74LVC1T45-Q100; 74LVCH1T45-Q100

Dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state Rev. 3 — 19 March 2019

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74LVC1T45-Q100; 74LVCH1T45-Q100 are single bit, dual supply transceivers with 3-state outputs that enable bidirectional level translation. They feature two 1-bit input-output ports (A and B), a direction control input (DIR) and dual supply pins ($V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$). Both $V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$ can be supplied with any voltage between 1.2 V and 5.5 V. This flexibility makes the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5.0 V). Pins A and DIR are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ and pin B is referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$. A HIGH on DIR allows transmission from A to B and a LOW on DIR allows transmission from B to A.

The devices are fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF}. The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In suspend mode when either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ are at GND level, both A port and B port are in the high-impedance OFF-state.

Active bus hold circuitry in the 74LVCH1T45-Q100 holds unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
 - Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide supply voltage range:
 - V_{CC(A)}: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
 - V_{CC(B)}: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
 - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
 - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
 - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
 - JESD36 (4.5 V to 5.5 V)
- ESD protection:
 - MIL-STD-883, method 3015 Class 3A exceeds 4000 V
 - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 4000 V
- Maximum data rates:
 - 420 Mbps (3.3 V to 5.0 V translation)
 - 210 Mbps (translate to 3.3 V))
 - 140 Mbps (translate to 2.5 V)
 - 75 Mbps (translate to 1.8 V)
 - 60 Mbps (translate to 1.5 V)
- Suspend mode
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- ±24 mA output drive (V_{CC} = 3.0 V)
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- Low power consumption: 16 µA maximum I_{CC}
- IOFF circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation

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3. Ordering information

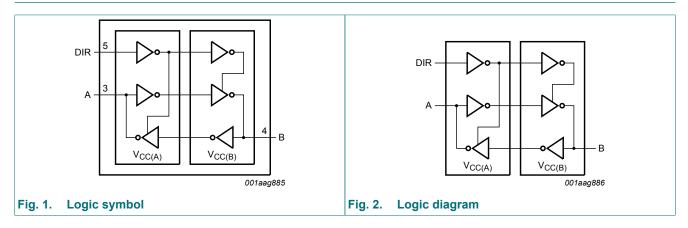
Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LVC1T45GW-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C	SC-88	plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads	SOT363
74LVCH1T45GW-Q100				
74LVC1T45GM-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm	SOT886

4. Marking

Table 2. Marking						
Type number	Marking code [1]					
74LVC1T45GW-Q100	V5					
74LVCH1T45GW-Q100	X5					
74LVC1T45GM-Q100	V5					

[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

5. Functional diagram



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Product data sheet

6. Pinning information

6.1. Pinning



6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description						
Symbol	Pin	Description				
V _{CC(A)}	1	supply voltage port A and DIR				
GND	2	ground (0 V)				
A	3	data input or output				
В	4	data input or output				
DIR	5	direction control				
V _{CC(B)}	6	supply voltage port B				

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Supply voltage	Input	Input/output [1]				
V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)}	DIR	Α	В			
1.2 V to 5.5 V	L	A = B	input			
1.2 V to 5.5 V	Н	input	B = A			
GND [2]	Х	Z	Z			

[1] The input circuit of the data I/O is always active.

[2] When either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode.

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A			-0.5	+6.5	V
V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B			-0.5	+6.5	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	V ₁ < 0 V		-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage		[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I _{OK}	output clamping current	V _O < 0 V		-50	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	[1][2][3]	-0.5	V _{CCO} + 0.5	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
I _O	output current	$V_{O} = 0 V$ to V_{CCO}	[2]	-	±50	mA
I _{CC}	supply current	I _{CC(A)} or I _{CC(B)}		-	100	mA
I _{GND}	ground current			-100	-	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C	[4]	-	250	mW

[1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3] V_{CCO} + 0.5 V should not exceed 6.5 V.

[4] For SC-88 package: above 87.5 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K. For XSON6 package: above 118 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Мах	Unit
V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A		1.2	5.5	V
V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B		1.2	5.5	V
VI	input voltage		0	5.5	V
Vo	output voltage	Active mode [1]	0	V _{CCO}	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	0	5.5	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V _{CCI} = 1.2 V [2]	-	20	ns/V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	20	ns/V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	20	ns/V
		V _{CCI} = 3 V to 3.6 V	-	10	ns/V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	5	ns/V

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Typical static characteristics at T_{amb} = 25 °C

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). [1][2]

Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_{O} = -3 \text{ mA}; V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$		-	1.09	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_O = 3 \text{ mA}; V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$		-	0.07	-	V
input leakage current	DIR input; V _I = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	-	±1	μA
bus hold LOW current	A or B port; V_I = 0.42 V; V_{CCI} = 1.2 V		-	19	-	μA
bus hold HIGH current	A or B port; V _I = 0.78 V; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V		-	-19	-	μA
bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port; V_{CCI} = 1.2 V	[3]	-	19	-	μA
bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	[3]	-	-19	-	μA
OFF-state output current	A or B port; $V_0 = 0$ V or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V		-	-	±1	μA
power-off leakage current	A port; V ₁ or V ₀ = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	-	±1	μA
	B port; V ₁ or V ₀ = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	-	±1	μA
input capacitance	DIR input; $V_1 = 0 V \text{ or } 3.3 V$; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 V$		-	2.2	-	pF
input/output capacitance	A and B port; suspend mode; V _O = 3.3 V or 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.3 V		-	6.0	-	pF
	HIGH-level output voltage LOW-level output voltage input leakage current bus hold LOW current bus hold HIGH current bus hold LOW overdrive current bus hold HIGH overdrive current OFF-state output current power-off leakage current input capacitance	HIGH-level output voltage $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -3$ mA; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ VLOW-level output voltage $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 3$ mA; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ Vinput leakage currentDIR input; $V_I = 0$ V to 5.5 V;bus hold LOW currentA or B port; $V_I = 0.42$ V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH currentA or B port; $V_I = 0.78$ V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold LOW overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 0$ V or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 Vpower-off leakage currentA port; V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 Vinput capacitanceDIR input; $V_1 = 0$ V or 3.3 V; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$ V	HIGH-level output voltage $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -3$ mA; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ VLOW-level output voltage $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 3$ mA; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ Vinput leakage currentDIR input; $V_I = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 Vbus hold LOW currentA or B port; $V_I = 0.42$ V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH currentA or B port; $V_I = 0.78$ V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold LOW overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ Vbus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ VOFF-state output currentA or B port; $V_O = 0$ V or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 Vpower-off leakage currentA port; V_I or $V_O = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 Vinput capacitanceDIR input; $V_I = 0$ V or 3.3 V; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$ Vinput/output capacitanceA and B port; suspend mode;	HIGH-level output voltage $V_1 = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_O = -3 \text{ mA}; V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ -LOW-level output voltage $V_1 = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_O = 3 \text{ mA}; V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ -input leakage currentDIR input; $V_1 = 0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V};$ -bus hold LOW currentA or B port; $V_1 = 0.42 \text{ V}; V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ -bus hold HIGH currentA or B port; $V_1 = 0.78 \text{ V}; V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ -bus hold LOW overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ -bus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ [3]bus hold HIGH overdrive currentA or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ [3]oFF-state output currentA or B port; $V_0 = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCO};$ $V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ -power-off leakage currentA port; V_1 or $V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{CC(A)} = 0 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ -input capacitanceDIR input; $V_1 = 0 \text{ V or } 3.3 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ -	HIGH-level output voltage $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_O = -3 \text{ mA}; V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ - 1.09 LOW-level output voltage $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_O = 3 \text{ mA}; V_{CCO} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ - 0.07 input leakage current DIR input; $V_I = 0 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ - 19 bus hold LOW current A or B port; $V_I = 0.42 \text{ V}; V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ - 19 bus hold HIGH current A or B port; $V_I = 0.78 \text{ V}; V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ - 19 bus hold LOW overdrive A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ - 19 bus hold HIGH current A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ - 19 bus hold HIGH overdrive A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ - 19 current A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ [3] - - OFF-state output current A or B port; $V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}; V_{CC(A)} = 0 \text{ V};$ - - power-off leakage current A or B port; $V_I \text{ or } V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ to $5.5 \text{ V}; V_{CC(B)} = 0 \text{ V};$ - - input capacitance DIR input; $V_I = 0 \text{ V}$ or $3.3 \text{ V};$ - - - <tr< td=""><td>HIGH-level output voltage $V_1 = V_{1H}$ or V_{1L}; $I_0 = -3$ mA; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ V - 1.09 - LOW-level output voltage $V_1 = V_{1H}$ or V_{1L}; $I_0 = 3$ mA; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ V - 0.07 - input leakage current DIR input; $V_1 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V - - 19 - bus hold LOW current A or B port; $V_1 = 0.42$ V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V - 19 - bus hold HIGH current A or B port; $V_1 = 0.78$ V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V - -19 - bus hold LOW overdrive current A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V [3] - - 19 bus hold HIGH overdrive current A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V [3] - - 19 - bus hold HIGH overdrive current A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V [3] - - 19 - OFF-state output current A or B port; $V_0 = 0$ V or V_{CCO}; - - ±1 - power-off leakage current A or B port; $V_0 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V - - ±1 input capacitance DIR input; $V_1 = 0$ V or 3.3 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V -</td></tr<>	HIGH-level output voltage $V_1 = V_{1H}$ or V_{1L} ; $I_0 = -3$ mA; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ V - 1.09 - LOW-level output voltage $V_1 = V_{1H}$ or V_{1L} ; $I_0 = 3$ mA; $V_{CCO} = 1.2$ V - 0.07 - input leakage current DIR input; $V_1 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V - - 19 - bus hold LOW current A or B port; $V_1 = 0.42$ V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V - 19 - bus hold HIGH current A or B port; $V_1 = 0.78$ V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V - -19 - bus hold LOW overdrive current A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V [3] - - 19 bus hold HIGH overdrive current A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V [3] - - 19 - bus hold HIGH overdrive current A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V [3] - - 19 - OFF-state output current A or B port; $V_0 = 0$ V or V_{CCO} ; - - ±1 - power-off leakage current A or B port; $V_0 = 0$ V to 5.5 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V - - ±1 input capacitance DIR input; $V_1 = 0$ V or 3.3 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2$ V to 5.5 V -

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I_{BHLO}/I_{BHHO} when the input is in the range V_{IL} to V_{IH} .

Table 8. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). [1][2]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to	+85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
			Min	Мах	Min	Мах	1
	HIGH-level	data input					
	input voltage	V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	0.8V _{CCI}	-	0.8V _{CCI}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V _{CCI}	-	0.65V _{CCI}	-	V
		V_{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7 - V 2.0 - V		
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V 0.7V _{CCI} - 0.7V _C	0.7V _{CCI}	-	V		
		DIR input					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	0.8V _{CC(A)}	-	0.8V _{CC(A)}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		V_{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V _{CC(A)}	-	0.7V _{CC(A)}	-	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IL}	LOW-level	data input					
	input voltage	V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	-	0.2V _{CCI}	-	0.2V _{CCI}	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V _{CCI}	-	0.35V _{CCI}	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V _{CCI}	-	0.3V _{CCI}	V
		DIR input					
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	-	0.2V _{CC(A)}	-	0.2V _{CC(A)}	V
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V _{CC(A)}	-	0.35V _{CC(A)}	V
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
	V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V	
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V _{CC(A)}	-	0.3V _{CC(A)}	V
/ _{он}	HIGH-level	$V_{I} = V_{IH}$					
	output voltage	I_{O} = -100 µA; V_{CCO} = 1.2 V to 4.5 V	V _{CCO} - 0.1	-	V _{CCO} - 0.1	-	V
		I _O = -6 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	1.0	-	1.0	-	V
		I _O = -8 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	1.2	-	1.2	-	V
		I _O = -12 mA; V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	1.9	-	1.9	-	0.8 V 3V _{CC(A)} V - V - V - V - V - V 0.1 V 0.1 V 0.3 V 0.45 V 0.55 V
		I _O = -24 mA; V _{CCO} = 3.0 V	2.4	-	2.4	-	V
		I _O = -32 mA; V _{CCO} = 4.5 V	3.8	-	3.8	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level	$V_{I} = V_{IL}$					
	output voltage	I_{O} = 100 µA; V_{CCO} = 1.2 V to 4.5 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 6 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I _O = 8 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I _O = 12 mA; V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I _O = 24 mA; V _{CCO} = 3.0 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
		I _O = 32 mA; V _{CCO} = 4.5 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
I	input leakage current	DIR input; $V_1 = 0 V$ to 5.5 V; $V_{CCI} = 1.2 V$ to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	μA
BHL	bus hold LOW	A or B port					
	current	V _I = 0.49 V; V _{CCI} = 1.4 V	15	-	10	-	μA
		V _I = 0.58 V; V _{CCI} = 1.65 V	25	-	20	-	μA
		V _I = 0.70 V; V _{CCI} = 2.3 V	45	-	45	-	μA
		V _I = 0.80 V; V _{CCI} = 3.0 V	100	-	80	-	μA
		V _I = 1.35 V; V _{CCI} = 4.5 V	100	-	100	-	V μA μA
BHH	bus hold HIGH	A or B port					
	current	V _I = 0.91 V; V _{CCI} = 1.4 V	-15	-	-10	-	μA
		V _I = 1.07 V; V _{CCI} = 1.65 V	-25	-	-20	-	μA
		V _I = 1.60 V; V _{CCI} = 2.3 V	-45	-	-45	-	
		V ₁ = 2.00 V; V _{CC1} = 3.0 V	-100	-	-80	-	μA
		V ₁ = 3.15 V; V _{CC1} = 4.5 V	-100	_	-100	-	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-40 °C to	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
			_	Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{BHLO}	bus hold LOW	A or B port	[3]					
	overdrive	V _{CCI} = 1.6 V		125	-	125	-	μA
	current	V _{CCI} = 1.95 V		200	-	200	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 2.7 V		300	-	300	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 3.6 V		500	-	500	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 5.5 V		900	-	900	-	μA
I _{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH	A or B port	[3]					
	overdrive	V _{CCI} = 1.6 V		-125	-	-125	-	μA
	current	V _{CCI} = 1.95 V		-200	-	-200	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 2.7 V		-300	-	-300	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 3.6 V		-500	-	-500	-	μA
		V _{CCI} = 5.5 V		-900	-	-900	-	μA
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	±2	-	±10	μA
I _{OFF} power-off leakage	A port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	±2	-	±10	μA	
	current	B port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	±2	-	±10	μA
I _{CC} sup	supply current	A port; $V_I = 0$ V or V_{CCI} ; $I_O = 0$ A						
		$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	8	-	8	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		-	3	-	3	μA
		$V_{CC(A)} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_{CC(B)} = 0 \text{ V}$		-	2	-	2	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V		-2	-	-2	-	μA
		B port; $V_I = 0 V$ or V_{CCI} ; $I_O = 0 A$						
		$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	8	-	8	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		-	3	-	3	μA
		V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V		-	2	-	2	μA
		V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 5.5 V		-2	-	-2	-	μA
		A plus B port ($I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$); $I_O = 0$ A; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI}						
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V		-	16	-	16	μA
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		-	4	-	4	μA
ΔI _{CC}	additional	$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.0 V to 5.5 V						
	supply current	A port; A port at $V_{CC(A)}$ - 0.6 V; DIR at $V_{CC(A)}$; B port = open	[4]	-	50	-	75	μA
		DIR input; DIR at $V_{CC(A)}$ - 0.6 V; A port at $V_{CC(A)}$ or GND; B port = open		-	50	-	75	μA
		B port; B port at V _{CC(B)} - 0.6 V; DIR at GND; A port = open	[4]	-	50	-	75	μA

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2]

 V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port. To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I_{BHLO}/I_{BHHO} when the input is in the range V_{IL} to V_{IH} . [3]

[4] For non bus hold parts only (74LVC1T45-Q100).

11. Dynamic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Vc	C(B)			Unit
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	10.6	8.1	7.0	5.8	5.3	5.1	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	10.6	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	10.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	10.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	12.0	9.4	9.0	7.8	8.4	7.9	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	9.5	7.8	7.7	6.9	7.6	7.0	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	20.1	17.3	16.7	15.4	15.9	15.2	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	17.7	15.2	14.1	12.9	12.4	12.2	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	22.1	18.0	17.1	15.6	16.0	15.5	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	19.5	16.5	15.4	14.7	14.6	14.8	ns

Table 9. Typical dynamic characteristics at V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 7; for waveforms see Fig. 5 and Fig. 6

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in <u>Section 13.4</u>

Table 10. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.2 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 7; for waveforms see Fig. 5 and Fig. 6.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			Vc	C(A)			Unit
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	10.6	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	10.6	8.1	7.0	5.8	5.3	5.1	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	10.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	10.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	9.4	6.5	5.7	4.1	4.1	3.0	ns ns ns ns ns ns ns ns ns ns ns ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	12.0	6.1	5.4	4.6	4.3	4.0	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	7.1	4.9	4.5	3.2	3.4	2.5	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	9.5	7.3	6.6	5.9	5.7	5.6	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	20.1	15.4	13.6	11.7	11.0	10.7	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	17.7	14.4	13.5	11.7	11.7	10.7	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	22.1	13.2	11.4	9.9	9.5	9.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	19.5	15.1	13.8	11.9	11.7	10.6	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in <u>Section 13.4</u>

Table 11. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ and T_{amb} = 25 $^{\circ}C$

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). [1] [2]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$						
			1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.5 V			
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	A port: (direction A to B); B port: (direction B to A)	2	3	3	4	pF		
		A port: (direction B to A); B port: (direction A to B)	15	16	16	18	pF		

[1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μ W).

 $P_{D} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{i} \times N + \Sigma (C_{L} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{o}) \text{ where:}$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 f_o = output frequency in MHz;

 C_L = load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0)$ = sum of the outputs.

[2] $f_i = 10 \text{ MHz}$; $V_I = \text{GND}$ to V_{CC} ; $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$; $C_L = 0 \text{ pF}$; $R_L = \infty \Omega$.

Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 7; for wave forms see Fig. 5 and Fig. 6

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Vc	C(B)					Unit
		-	1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Мах	-
V _{CC(A)} =	1.4 V to 1.6 V												
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.8	21.3	2.4	17.6	2.0	13.5	1.7	11.8	1.6	10.5	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	2.8	21.3	2.6	19.1	2.3	14.9	2.3	12.4	2.2	12.0	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.6	19.3	2.2	15.3	1.8	11.8	1.7	10.9	1.7	10.8	ns
propagation delay	propagation delay	B to A	2.6	19.3	2.4	17.3	2.3	13.2	2.2	11.3	2.3	11.0	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	3.5	24.8	3.5	23.6	3.0	11.0	3.3	11.3	2.8	10.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.8	18.3	3.0	17.2	2.5	9.4	3.0	10.1	2.5	9.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	39.6	-	36.3	-	24.3	-	22.5	-	21.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	32.7	-	29.0	-	24.9	-	23.2	-	21.9	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	-	44.1	-	40.9	-	24.2	-	22.6	-	21.3	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	38.0	-	34.0	-	30.5	-	29.6	-	29.5	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Vc	C(B)					Unit
				5 V .1 V		8 V 15 V		5 V .2 V		3 V .3 V		0 V .5 V	-
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах	1
V _{CC(A)} =	1.65 V to 1.95 V												
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.6	19.1	2.2	17.7	2.2	9.3	1.7	7.2	1.4	6.8	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	2.4	17.6	2.2	17.7	2.3	16.0	2.1	15.5	1.9	15.1	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.4	17.3	2.0	14.3	1.6	8.5	1.8	7.1	1.7	7.0	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	2.2	15.3	2.0	14.3	2.1	12.9	2.0	12.6	1.8	12.2	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	3.2	24.1	3.2	21.9	2.7	11.5	3.0	10.3	2.5	8.2	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.5	17.6	2.6	16.0	2.2	9.2	2.7	8.4	2.4	6.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	35.2	-	33.7	-	25.2	-	23.9	-	21.8	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	29.6	-	28.2	-	19.8	-	17.7	-	17.3	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	-	39.4	-	36.2	-	24.4	-	22.9	-	20.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	34.4	-	31.4	-	25.6	-	24.2	-	24.1	ns
$V_{CC(A)} =$	2.3 V to 2.7 V	1											
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.3	17.9	2.3	16.0	1.5	8.5	1.3	6.2	1.1	4.8	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	2.0	13.5	2.2	9.3	1.5	8.5	1.4	8.0	1.0	7.5	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.3	15.8	2.1	12.9	1.4	7.5	1.3	5.4	0.9	4.6	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.8	11.8	1.9	8.5	1.4	7.5	1.3	7.0	0.9	6.2	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	3.0	22.5	3.0	21.4	2.5	11.0	2.8	9.3	2.3	6.9	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.3	14.6	2.5	13.2	2.0	9.0	2.5	8.4	1.8	5.3	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	28.1	-	22.5	-	17.5	-	16.4	-	12.8	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	23.7	-	21.8	-	14.3	-	12.0	-	10.6	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	-	34.3	-	29.9	-	18.5	-	16.3	-	13.1	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	23.9	-	21.0	-	15.6	-	13.5	-	12.7	ns
$V_{CC(A)} =$	3.0 V to 3.6 V	1			1								
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.3	17.1	2.1	15.5	1.4	8.0	0.8	5.6	0.7	4.4	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.7	11.8	1.7	7.2	1.3	6.2	0.7	5.6	0.6	5.4	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.2	15.6	2.0	12.6	1.3	7.0	0.8	5.0	0.7	4.0	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.7	10.9	1.8	7.1	1.3	5.4	0.8	5.0	0.7	4.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.7	7.3	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.9	18.0	2.9	16.5	2.3	10.1	2.7	8.6	2.2	6.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.3	13.6	2.4	12.5	1.9	7.8	2.3	7.1	1.7	4.9	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	25.4	-	19.7	-	14.0	-	12.7	-	10.3	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]		22.7	-	21.1	-	13.6	-	11.2	-	10.0	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]		28.9	-	23.6	-	15.5	-	13.6	-	10.8	
-	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]		22.9	-	19.9	-	14.3	-	12.3	-	11.3	

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Vc	C(B)					Unit
		-	1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} =	4.5 V to 5.5 V					1					1		
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.2	16.6	1.9	15.1	1.0	7.5	0.7	5.4	0.5	3.9	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.6	10.5	1.4	6.8	1.0	4.8	0.7	4.4	0.5	3.9	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.3	15.3	1.8	12.2	1.0	6.2	0.7	4.5	0.5	3.5	ns
propagation delay	B to A	1.7	10.8	1.7	7.0	0.9	4.6	0.7	4.0	0.5	3.5	ns	
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.9	17.3	2.9	16.1	2.3	9.7	2.7	8.0	2.5	5.7	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	1.4	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.3	3.7	1.0	3.7	0.9	3.7	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.3	13.1	2.4	12.1	1.9	7.4	2.3	7.0	1.8	4.5	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	23.6	-	18.9	-	12.2	-	11.4	-	8.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	20.3	-	18.8	-	11.2	-	9.1	-	7.6	ns
t _{PZL}	propagation dolay	DIR to A [1]	-	28.1	-	23.1	-	14.3	-	12.0	-	9.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	20.7	-	17.6	-	11.6	-	9.9	-	8.9	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in <u>Section 13.4</u>

Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 7; for wave forms see Fig. 5 and Fig. 6

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-			Vc	C(B)	-				Unit
		-	1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах	
V _{CC(A)} =	1.4 V to 1.6 V												
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.5	23.5	2.1	19.4	1.8	14.9	1.5	13.0	1.4	11.6	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	2.5	23.5	2.3	21.1	2.0	16.4	2.0	13.7	1.9	13.2	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.3	21.3	1.9	16.9	1.6	13.0	1.5	12.0	1.5	11.9	ns
propagation delay	B to A	2.3	21.3	2.1	19.1	2.0	14.6	1.9	12.5	2.0	12.1	ns	
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	3.1	27.3	3.1	26.0	2.7	12.1	2.9	12.5	2.5	11.4	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.5	20.2	2.7	19.0	2.2	10.4	2.7	11.2	2.2	10.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	43.7	-	40.1	-	26.8	-	24.9	-	23.6	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	36.1	-	32.0	-	27.5	-	25.6	-	24.2	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	-	48.6	-	45.1	-	26.7	-	25.0	-	23.5	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	41.9	-	37.5	-	33.6	-	32.6	-	32.5	ns

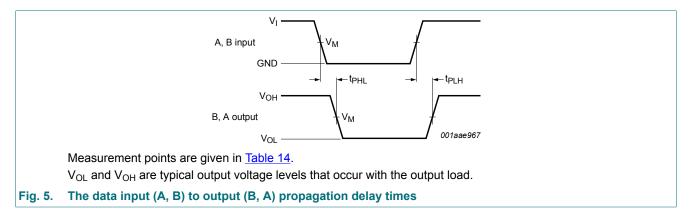
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Vc	C(B)					Unit
				5 V .1 V		8 V 15 V		5 V .2 V		3 V .3 V		0 V .5 V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Мах	1
V _{CC(A)} =	1.65 V to 1.95 V												
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.3	21.1	1.9	19.5	1.9	10.3	1.5	8.0	1.2	7.5	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	2.1	19.4	1.9	19.5	2.0	17.6	1.8	17.1	1.7	16.7	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.1	19.1	1.8	15.8	1.4	9.4	1.6	7.9	1.5	7.7	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.9	16.9	1.8	15.8	1.8	14.2	1.8	13.9	1.6	13.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.8	26.6	2.8	24.1	2.4	12.7	2.7	11.4	2.2	9.1	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.2	19.4	2.3	17.6	1.9	10.2	2.4	9.3	2.1	7.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	38.8	-	37.1	-	27.8	-	26.4	-	24.1	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	32.7	-	31.1	-	21.9	-	19.6	-	19.1	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	-	43.5	-	39.9	-	26.9	-	25.3	-	22.6	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	38.0	-	34.7	-	28.3	-	26.8	-	26.6	ns
$V_{CC(A)} =$	2.3 V to 2.7 V												
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.0	19.7	2.0	17.6	1.3	9.4	1.1	6.9	0.9	5.3	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.8	14.9	1.9	10.3	1.3	9.4	1.2	8.8	0.9	8.3	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.0	17.4	1.8	14.2	1.2	8.3	1.1	6.0	0.8	5.1	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.6	13.0	1.7	9.4	1.2	8.3	1.1	7.7	0.8	6.9	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.7	24.8	2.7	23.6	2.2	12.1	2.5	10.3	2.0	7.6	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.0	16.1	2.2	14.6	1.8	9.9	2.2	9.3	1.6	5.9	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	31.0	-	24.9	-	19.3	-	18.1	-	14.2	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	26.1	-	24.0	-	15.8	-	13.3	-	11.7	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	-	37.8	-	33.0	-	20.4	-	18.0	-	14.5	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	26.4	-	23.2	-	17.3	-	15.0	-	14.1	ns
$V_{CC(A)} =$	3.0 V to 3.6 V												
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	2.0	18.9	1.8	17.1	1.2	8.8	0.7	6.2	0.6	4.9	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.5	13.0	1.5	8.0	1.1	6.9	0.6	6.2	0.5	6.0	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	1.9	17.2	1.8	13.9	1.1	7.7	0.7	5.5	0.6	4.4	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.5	12.0	1.6	7.9	1.1	6.0	0.7	5.5	0.6	5.0	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.4	8.1	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.6	19.8	2.6	18.2	2.0	11.2	2.4	9.5	1.9	7.0	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.0	15.0	2.1	13.8	1.7	8.6	2.0	7.9	1.5	5.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	28.0	-	21.8	-	15.5	-	14.1	-	11.4	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	25.1	-	23.3	-	15.0	-	12.4	-	11.1	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW	DIR to A [1]	-	31.8	-	26.1	-	17.2	-	15.0	-	12.0	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	25.3	-	22.0	-	15.8	-	13.6	-	12.5	ns

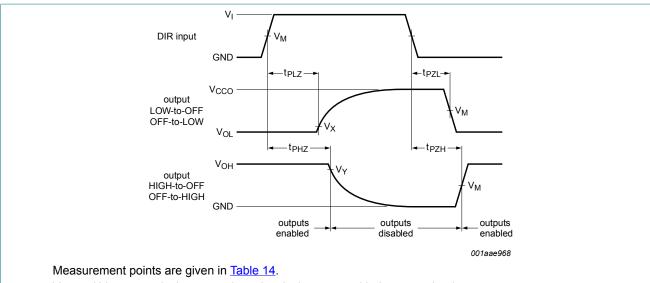
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions					Vc	C(B)					Unit
		-	1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} =	4.5 V to 5.5 V										1		
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH	A to B	1.9	18.3	1.7	16.7	0.9	8.3	0.6	6.0	0.4	4.3	ns
	propagation delay	B to A	1.4	11.6	1.2	7.5	0.9	5.3	0.6	4.9	0.4	4.3	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW	A to B	2.0	16.9	1.6	13.5	0.9	6.9	0.6	5.0	0.4	3.9	ns
propagation delay	B to A	1.5	11.9	1.5	7.7	0.8	5.1	0.6	4.4	0.4	3.9	ns	
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state	DIR to A	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.6	19.1	2.6	17.8	2.0	10.7	2.4	8.8	2.2	6.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state	DIR to A	1.2	4.1	1.2	4.1	1.1	4.1	0.9	4.1	0.8	4.1	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B	2.0	14.5	2.1	13.4	1.7	8.2	2.0	7.7	1.6	5.0	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH	DIR to A [1]	-	26.1	-	20.9	-	13.5	-	12.6	-	9.3	ns
	propagation delay	DIR to B [1]	-	22.4	-	20.8	-	12.4	-	10.1	-	8.4	ns
t _{PZL}	propagation dolay	DIR to A [1]	-	31.0	-	25.5	-	15.8	-	13.2	-	10.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	22.9	-	19.5	-	12.9	-	11.0	-	9.9	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in Section 13.4

11.1. Waveforms and test circuit





V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 6. Enable and disable times

Table 14. Measurement points Supply voltage Input [1] Output [2]							
V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)}	V _M	V _M	V _X	V _Y			
1.2 V to 1.6 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.1 V	V _{OH} - 0.1 V			
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.15 V	V _{OH} - 0.15 V			
3.0 V to 5.5 V	0.5V _{CCI}	0.5V _{CCO}	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OH} - 0.3 V			

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

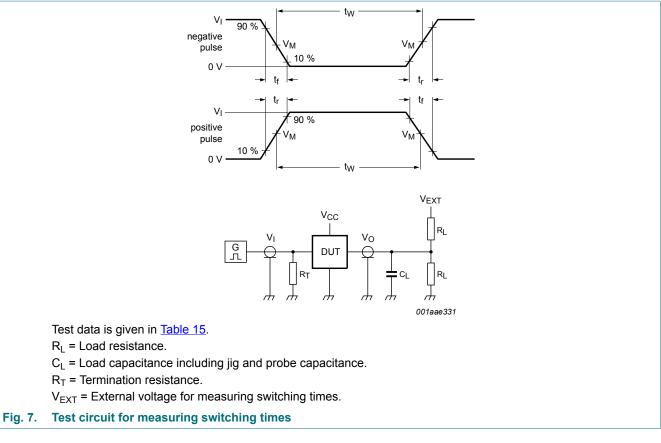


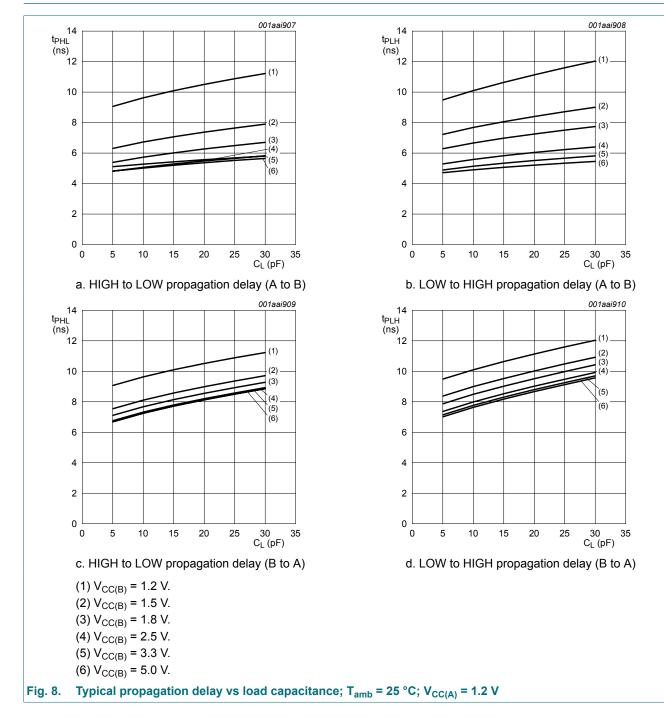
Table 15. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load		V _{EXT}				
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V _I [1]	Δt/ΔV [2]	CL	R _L	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ} [3]		
1.2 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCI}	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	2V _{CCO}		

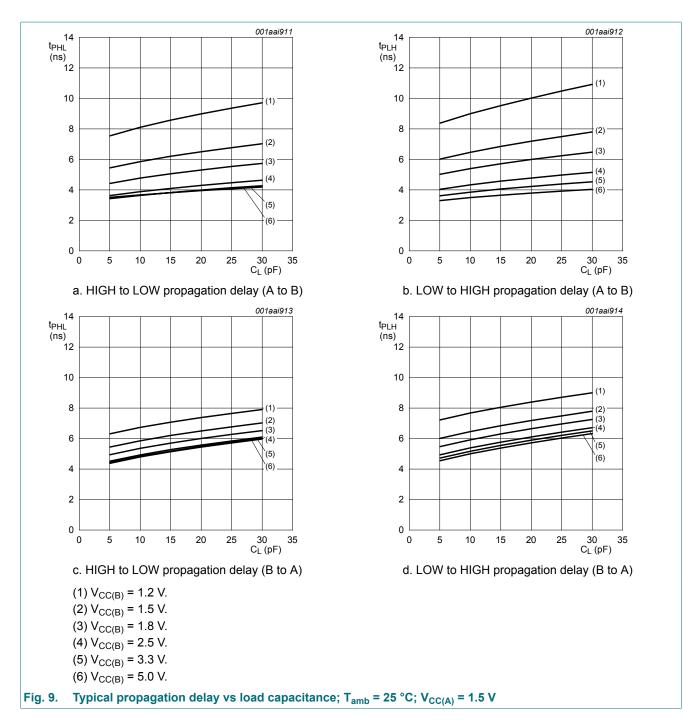
[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

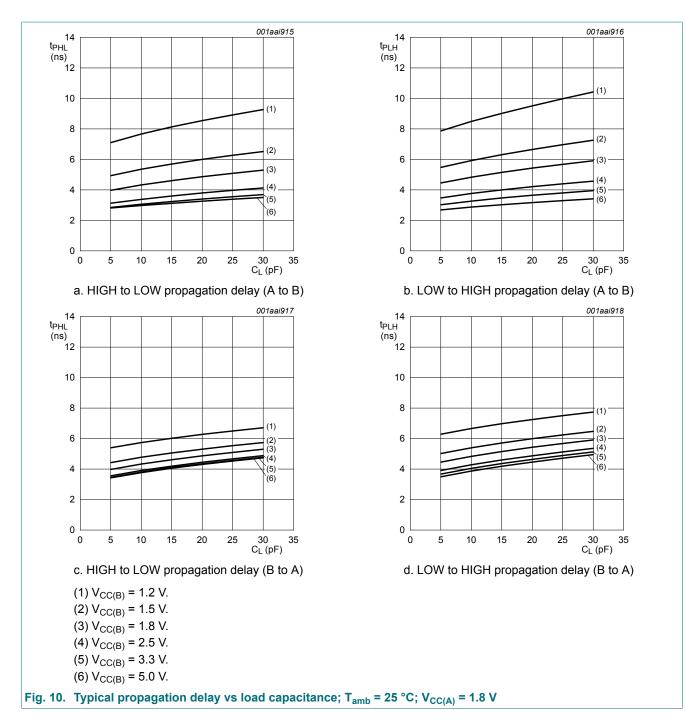
[2] dV/dt ≥ 1.0 V/ns

[3] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

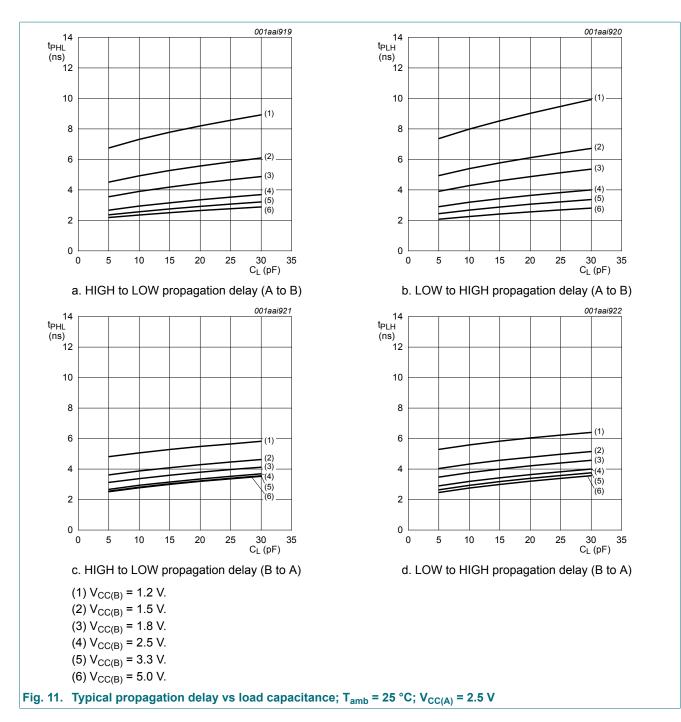


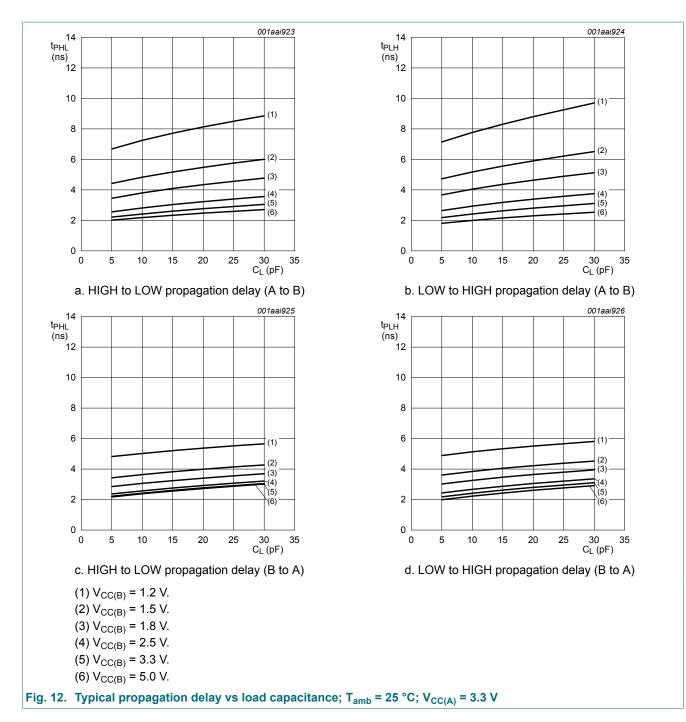
12. Typical propagation delay characteristics

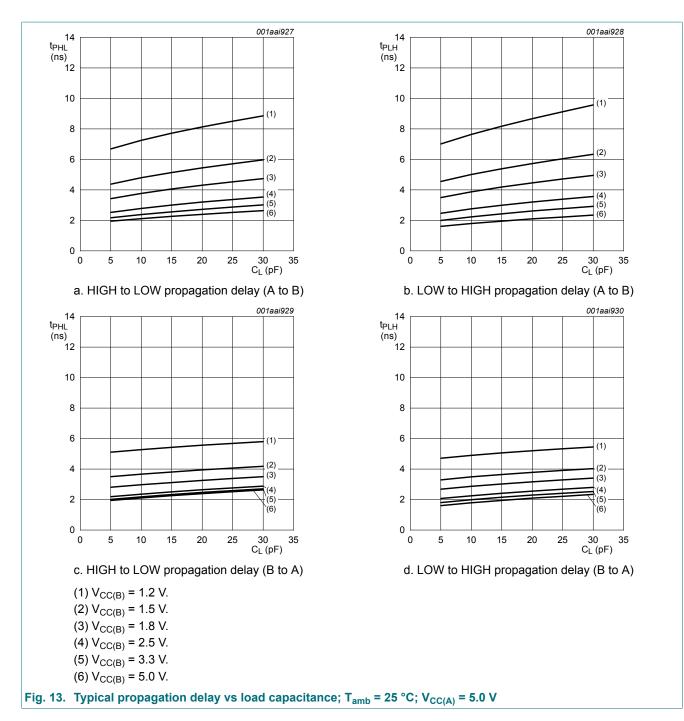




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13. Application information

13.1. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

The circuit given in Fig. 14 is an example of the 74LVC1T45-Q100; 74LVCH1T45-Q100 being used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

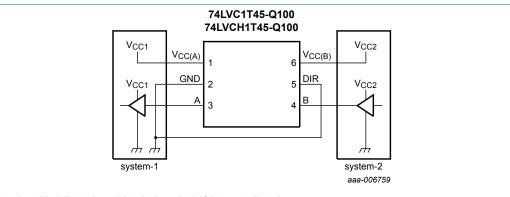
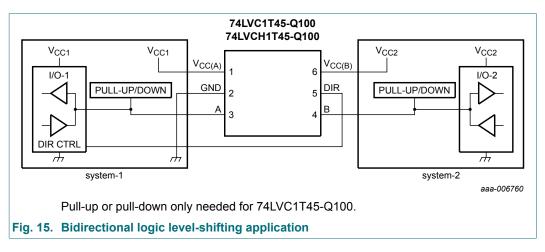


Fig. 14. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Pin	Name	Function	Description
1	V _{CC(A)}	V _{CC1}	supply voltage of system-1 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
2	GND	GND	device GND
3	A	OUT	output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage
4	В	IN	input threshold value depends on V_{CC2} voltage
5	DIR	DIR	the GND (LOW level) determines B port to A port direction
6	V _{CC(B)}	V _{CC2}	supply voltage of system-2 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)

13.2. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

Fig. 15 shows the 74LVC1T45-Q100; 74LVCH1T45-Q100 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Since the device does not have an output enable pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between system-1 and system-2 when changing directions.



<u>Table 17</u> provides a sequence that illustrates data transmission from system-1 to system-2 and then from system-2 to system-1.

Table 17. Description bidirectional I	ogic level-shifting application
---------------------------------------	---------------------------------

H = *HIGH* voltage level; *L* = *LOW* voltage level; *Z* = high-impedance OFF-state.

State	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	Description
1	Н	output	input	system-1 data to system-2
2	Н	Z	Z	system-2 is getting ready to send data to system-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold.
3	L	Z	Z	DIR bit is set LOW. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are still disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold.
4	L	input	output	system-2 data to system-1

13.3. Power-up considerations

The device is designed such that no special power-up sequence is required other than GND being applied first.

V _{CC(A)}	V _{CC(B)}	Unit				
	0 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
0 V	0	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μA
1.8 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	2	μA
2.5 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
3.3 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
5.0 V	< 1	2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA

Table 18. Typical total supply current (I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)})

13.4. Enable times

Calculate the enable times for the 74LVC1T45-Q100; 74LVCH1T45-Q100 using the following formulas:

- t_{PZH} (DIR to A) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PLH} (B to A)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to A) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PHL} (B to A)
- t_{PZH} (DIR to B) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PLH} (A to B)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to B) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PHL} (A to B)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the 74LVC1T45-Q100; 74LVCH1T45-Q100 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched, the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

14. Package outline

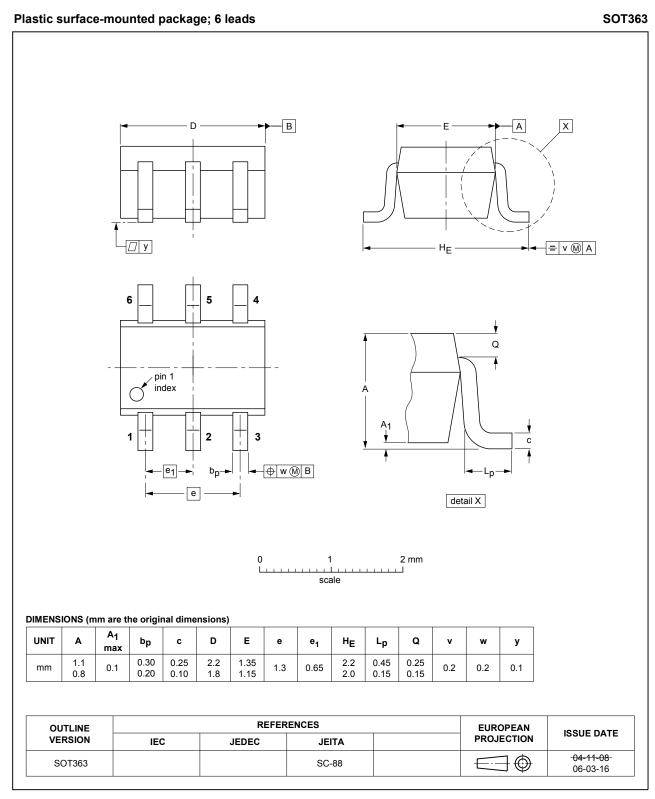


Fig. 16. Package outline SOT363 (SC-88)

74LVC1T45-Q100; 74LVCH1T45-Q100

Dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

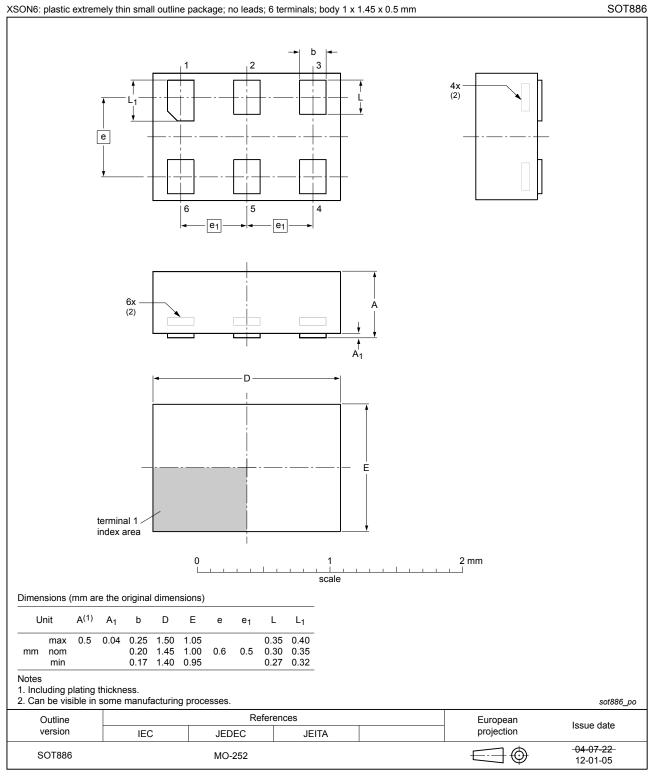


Fig. 17. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

15. Abbreviations

Table 19. Abbreviations			
Acronym	Description		
DUT	Device Under Test		
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge		
НВМ	Human Body Model		
MIL	Military		

16. Revision history

Table 20. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes	
74LVC_LVCH1T45_Q100 v.3	20190319	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH1T45_Q100 v.2	
Modifications:	 The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. Type number 74LVC1T45GM-Q100 (XSON6/SOT886) added. 				
74LVC_LVCH1T45_Q100 v.2	20160530	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH1T45_Q100 v.1	
Modifications:	<u>Table 1</u> : typo corrected in type number				
74LVC_LVCH1T45_Q100 v.1	20130328	Product data sheet	-	-	

74LVC_LVCH1T45_Q100

17. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

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