tDQSH describes the instantaneous differential input high pulse width on DQS-$\overline{DQS}$, as measured from one rising edge to the next consecutive falling edge.

31. tDQSH, act + tDQSL, act = 1 tCK, act ; with tXYZ, act being the actual measured value of the respective timing parameter in the application.

32. tDSH, act + tDSS, act = 1 tCK, act ; with tXYZ, act being the actual measured value of the respective timing parameter in the application.

33. The tIS(base) AC125 specifications are adjusted from the tIS(base) AC135 specification by adding an additional 75ps for DDR3-1866 to accommodate for the lower alternate threshold of 125mV and another 10ps to account for the earlier reference point [(135mv - 125mV) / 1 V/ns].

20. Physical Dimensions

20.1 512Mbx8 based 512Mx72 Module (1 Rank) - M393B5173QH0

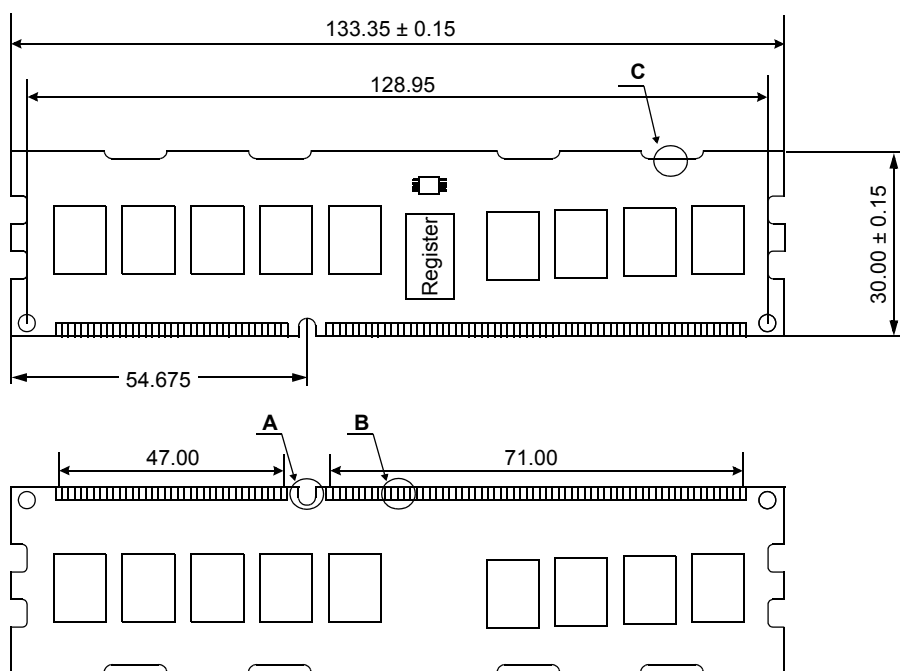Units : Millimeters

Detail A

Detail B

Detail C
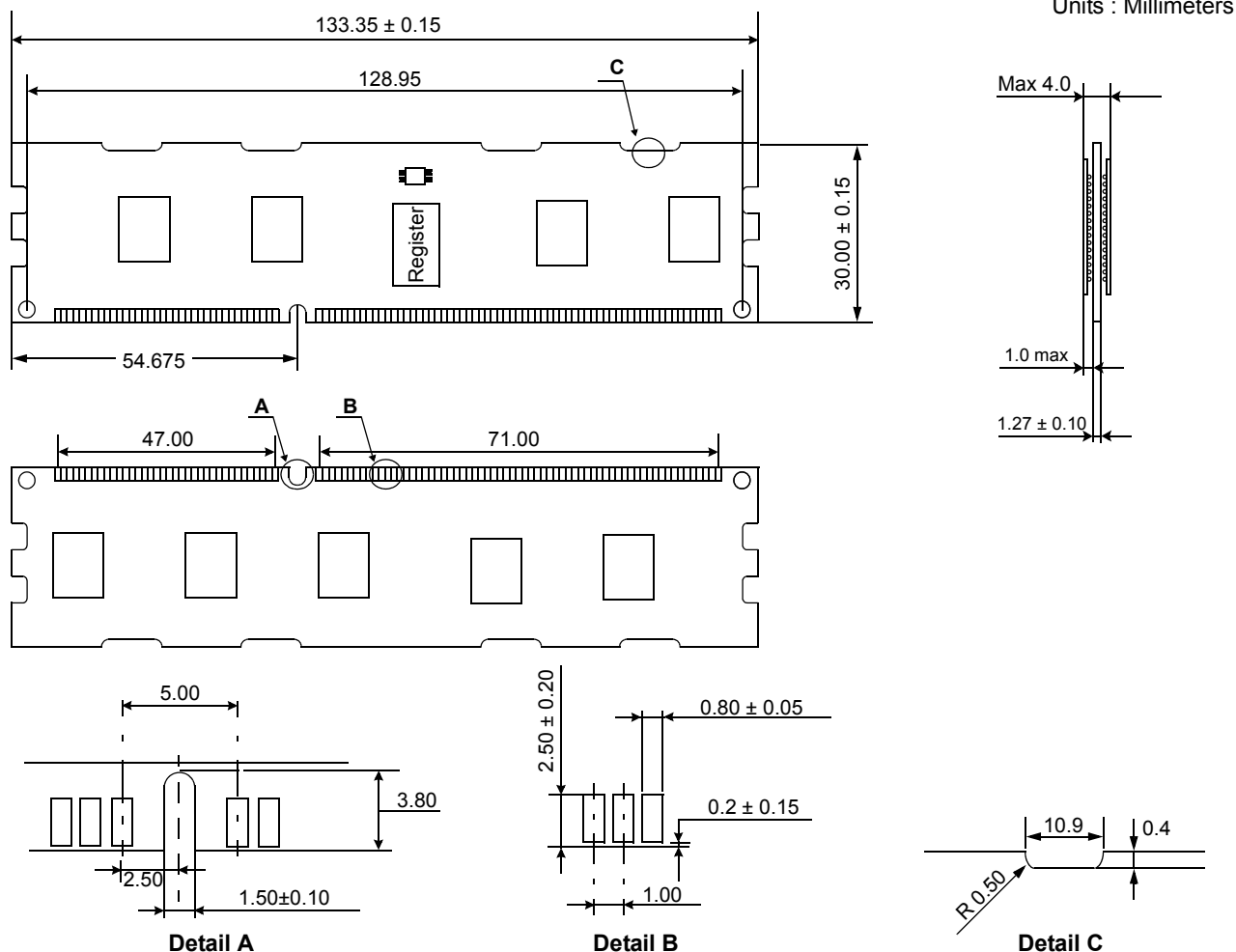
20.1.1 x72 DIMM, populated as one physical rank of x8 DDR3 SDRAMs

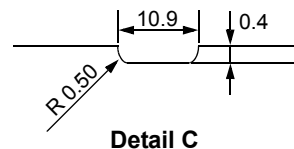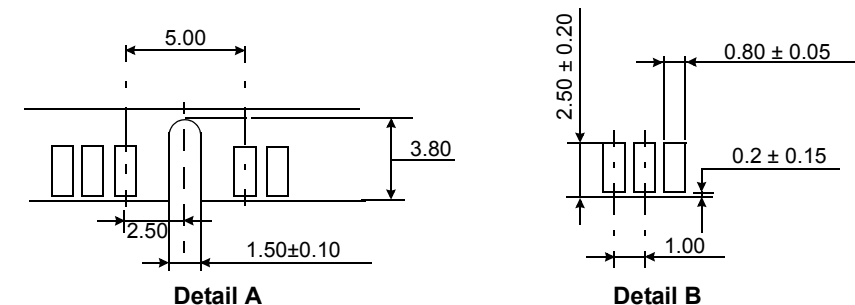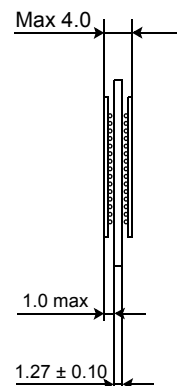Address, Command and Control lines

2x 2.10 ± 0.15

The used device is 512M x8 DDR3 SDRAM, BOC
DDR3 SDRAM Part NO : K4B4G0846Q-HC**

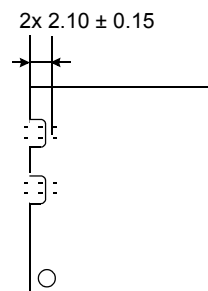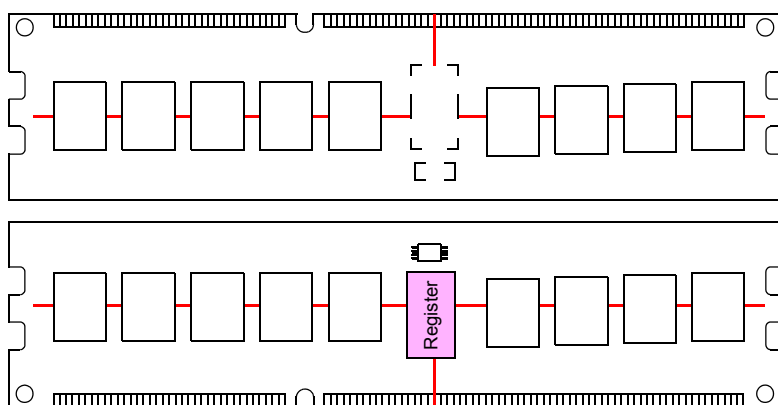* **NOTE** : Tolerances on all dimensions ±0.15 unless otherwise specified.

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20.2 1Gbx4 based 1Gx72 Module (1 Rank) - M393B1G70QH0

Units : Millimeters

Detail A

Detail B

Detail C

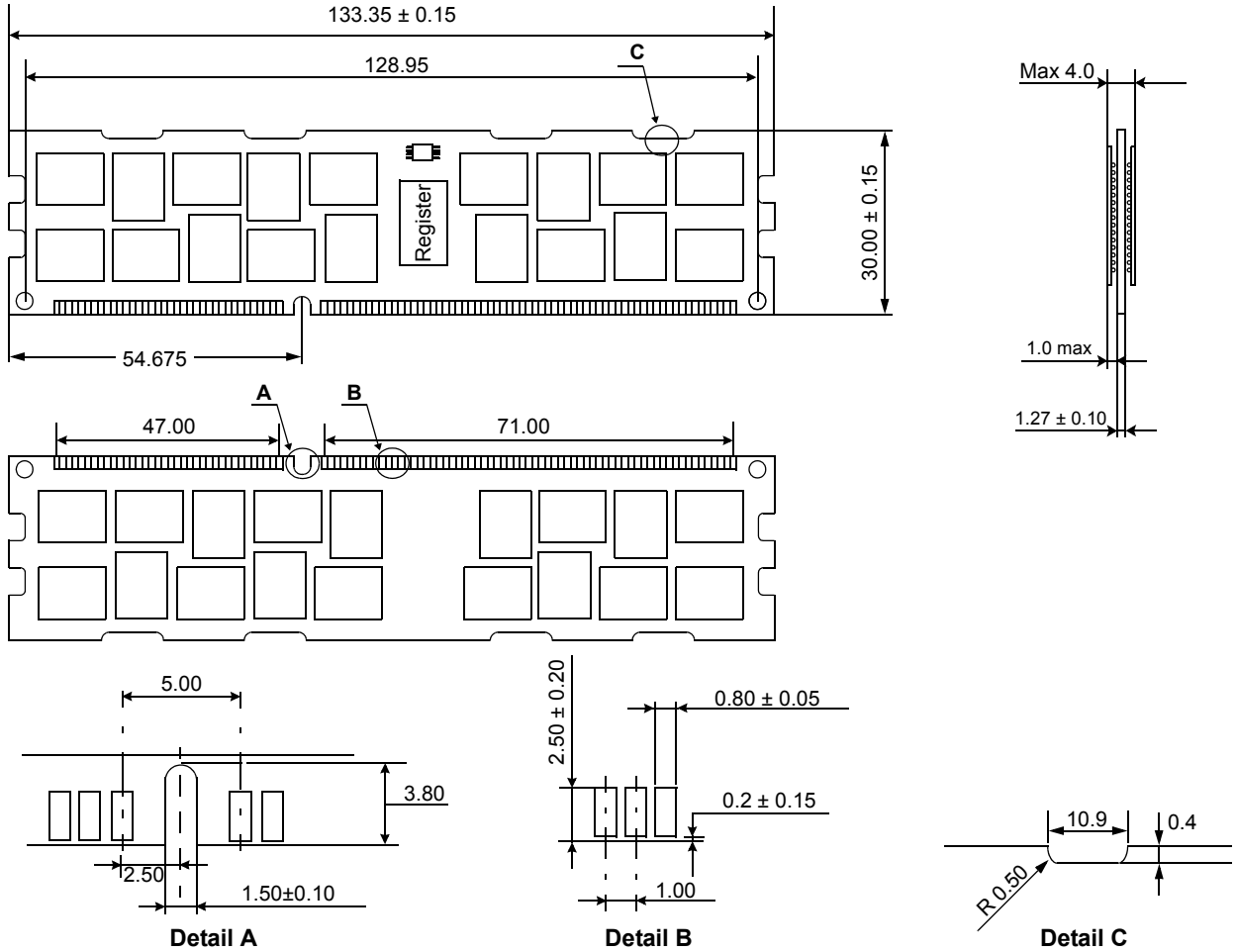## 20.2.1 x72 DIMM, populated as one physical rank of x4 DDR3 SDRAMs

———— Address, Command and Control lines

The used device is 1G x4 DDR3 SDRAM, BOC
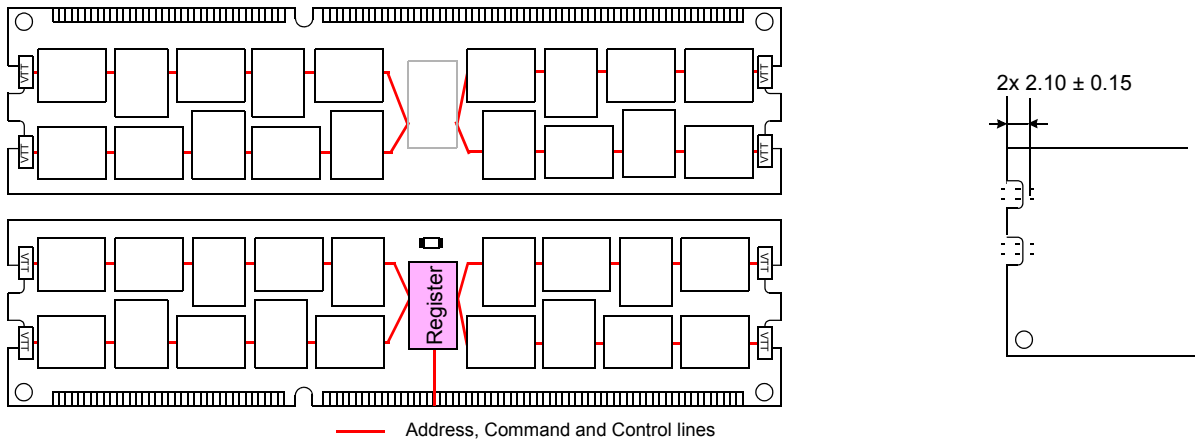DDR3 SDRAM Part NO : K4B4G0446Q-HC**

* **NOTE** : Tolerances on all dimensions ±0.15 unless otherwise specified.

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20.3 1Gbx4 based 2Gx72 Module (2 Ranks) - M393B2G70QH0

Units : Millimeters

Detail A

Detail B

Detail C

20.3.1 x72 DIMM, populated as two physical ranks of x4 DDR3 SDRAMs

——— Address, Command and Control lines

The used device is 1G x4 DDR3 SDRAM, BOC
DDR3 SDRAM Part NO : K4B4G0446Q-HC**

* **NOTE** : Tolerances on all dimensions ±0.15 unless otherwise specified.

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