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March 2013

## FDB3682 / FDP3682

# N-Channel PowerTrench<sup>®</sup> MOSFET 100 V, 32 A, 36 m $\Omega$

#### **Features**

- $R_{DS(on)} = 32 \text{ m}\Omega$  ( Typ.) @  $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_D = 32 \text{ A}$
- $Q_{G(tot)} = 18.5 \text{ nC(Typ.)} @ V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$
- Low Miller Charge
- Low Q<sub>rr</sub> Body Diode
- UIS Capability (Single Pulse and Repetitive Pulse)

Formerly developmental type 82755

### **Applications**

- · Consumer Appliances
- Synchronous Rectification
- Battery Protection Circuit
- Motor drives and Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- Micro Solar Inverter







### MOSFET Maximum Ratings T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	FDB3682 / FDP3682	Unit
V <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain to Source Voltage	100	V
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate to Source Voltage	±20	V
	Drain Current		
	Continuous ( $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{GS} = 10V$ )	32	Α
$I_D$	Continuous (T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V)	23	Α
	Continuous ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{GS} = 10V$ , $R_{\theta JA} = 43^{\circ}C/W$ )	6	Α
	Pulsed	Figure 4	Α
E <sub>AS</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Note 1)	55	mJ
	Power dissipation	95	W
$P_{D}$	Derate above 25°C	0.63	W/°C
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 175	°C

### **Thermal Characteristics**

$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Case TO-220, TO-263, Max.	1.58	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient TO-220, TO-263 (Note 2), Max.	62	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient TO-263, 1in <sup>2</sup> copper pad area, Max.	43	°C/W

### **Package Marking and Ordering Information**

	<b>Device Marking</b>	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
_	FDB3682	FDB3682	TO-263	330mm	24mm	800 units
Ξ	FDP3682	FDP3682	TO-220	Tube	N/A	50 units

### **Electrical Characteristics** $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Cond	ditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Off Characteristics							
B <sub>VDSS</sub>	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS}$	= 0V	100	-	-	V
1	Zono Coto Valtono Dunio Comunit			-	-	1	^
I <sub>DSS</sub> Zero Gate	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 0V$	$T_{\rm C} = 150^{\rm o}{\rm C}$	-	-	250	μΑ
$I_{GSS}$	Gate to Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 20V$		-	-	±100	nA

#### **On Characteristics**

V <sub>GS(TH)</sub>	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu A$	2	-	4	V
		I <sub>D</sub> =32A, V <sub>GS</sub> =10V	-	0.032	0.036	
r <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Drain to Source On Resistance	$I_D = 16A, V_{GS} = 6V,$	-	0.040	0.060	Ω
		I <sub>D</sub> =32A, V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, T <sub>C</sub> =175°C	-	0.080	0.090	

### **Dynamic Characteristics**

C <sub>ISS</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, f = 1MHz		-	1250	-	pF
Coss	Output Capacitance			-	190	-	pF
C <sub>RSS</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	1 - 1111112		-	45	-	pF
$Q_{g(TOT)}$	Total Gate Charge at 10V	$V_{GS} = 0V \text{ to } 10V$		-	18.5	28	nC
$Q_{g(TH)}$	Threshold Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0V \text{ to } 2V$	$V_{DD} = 50V$	-	2.4	3.6	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate to Source Gate Charge		$I_D = 32A$	-	6.5	-	nC
Q <sub>gs2</sub>	Gate Charge Threshold to Plateau		$I_g = 1.0 \text{mA}$	-	4.1	-	nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge			-	4.6	-	nC

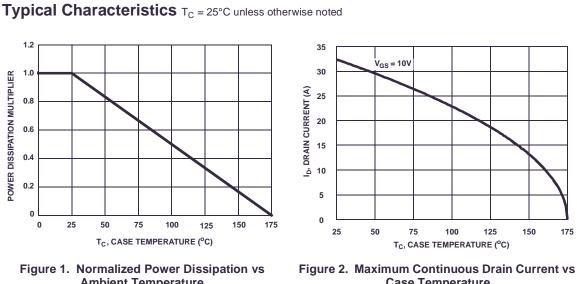
### **Resistive Switching Characteristics** $(V_{GS} = 10V)$

t <sub>ON</sub>	Turn-On Time		-	-	83	ns
t <sub>d(ON)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time		-	9	-	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	$V_{DD} = 50V, I_D = 32A$	-	46	-	ns
t <sub>d(OFF)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time	$V_{GS} = 10V, R_{GS} = 16\Omega$	-	26	-	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time		-	32	-	ns
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-Off Time		-	-	87	ns

### **Drain-Source Diode Characteristics**

V <sub>SD</sub>	Source to Drain Diode Voltage	I <sub>SD</sub> = 32A	-	-	1.25	V
		I <sub>SD</sub> = 16A	-	-	1.0	V
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 32A$ , $dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	55	ns
Q <sub>RR</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_{SD} = 32A$ , $dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	90	nC

- Notes: 1: Starting  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ , L = 0.27mH,  $I_{AS} = 20A$ . 2: Pulse Width = 100s



**Ambient Temperature** 

**Case Temperature** 

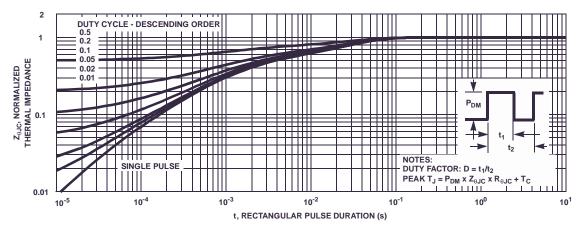


Figure 3. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

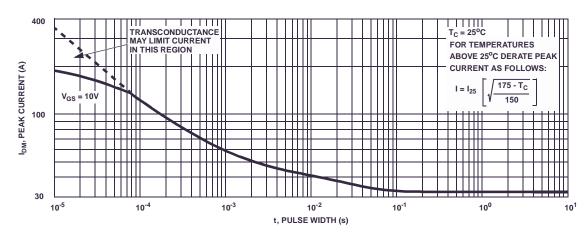
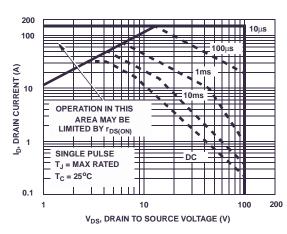


Figure 4. Peak Current Capability



Typical Characteristics  $T_C = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

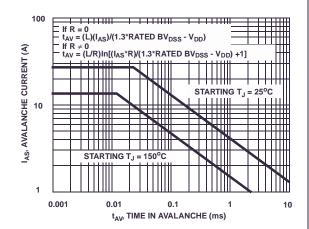
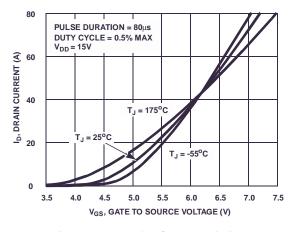


Figure 5. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7514 and AN7515

Figure 6. Unclamped Inductive Switching

Capability



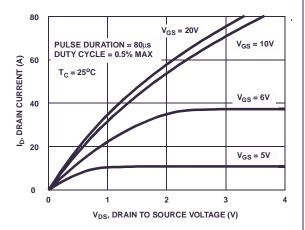
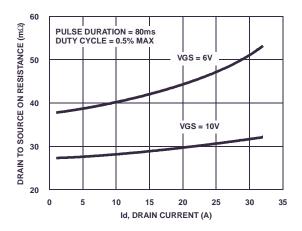


Figure 7. Transfer Characteristics

Figure 8. Saturation Characteristics



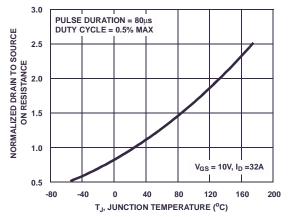


Figure 9. Drain to Source On Resistance vs Drain Current

Figure 10. Normalized Drain to Source On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

### **Typical Characteristics** $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted

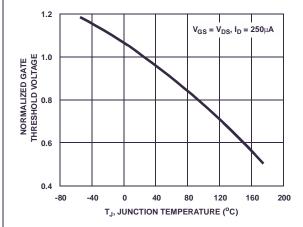


Figure 11. Normalized Gate Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

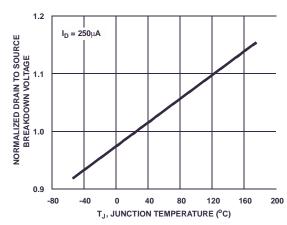


Figure 12. Normalized Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

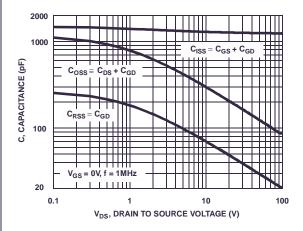


Figure 13. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

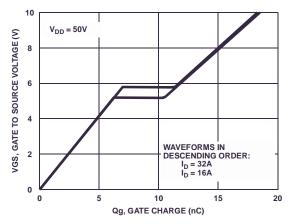
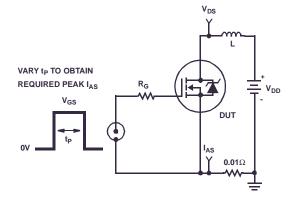


Figure 14. Gate Charge Waveforms for Constant Gate Currents

### **Test Circuits and Waveforms**



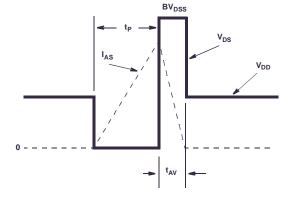
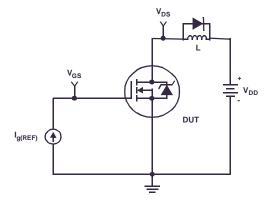


Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

Figure 16. Unclamped Energy Waveforms



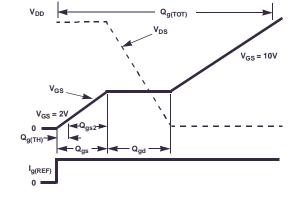
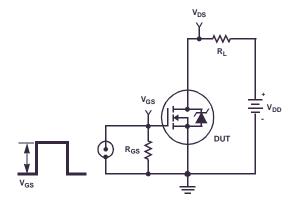


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Figure 18. Gate Charge Waveforms



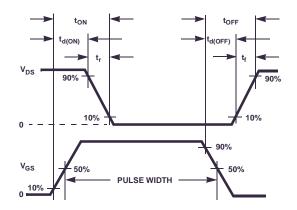


Figure 19. Switching Time Test Circuit

Figure 20. Switching Time Waveforms

### Thermal Resistance vs. Mounting Pad Area

The maximum rated junction temperature,  $T_{JM}$ , and the thermal resistance of the heat dissipating path determines the maximum allowable device power dissipation,  $P_{DM}$ , in an application. Therefore the application's ambient temperature,  $T_A$  (°C), and thermal resistance  $R_{\theta JA}$  (°C/W) must be reviewed to ensure that  $T_{JM}$  is never exceeded. Equation 1 mathematically represents the relationship and serves as the basis for establishing the rating of the part.

$$P_{DM} = \frac{(T_{JM} - T_A)}{R_{\theta JA}} \tag{EQ. 1}$$

In using surface mount devices such as the TO-263 package, the environment in which it is applied will have a significant influence on the part's current and maximum power dissipation ratings. Precise determination of  $P_{DM}$  is complex and influenced by many factors:

- Mounting pad area onto which the device is attached and whether there is copper on one side or both sides of the board.
- 2. The number of copper layers and the thickness of the board.
- 3. The use of external heat sinks.
- 4. The use of thermal vias.
- 5. Air flow and board orientation.
- For non steady state applications, the pulse width, the duty cycle and the transient thermal response of the part, the board and the environment they are in.

Fairchild provides thermal information to assist the designer's preliminary application evaluation. Figure 21 defines the  $R_{\theta JA}$  for the device as a function of the top copper (component side) area. This is for a horizontally positioned FR-4 board with 10z copper after 1000 seconds of steady state power with no air flow. This graph provides the necessary information for calculation of the steady state junction temperature or power dissipation. Pulse applications can be evaluated using the Fairchild device Spice thermal model or manually utilizing the normalized maximum transient thermal impedance curve.

Thermal resistances corresponding to other copper areas can be obtained from Figure 21 or by calculation using Equation 2 or 3. Equation 2 is used for copper area defined in inches square and equation 3 is for area in centimeter square. The area, in square inches or square centimeters is the top copper area including the gate and source pads.

$$R_{\Theta JA} = 26.51 + \frac{19.84}{(0.262 + Area)}$$
 (EQ. 2)

Area in Inches Squared

$$R_{\theta JA} = 26.51 + \frac{128}{(1.69 + Area)}$$
 (EQ. 3)

Area in Centimeters Squared

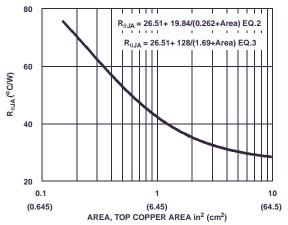
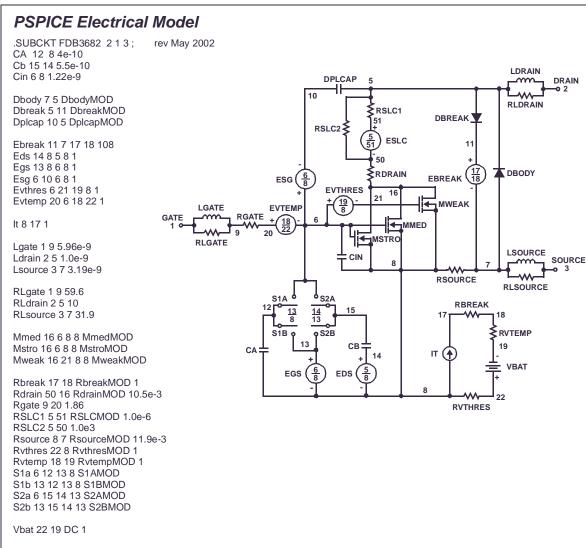


Figure 21. Thermal Resistance vs Mounting
Pad Area



ESLC 51 50 VALUE={(V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51)))\*(PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6\*70),2.5))}

.MODEL DbodyMOD D (IS=2.4E-12 RS=4.4e-3 TRS1=2.0e-3 TRS2=4.5e-7 + CJO=9e-10 M=0.57 TT=2.9e-8 XTI=4.0)

.MODEL DbreakMOD D (RS=0.6 TRS1=1.4e-3 TRS2=-5.0e-5)

.MODEL DplcapMOD D (CJO=2.7e-10 IS=1.0e-30 N=10 M=0.56)

.MODEL MstroMOD NMOS (VTO=4.16 KP=32 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u)

.MODEL MmedMOD NMOS (VTO=3.48 KP=2.7 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u RG=1.86)

.MODEL MweakMOD NMOS (VTO=2.97 KP=0.04 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u RG=18.6 RS=0.1)

.MODEL RbreakMOD RES (TC1=1.05e-3 TC2=-1.1e-8)

.MODEL RdrainMOD RES (TC1=1.6e-2 TC2=4e-5)

.MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1=3.0e-3 TC2=2.9e-6)

.MODEL RsourceMOD RES (TC1=1e-3 TC2=1e-6)

.MODEL RvthresMOD RES (TC1=-4.1e-3 TC2=-1.4e-5)

.MODEL RytempMOD RES (TC1=-3.5e-3 TC2=1.3e-6)

.MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-5.0 VOFF=-2.0)

.MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-2.0 VOFF=-5.0)

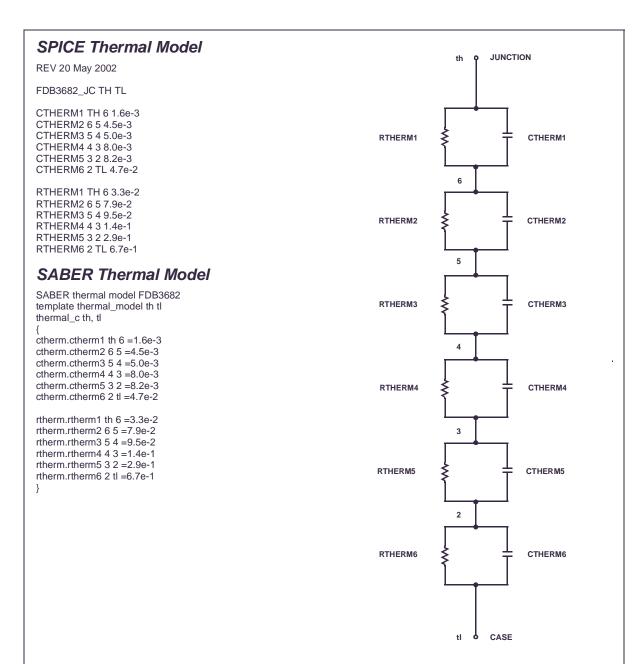
.MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-0.4 VOFF=0.3)

.MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=0.3 VOFF=-0.4)

#### FNDS

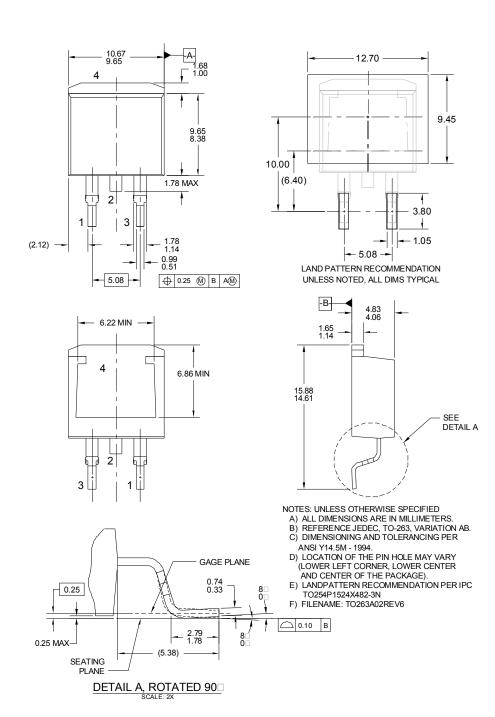
Note: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank Wheatley.

```
SABER Electrical Model
REV May 2002
template FDB3682 n2,n1,n3
electrical n2,n1,n3
var i iscl
dp..model dbodymod = (isl=2.4e-12,rs=4.4e-3,trs1=2.0e-3,trs2=4.5e-7,cjo=9e-10,m=0.57,tt=2.9e-8,xti=4.0)
dp..model dbreakmod = (rs=0.6.trs1=1.4e-3.trs2=-5e-5)
dp..model dplcapmod = (cjo=2.7e-10,isl=10e-30,nl=10,m=0.56)
m..model mstrongmod = (type=_n,vto=4.16,kp=32,is=1e-30, tox=1)
m..model mmedmod = (type=_n, vto=3.48, kp=2.7, is=1e-30, tox=1)
m..model mweakmod = (type=_n, vto=2.97, kp=0.04, is=1e-30, tox=1, rs=0.1)
sw_vcsp..model s1amod = (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-5,voff=-2)
                                                                                                          I DRAIN
sw_vcsp..model s1bmod = (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-2,voff=-5)
                                                                   DPLCAP
                                                                                                                   DRAIN
sw_vcsp..model s2amod = (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-0.4,voff=0.3)
                                                               10
sw_vcsp..model s2bmod = (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=0.3,voff=-0.4)
                                                                                                          RLDRAIN
c.ca n12 n8 = 4e-10
                                                                             ERSLC1
c.cb n15 n14 = 5.5e-10
                                                                RSLC2 ₹
c.cin n6 n8 = 1.22e-9
                                                                               ISCI
dp.dbody n7 n5 = model=dbodymod
                                                                                         DBREAK 3
dp.dbreak n5 n11 = model=dbreakmod
                                                                              RDRAIN
                                                             <u>6</u>
dp.dplcap n10 n5 = model=dplcapmod
                                                        FSG
                                                                                                 11
                                                                                                          DBODY
                                                                   EVTHRES
spe.ebreak n11 n7 n17 n18 = 108
                                                                     19
                                                                                           MWEAK
                                        I GATE
                                                       EVTEMP
spe.eds n14 n8 n5 n8 = 1
                                                RGATE
spe.egs n13 n8 n6 n8 = 1
                                                                                           EBREAK
                                                                                MMED
                                                      20
spe.esg n6 n10 n6 n8 = 1
                                                                        MSTRO
                                       RLGATE
spe.evthres n6 n21 n19 n8 = 1
                                                                                                          LSOURCE
                                                                        CIN
spe.evtemp n20 n6 n18 n22 = 1
                                                                                                                   SOURCE
                                                                                        RSOURCE
i.it n8 n17 = 1
                                                                                                         RLSOURCE
I.lgate n1 n9 = 5.96e-9
                                                                                              RBREAK
I.ldrain n2 n5 = 1.0e-9
                                                                                           17
I.lsource n3 n7 = 3.19e-9
                                                                                                      ₹RVTEMP
                                                                o S2B
                                                        S<sub>1</sub>B
                                                              13
                                                                                                        19
res.rlgate n1 n9 = 59.6
                                                  CA
                                                                                         IT
res.rldrain n2 n5 = 10
                                                                                                          VBAT
res.rlsource n3 n7 = 31.9
                                                          EGS
                                                                     EDS
m.mmed n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mmedmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mstrong n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mstrongmod, l=1u, w=1u
                                                                                              RVTHRES
m.mweak n16 n21 n8 n8 = model=mweakmod, l=1u, w=1u
res.rbreak n17 n18 = 1, tc1=1.05e-3,tc2=-1.1e-8
res.rdrain n50 n16 = 10.5e-3, tc1=1.6e-2,tc2=4e-5
res.rgate n9 n20 = 1.86
res.rslc1 n5 n51 = 1.0e-6, tc1=3.0e-3,tc2=2.9e-6
res.rslc2 n5 n50 = 1.0e3
res.rsource n8 n7 = 11.9e-3, tc1=1e-3,tc2=1e-6
res.rvthres n22 n8 = 1, tc1=-4.1e-3,tc2=-1.4e-5
res.rvtemp n18 n19 = 1, tc1=-3.5e-3,tc2=1.3e-6
sw vcsp.s1a n6 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1amod
sw_vcsp.s1b n13 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1bmod
sw_vcsp.s2a n6 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2amod
sw_vcsp.s2b n13 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2bmod
v.vbat n22 n19 = dc=1
equations {
i (n51->n50) +=iscl
|sc| = ((v(n5,n51)/(1e-9+abs(v(n5,n51))))*((abs(v(n5,n51)*1e6/70))** 2.5))
```



### **Mechanical Dimensions**

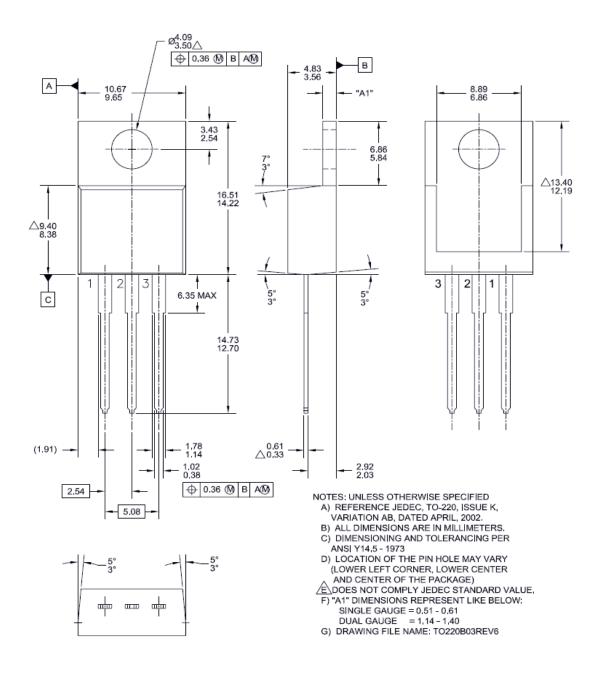
### D2-PAK



Dimensions in Millimeters

### **Mechanical Dimensions**

### TO-220







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IntelliMAX™

and Better™

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Programmable Active Droop™

QFET® QS™ Quiet Series™ RapidConfigure<sup>™</sup> тм

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SyncFET™

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