



ON Semiconductor®

## FDD10AN06A0-F085

### N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET 60V, 50A, 10.5mΩ

#### Features

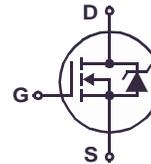
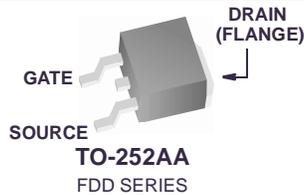
- $r_{DS(ON)} = 9.4m\Omega$  (Typ.),  $V_{GS} = 10V$ ,  $I_D = 50A$
- $Q_g(tot) = 28nC$  (Typ.),  $V_{GS} = 10V$
- Low Miller Charge
- Low  $Q_{rr}$  Body Diode
- UIS Capability (Single Pulse and Repetitive Pulse)
- Qualified to AEC Q101
- RoHS Compliant



#### Applications

- Motor / Body Load Control
- ABS Systems
- Powertrain Management
- Injection Systems
- DC-DC converters and Off-line UPS
- Distributed Power Architectures and VRMs
- Primary Switch for 12V and 24V systems

Formerly developmental type 82560



#### MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

| Symbol         | Parameter  | Ratings    | Units         |
|----------------|--|------------|---------------|
| $V_{DSS}$      | Drain to Source Voltage  | 60         | V             |
| $V_{GS}$       | Gate to Source Voltage   | $\pm 20$   | V             |
| $I_D$          | Drain Current  |            |               |
|                | Continuous ( $T_C < 115^\circ C$ , $V_{GS} = 10V$ )  | 50         | A             |
|                | Continuous ( $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ , $V_{GS} = 10V$ , with $R_{\theta JA} = 52^\circ C/W$ ) | 11         | A             |
|                | Pulsed   | Figure 4   | A             |
| $E_{AS}$       | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Note 1)   | 429        | mJ            |
| $P_D$          | Power dissipation  | 135        | W             |
|                | Derate above $25^\circ C$  | 0.9        | W/ $^\circ C$ |
| $T_J, T_{STG}$ | Operating and Storage Temperature  | -55 to 175 | $^\circ C$    |

#### Thermal Characteristics

|                 |   |      |              |
|-----------------|---|------|--------------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction to Case TO-252                                      | 1.11 | $^\circ C/W$ |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient TO-252                                   | 100  | $^\circ C/W$ |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient TO-252, 1in <sup>2</sup> copper pad area | 52   | $^\circ C/W$ |

This product has been designed to meet the extreme test conditions and environment demanded by the automotive industry. For a copy of the requirements, see AEC Q101 at: <http://www.aecouncil.com/>

All ON Semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 and QS9000 quality systems certification.

FDD10AN06A0-F085 N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET

## Package Marking and Ordering Information

| Device Marking | Device           | Package  | Reel Size | Tape Width | Quantity   |
|----------------|------------------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| FDD10AN06A0    | FDD10AN06A0-F085 | TO-252AA | 330mm     | 16mm       | 2500 units |

## Electrical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|--------|-----------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
|--------|-----------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|

### Off Characteristics

|            |                                   |  |    |   |           |               |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|----|---|-----------|---------------|
| $B_{VDSS}$ | Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$    | 60 | - | -         | V             |
| $I_{DSS}$  | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current   | $V_{DS} = 50\text{V}$                            | -  | - | 1         | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|            |                                   | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | -  | - | 250       |               |
| $I_{GSS}$  | Gate to Source Leakage Current    | $V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$                        | -  | - | $\pm 100$ | nA            |

### On Characteristics

|              |                                  |   |   |        |        |          |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---|---|--------|--------|----------|
| $V_{GS(TH)}$ | Gate to Source Threshold Voltage | $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$                                | 2 | -      | 4      | V        |
| $r_{DS(ON)}$ | Drain to Source On Resistance    | $I_D = 50\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$                                | - | 0.0094 | 0.0105 | $\Omega$ |
|              |                                  | $I_D = 50\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ,<br>$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ | - | 0.020  | 0.023  |          |

### Dynamic Characteristics

|              |                                  |   |   |      |     |    |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---|---|------|-----|----|
| $C_{ISS}$    | Input Capacitance                | $V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ,<br>$f = 1\text{MHz}$ | - | 1840 | -   | pF |
| $C_{OSS}$    | Output Capacitance               |   | - | 340  | -   | pF |
| $C_{RSS}$    | Reverse Transfer Capacitance     |   | - | 110  | -   | pF |
| $Q_{g(TOT)}$ | Total Gate Charge at 10V         | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ to 10V   | - | 28   | 37  | nC |
| $Q_{g(TH)}$  | Threshold Gate Charge            | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ to 2V  | - | 3.5  | 4.6 | nC |
| $Q_{gs}$     | Gate to Source Gate Charge       | $V_{DD} = 30\text{V}$<br>$I_D = 50\text{A}$<br>$I_g = 1.0\text{mA}$ | - | 9.8  | -   | nC |
| $Q_{gs2}$    | Gate Charge Threshold to Plateau |   | - | 6.4  | -   | nC |
| $Q_{gd}$     | Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge    |   | - | 7.8  | -   | nC |

### Switching Characteristics ( $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ )

|              |                     |   |   |    |     |    |
|--------------|---------------------|---|---|----|-----|----|
| $t_{ON}$     | Turn-On Time        | $V_{DD} = 30\text{V}$ , $I_D = 50\text{A}$<br>$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ , $R_{GS} = 10\Omega$ | - | -  | 131 | ns |
| $t_{d(ON)}$  | Turn-On Delay Time  |   | - | 8  | -   | ns |
| $t_r$        | Rise Time           |   | - | 79 | -   | ns |
| $t_{d(OFF)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time |   | - | 32 | -   | ns |
| $t_f$        | Fall Time           |   | - | 32 | -   | ns |
| $t_{OFF}$    | Turn-Off Time       |   | - | -  | 97  | ns |

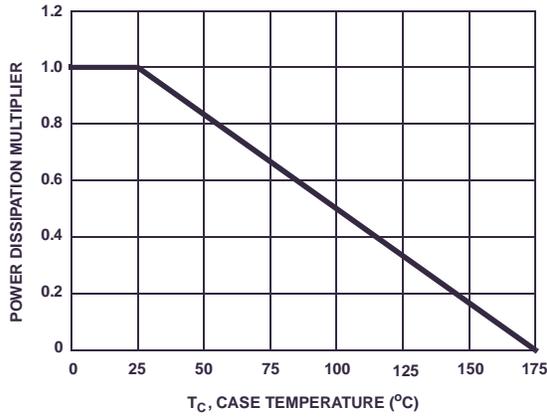
### Drain-Source Diode Characteristics

|          |                               |  |   |   |      |    |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|---|---|------|----|
| $V_{SD}$ | Source to Drain Diode Voltage | $I_{SD} = 50\text{A}$  | - | - | 1.25 | V  |
|          |                               | $I_{SD} = 25\text{A}$  | - | - | 1.0  | V  |
| $t_{rr}$ | Reverse Recovery Time         | $I_{SD} = 50\text{A}$ , $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | - | 27   | ns |
| $Q_{RR}$ | Reverse Recovered Charge      | $I_{SD} = 50\text{A}$ , $dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | - | 23   | nC |

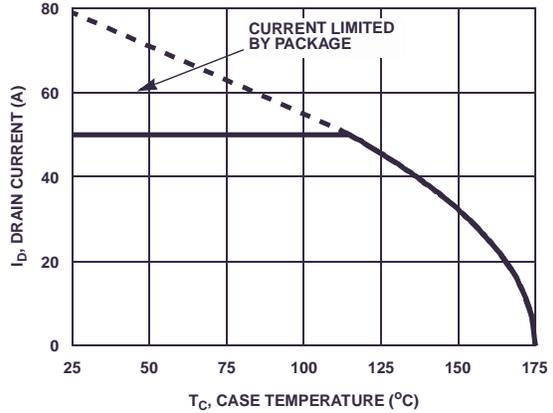
#### Notes:

1: Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 8.58\text{mH}$ ,  $I_{AS} = 10\text{A}$ .

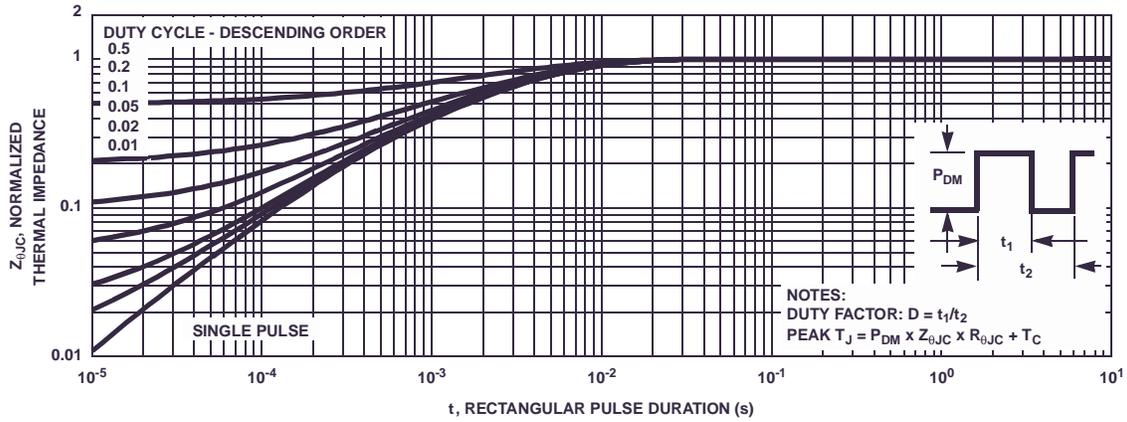
**Typical Characteristics**  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted



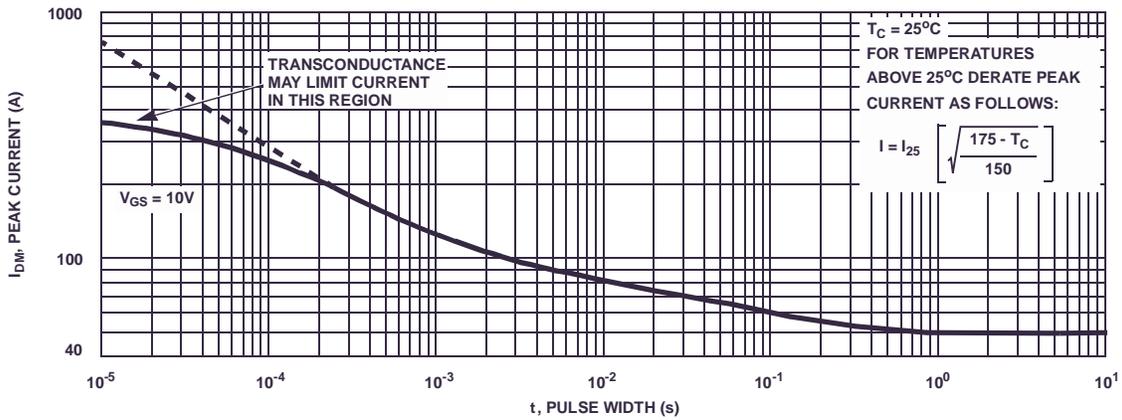
**Figure 1. Normalized Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature**



**Figure 2. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature**

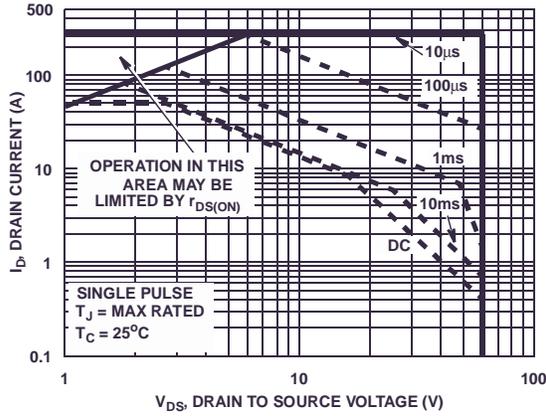


**Figure 3. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**

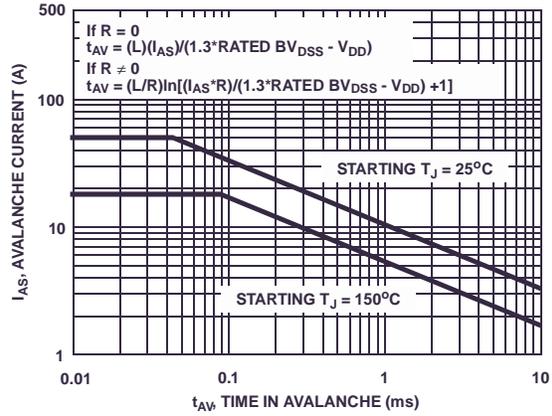


**Figure 4. Peak Current Capability**

**Typical Characteristics**  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

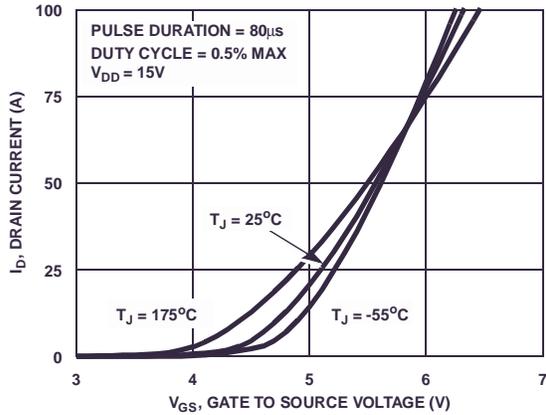


**Figure 5. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area**

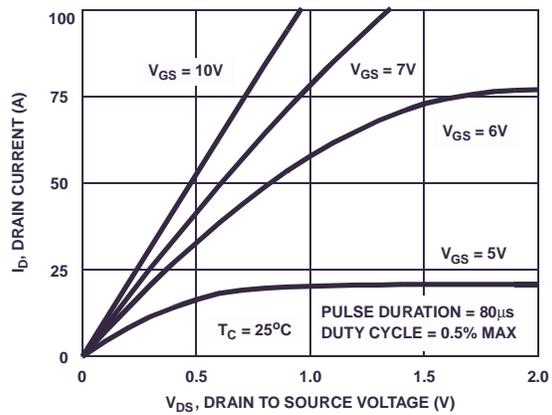


NOTE: Refer to ON Semiconductor Application Notes AN7514 and AN7515

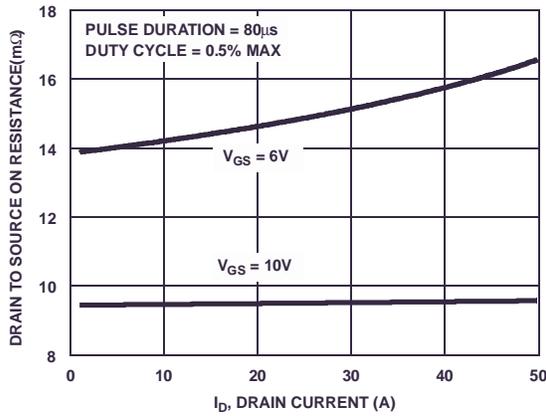
**Figure 6. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability**



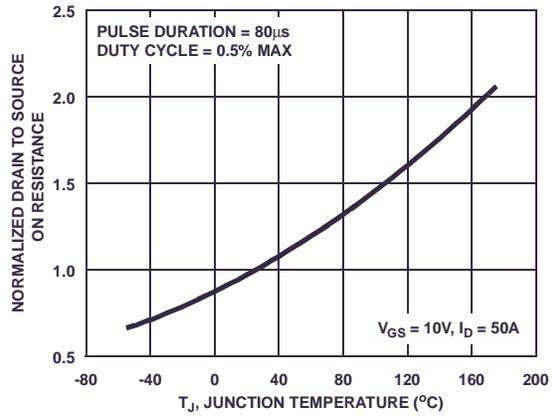
**Figure 7. Transfer Characteristics**



**Figure 8. Saturation Characteristics**

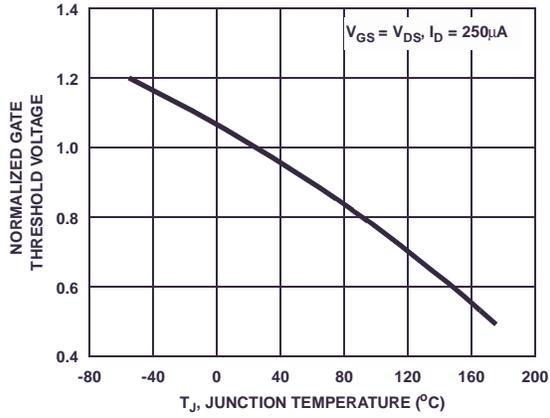


**Figure 9. Drain to Source On Resistance vs Drain Current**

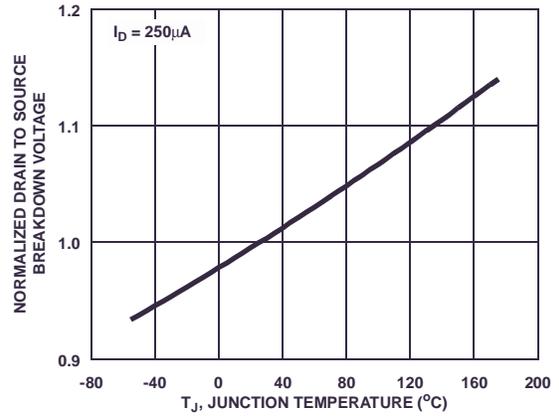


**Figure 10. Normalized Drain to Source On Resistance vs Junction Temperature**

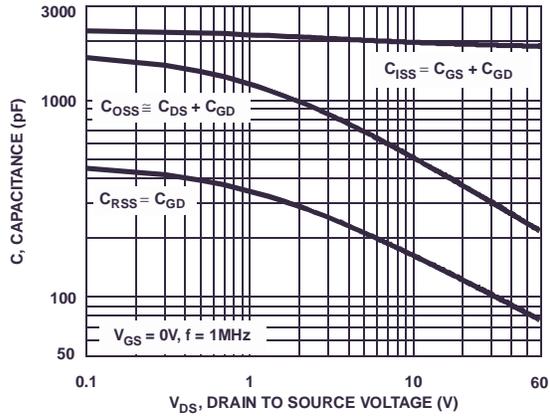
**Typical Characteristics**  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted



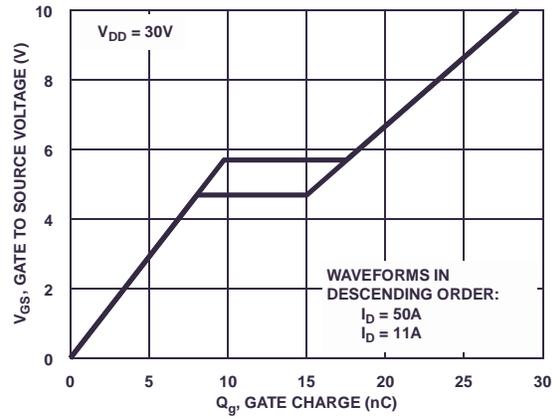
**Figure 11. Normalized Gate Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature**



**Figure 12. Normalized Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature**

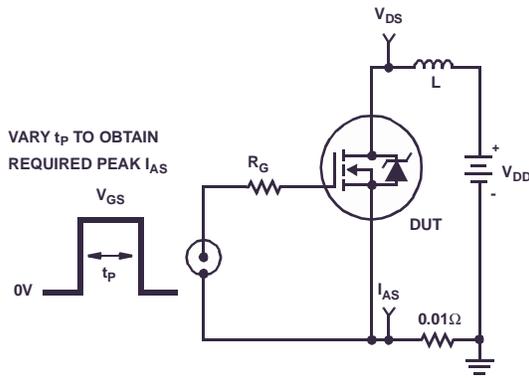


**Figure 13. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage**

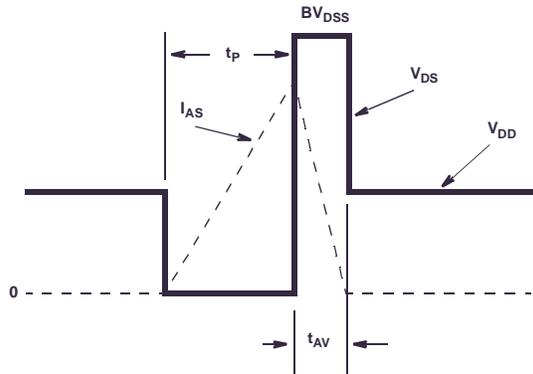


**Figure 14. Gate Charge Waveforms for Constant Gate Currents**

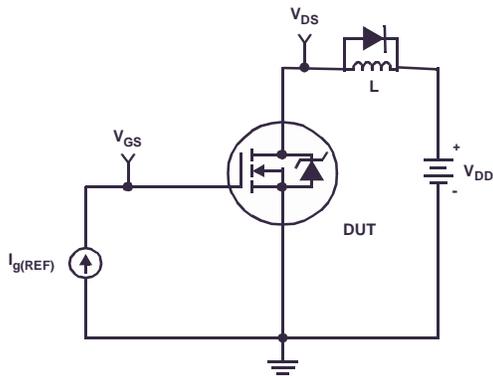
**Test Circuits and Waveforms**



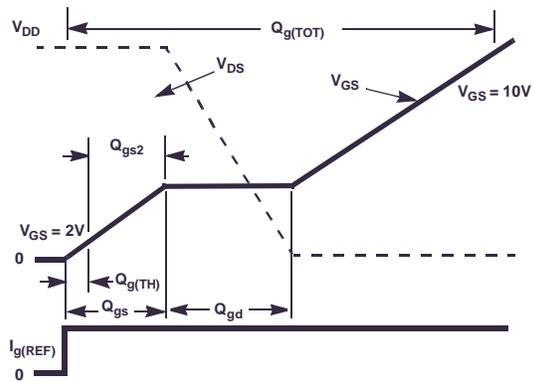
**Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit**



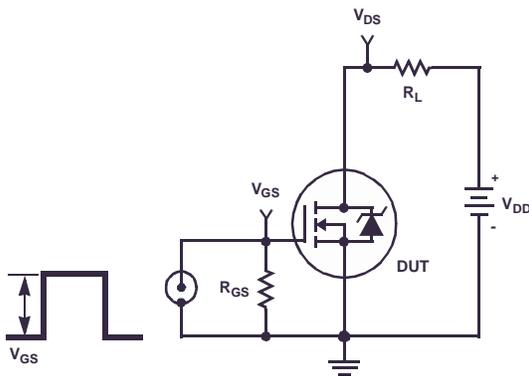
**Figure 16. Unclamped Energy Waveforms**



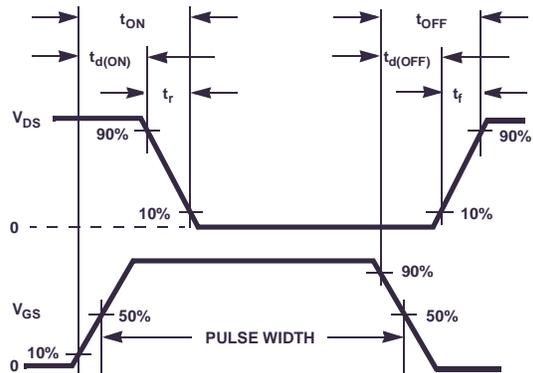
**Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit**



**Figure 18. Gate Charge Waveforms**



**Figure 19. Switching Time Test Circuit**



**Figure 20. Switching Time Waveforms**

### Thermal Resistance vs. Mounting Pad Area

The maximum rated junction temperature,  $T_{JM}$ , and the thermal resistance of the heat dissipating path determines the maximum allowable device power dissipation,  $P_{DM}$ , in an application. Therefore the application's ambient temperature,  $T_A$  ( $^{\circ}C$ ), and thermal resistance  $R_{\theta JA}$  ( $^{\circ}C/W$ ) must be reviewed to ensure that  $T_{JM}$  is never exceeded. Equation 1 mathematically represents the relationship and serves as the basis for establishing the rating of the part.

$$P_{DM} = \frac{(T_{JM} - T_A)}{R_{\theta JA}} \quad (\text{EQ. 1})$$

In using surface mount devices such as the TO-252 package, the environment in which it is applied will have a significant influence on the part's current and maximum power dissipation ratings. Precise determination of  $P_{DM}$  is complex and influenced by many factors:

1. Mounting pad area onto which the device is attached and whether there is copper on one side or both sides of the board.
2. The number of copper layers and the thickness of the board.
3. The use of external heat sinks.
4. The use of thermal vias.
5. Air flow and board orientation.
6. For non steady state applications, the pulse width, the duty cycle and the transient thermal response of the part, the board and the environment they are in.

ON Semiconductor provides thermal information to assist the designer's preliminary application evaluation. Figure 21

defines the  $R_{\theta JA}$  for the device as a function of the top copper (component side) area. This is for a horizontally positioned FR-4 board with 1oz copper after 1000 seconds of steady state power with no air flow. This graph provides the necessary information for calculation of the steady state junction temperature or power dissipation. Pulse applications can be evaluated using the ON Semiconductor device Spice thermal model or manually utilizing the normalized maximum transient thermal impedance curve.

Thermal resistances corresponding to other copper areas can be obtained from Figure 21 or by calculation using Equation 2 or 3. Equation 2 is used for copper area defined in inches square and equation 3 is for area in centimeters square. The area, in square inches or square centimeters is the top copper area including the gate and source pads.

$$R_{\theta JA} = 33.32 + \frac{23.84}{(0.268 + Area)} \quad (\text{EQ. 2})$$

Area in Inches Squared

$$R_{\theta JA} = 33.32 + \frac{154}{(1.73 + Area)} \quad (\text{EQ. 3})$$

Area in Centimeters Squared

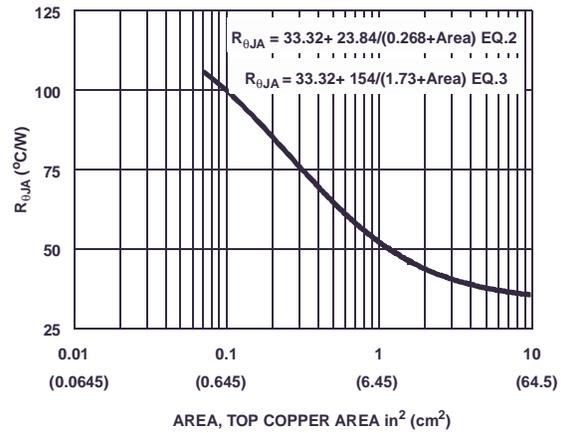


Figure 21. Thermal Resistance vs Mounting Pad Area





**SPICE Thermal Model**

REV 23 July 2002  
FDD10AN06A0T

CTHERM1 TH 6 3.2e-3  
CTHERM2 6 5 3.3e-3  
CTHERM3 5 4 3.4e-3  
CTHERM4 4 3 3.5e-3  
CTHERM5 3 2 6.4e-3  
CTHERM6 2 TL 1.9e-2

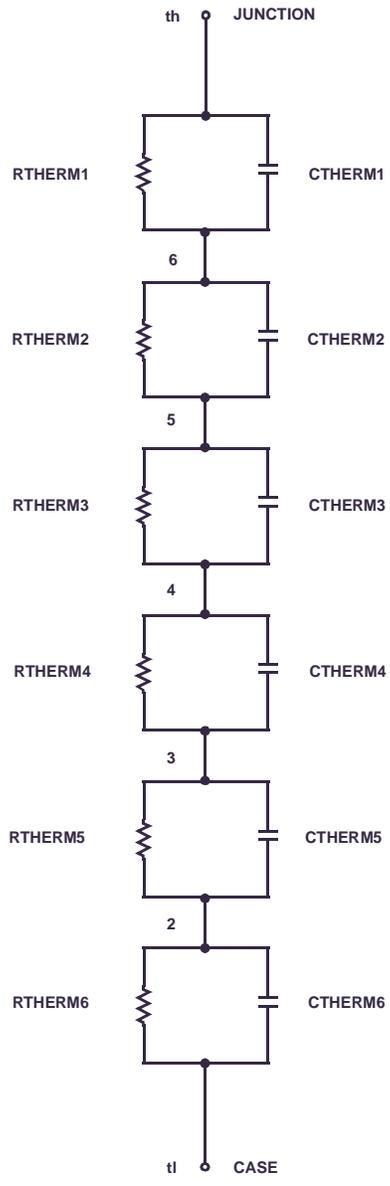
RTHERM1 TH 6 5.5e-4  
RTHERM2 6 5 5.0e-3  
RTHERM3 5 4 4.5e-2  
RTHERM4 4 3 1.5e-1  
RTHERM5 3 2 3.37e-1  
RTHERM6 2 TL 3.5e-1

**SABER Thermal Model**

SABER thermal model FDD10AN06A0T  
template thermal\_model th tl  
thermal\_c th, tl

```
{
  ctherm.ctherm1 th 6 =3.2e-3
  ctherm.ctherm2 6 5 =3.3e-3
  ctherm.ctherm3 5 4 =3.4e-3
  ctherm.ctherm4 4 3 =3.5e-3
  ctherm.ctherm5 3 2 =6.4e-3
  ctherm.ctherm6 2 tl =1.9e-2
```

```
rtherm.rtherm1 th 6 =5.5e-4
rtherm.rtherm2 6 5 =5.0e-3
rtherm.rtherm3 5 4 =4.5e-2
rtherm.rtherm4 4 3 =1.5e-1
rtherm.rtherm5 3 2 =3.37e-1
rtherm.rtherm6 2 tl =3.5e-1
}
```



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