

Discontinued Single Output UCQ Models

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

Typical units

FEATURES

- Standard quarter-brick package/pinout
- Low cost; Low profile, 0.4" (10.2mm)
- 24V or 48V nominal input

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Outputs: 1.2V to 15V
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- Interleaved synchronous-rectifier topology
 - Ultra high efficiency
 - No output reverse conduction
- Outstanding thermal performance
- On/off control, trim & sense functions
- Fully isolated, 2250Vdc (BASIC)
- Output overvoltage protection
- Fully I/O protected; Thermal shutdown
- Designed to meet UL/EN/IEC60950-1 safety approvals

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

For applications requiring improved electrical and thermal performance at reduced cost, consider Murata Power Solutions' new UCQ series "quarter brick" DC-DC power converters. These compact units measure just 1.45" x 2.3" x 0.4" (36.8 x 60.9 x 10.2 mm) and fit the industry-standard footprint.

Available outputs range between 1.2V @ 30 Amps to 15V @ 6.7 Amps and accept a wide input range. The UCQ's interleaved, synchronous-rectifier topology offers high efficiency (up to 93%), tight line and load regulation, low noise and fast step response. A single-board optimized open-frame design contributes to impressive thermal operation. UCQ's will operate up to $+70^{\circ}$ C and 100 LFM airflow with no derating.

The UCQ's feature full isolation to 2250Vdc meeting BASIC insulation requirements of UL/EN/IEC 60950-1. Input filters reduce propagated switching noise back to input sources. Also included is a remote On/Off switch control (with positive or negative logic), output trim adjustable over nominal and output sense functions to reduce power lead losses. Extensive protection items avoid damage from out of limit voltages, currents and temperatures. Protection faults automatically recover using the hiccup technique. Besides safety testing to 60950-1, certifications for the UCQ include application for EMC compliance (to EN55022/ CISPR22 with filter), qualification testing.



ROHS COMPLIANT

Typical topology may vary between units.

Single Output UCQ Models

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

	PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS SUMMARY AND ORDERING GUIDE ①													
			Output			Input								
				_	R/N (n	nVp-p)	Regulation	ı (Max.) ©		_		lın full	Effic	ency
	Root Models 1	Vout (Volts)	Іоит (Amps)	Power (Watts)	Тур.	Max.	Line	Load	VIN Nom. (Volts)	Range (Volts)	lin no load (mA)	load (Amps)	Min.	Тур.
Discontinued	UCQ-1.2/40-D24P-C	1.2	40	48			Pleas	e contact Mu	rata Power	Solutions f	or further in	formation.		
Discontinued	UCQ-1.2/30-D48N-C	1.2	30	36	50	100	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	30	0.90	81%	83%
Discontinued	UCQ-1.5/25-D48N-C	1.5	25	37.5	50	80	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	50	0.94	81%	83%
Discontinued	UCQ-1.5/40-D48N-C	1.5	40	60	50	100	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	50	1.45	85%	86%
Discontinued	UCQ-1.8/30-D48N-C	1.8	30	54	80	100	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	45	1.31	83%	86%
Discontinued	UCQ-1.8/40-D48N-C	1.8	40	72	50	100	±0.1%	±0.2%	48	36-75	30	1.70	86%	88%
Discontinued	UCQ-2.5/40-D24P-C	2.5	40	100	80	120	±0.125%	±0.25%	24	18-36	120	4.96	82%	84%
Discontinued	UCQ-2.5/30-D48N-C	2.5	30	75	50	100	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	50	1.80	85%	87%
Discontinued	UCQ-3.3/35-D24P-C	3.3	35	115.5	80	120	±0.25%	±0.25%	24	18-36	130	5.41	87%	89%
Discontinued	UCQ-3.3/20-D48N-C	3.3	20	66	50	80	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	50	1.53	88.5%	90%
Discontinued	UCQ-3.3/30-D48N-C	3.3	30	99	50	80	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	50	2.3	89.5%	91%
Discontinued	UCQ-3.3/40-D48N-C	3.3	40	132	60	100	±0.1%	±0.2%	48	36-75	30	3.06	89%	90%
Discontinued	UCQ-5/20-D24P-C	5	20	100	50	60	±0.125%	±0.25%	24	18-36	160	4.55	88%	91.5%
Discontinued	UCQ-5/20-D48N-C	5	20	100	35	55	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	80	2.26	89%	92%
Discontinued	UCQ-5/25-D48N-C	5	25	125	50	100	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	30	2.89	88%	90%
Discontinued	UCQ-12/8.3-D48N-C	12	8.3	99.6	100	150	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	80	2.28	90%	91%
Discontinued	UCQ-15/6.7-D48N-C	15	6.7	100.5	100	150	±0.125%	±0.25%	48	36-75	100	2.28	90%	92%

① Please refer to the part number structure for additional ordering part numbers and options.

② All specifications are at nominal line voltage and full load, +25 deg.C unless otherwise noted. See detailed specifications. Output capacitors are 1 µF ceramic II 10 µF electrolytic. I/O caps are necessary for our test equipment and may not be needed for your application.

Pinout: P32 (all models)

PART NUMBER STRUCTURE		
Output Configuration: Unipolar, single output Quarter-Brick Package Nominal Output Voltage	RoHS Hazardous Materials compl	laim EU RoHS exemption 7B–lead in solder) special order
Maximum Rated Output : Current in Amps	Conformal coating (optional) Blank = no coating, standard H = coating added, optional special order	*Special quantity order is required; no sample quantities available.
Input Voltage Range: D24 = 18-36 Volts (24V nominal) D48 = 36-75 Volts (48V nominal)	Baseplate (optional) Blank = No baseplate, standard B = Baseplate installed, optional special order	Note: Some model number combinations may not be available. Please contact Murata Power Solutions.
	 I On/Off Control Logic P = Positive logic (standard for D24, optional for D48) N = Negative logic (standard for D48, optional for D24) 	

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

	UCQ-1.2/30-D48	UCQ-1.5/25-D48	UCQ-1.5/40-D48	UCQ-1.8/30-D48	UCQ-1.8/40-D48
Input					
Input voltage range			See ordering guide.		
Start-up threshold, Volts	34	34	34	34	34
Undervoltage shutdown, V	33	32	32.5	32.5	32
Overvoltage shutdown			none		
Reflected (back) ripple current, mA pk-pk		10	-30, model depende	ent	
Input Current					
Full load conditions			See ordering guide.		
Inrush transient, A ² sec			0.05		
Output short circuit, mA		50-	-200, model depend	lent	
Low line ($V_{IN} = min.$), Amps	1.23	1.26	1.96	1.74	2.30
Standby mode, mA (Off, UV, OT shutdown)		1.	-10, model depende	nt	
Internal input filter type	Pi-type	L-C	Pi-type	Pi-type	Pi-type
Reverse polarity protection		Nor	ne, install external fi	JSe.	
Positive logic (P model suffix) Negative logic		ON = 0 0FF =	= Ground pin to +0 pen or +3.5 to +13 = Open or +3.5 to +	.5V max 13.5V	
(N model suffix)		ON =	Ground pin to +0.8	V max	
Current, mA			1		
Output					
Voltage output range			See ordering guide.		
Voltage output accuracy		±1	% of Vnom., (50% lo	ad)	Γ
Adjustment range, % of VNом.	±10%	-20 + 10	±10%	±10%	±10%
Temperature coefficient			2% of Vout range p		
Minimum loading		1	lo minimum loading].	
Remote sense compensation	+10%				
Ripple/noise (20 MHz bandwidth)	See ordering guide.				
Line/Load regulation			See ordering guide.		
Efficiency			See ordering guide.		
$\begin{array}{l} \text{Maximum capacitive} \\ \text{loading, } \mu\text{F low ESR} \\ <0.02\Omega \text{ max.,} \\ \text{resistive load} \end{array}$	1,000	10,000	10,000	4,700	10,000

1 Specs are typical unless noted.

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

	UCQ-2.5/40-D24	UCQ-2.5/30-D48	UCQ-3.3/35-D24	UCQ-3.3/20-D48	UCQ-3.3/30-D48	
Input						
Input voltage range			See ordering guide.			
Start-up threshold, Volts	16.8	34	17	35	35	
Undervoltage shutdown, V	15	32	15	34	34	
Overvoltage shutdown			none			
Reflected (back) ripple current, mA pk-pk		10	-30, model depende	ent		
Input Current						
Full load conditions			See ordering guide.			
Inrush transient, A ² sec			0.05			
Output short circuit, mA		50-	200, model depend	ent		
Low line ($V_{IN} = min.$), Amps	6.69	2.39	7.21	2.04	3.02	
Standby mode, mA (Off, UV, OT shutdown)		1-	10, model depende	nt		
Internal input filter type	Pi	L-C	L-C	Pi	Pi	
Reverse polarity protection		Nor	ne, install external fu	JSE.		
Positive logic (P model suffix) Negative logic		ON = 0 0FF =	= Ground pin to +0 pen or +3.5 to +13. = Open or +3.5 to +	5V max 13.5V		
(N model suffix)			Ground pin to $+0.8$			
Current, mA			1			
Output						
Voltage output range			See ordering guide.			
Voltage output accuracy		±1	% of Vnom., (50% Io	ad)		
Adjustment range, % of V _{NOM} .	-20 + 10	-20 + 10	±10%	-10 to	+ 10%	
Temperature coefficient		±0.0	2% of Vout range p	er °C		
Minimum loading		Ν	lo minimum loading].		
Remote sense compensation		+10%				
Ripple/noise (20 MHz bandwidth)		See ordering guide.				
Line/Load regulation			See ordering guide.			
Efficiency			See ordering guide.			
$\begin{array}{l} \text{Maximum capacitive} \\ \text{loading, } \mu\text{F low ESR} \\ <0.02\Omega \text{ max.,} \\ \text{resistive load} \end{array}$	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	

① Specs are typical unless noted.

Single Output UCQ Models

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

	UCQ-3.3/40-D48	UCQ-5/20-D24	UCQ-5/20-D48	UCQ-5/25-D48	UCQ-12/8.3-D48	UCQ-15/6.7-D48N-C
Input						·
Input voltage range			See	e ordering guide		
Start-up threshold, Volts	33	17	35	35	35	34
Undervoltage shutdown, V	31.5	16	34	34	34	31.5
Overvoltage shutdown				none		
Reflected (back) ripple current, mA pk-pk		10-	-30, model depende	nt.		60 max.
Input Current						
Full load conditions			See	ordering guide.		
Inrush transient, A ² sec	0.1		0.	05		0.03
Output short circuit, mA	1200		50-200, mod	lel dependent		120
Low line ($V_{IN} = min.$), Amps	4.12	6.04	3.02	3.82	3.04	3.03
Standby mode, mA (Off, UV, OT shutdown)			1-10,	model dependent		
Internal input filter type	Pi	L-C	L-C	L-C	L-C	Pi
Reverse polarity protection			None, i	nstall external fuse		
Remote On/Off Control Positive logic (P model suffix)			= Ground pin to +0 ben or +3.5 to +13.			OFF = Ground pin or to +1V. ON = Open or +2.5 to +13.5V
Negative logic (N model suffix)		0FF =	Open or +3.5 to + Ground pin to +0.8	13.5V		OFF = Open or +2.5 to +13.5 V ON = Ground pin or to +1 V.
Current, mA				1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Output						
Voltage output range			See	e ordering guide.		
Voltage output accuracy			±1% (of Vnom., (50% load)		
Adjustment range, % of Vnom.			-	-10 to + 10%		
Temperature coefficient			±0.02%	of Vout range per °	С.	
Minimum loading			No r	ninimum loading.		
Remote sense compensation	+10%					
Ripple/noise (20 MHz bandwidth)		See ordering guide.				
Line/Load regulation			See	e ordering guide.		
Efficiency			See	ordering guide.		
Maximum capacitive loading, μF low ESR <0.02Ω max., resistive load	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	1,000	1000

1 Specs are typical unless noted.

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

	UCQ-1.2/30-D48	UCQ-1.5/25-D48	UCQ-1.5/40-D48	UCQ-1.8/30-D48	UCQ-1.8/40-D48		
Isolation Voltage							
Input to Output, Volts min.		2250					
Input to baseplate, Volts min.		1500					
Baseplate to output, Volts min.			1500				
Isolation resistance, $M\Omega$		10-	-100, model depend	ent			
Isolation capacitance, pF			1000				
Isolation safety rating			Basic insulation				
Miscellaneous							
Current limit inception (98% of Vouτ, after warmup), Amps	35	35	49	35	49		
Short circuit protection method	Cu	rrent limiting, hiccu	p autorestart. Remo	ve overload for reco	overy.		
Short circuit current, Amps			5				
Short circuit duration		Continuous, ou	utput shorted to grou	und. No damage.			
Overvoltage protection, Volts (via magnetic feedback)	1.8	1.8	1.95	2.7 V max	2.2		
Dynamic characteristic	s						
Dynamic load response (50-75-50% load step)	200 µSec to ±1% of final value	200 µSec to ±1% of final value	50 µSec to ±1% of final value	100 µSec to ±1% of final value	50 µSec to ±1% of final value		
Start-up time							
VIN to VOUT regulated,			10 max.				
mSec Remote On/Off to Vout							
regulated, mSec			10 max.				
Switching frequency, KHz	350 ± 20	440 ± 40	400 ± 40	400	380 ±40		
Environmental							
Calculated MTBF	2M hours	2.1M hours	2.2M hours	2M hours	2.1M hours		
Operating temperature range, °C See Derating curves.		-40 to +85, with derating					
Operating case temperature, °C (no derating)	-40 to +120, model dependent						
Storage temperature range, °C			-55 to +125				
Thermal protection/ shutdown, °C		110	-125, model depend	dent			
Relative humidity		To +8	5°C/85%, non-cond	ensing			

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

	UCQ-2.5/40-D24	UCQ-2.5/30-D48	UCQ-3.3/35-D24	UCQ-3.3/20-D48	UCQ-3.3/30-D48		
Isolation Voltage							
Input to Output, Volts min.		2250					
Input to baseplate, Volts min.			1500				
Baseplate to output, Volts min.			1500				
Isolation resistance, $M\Omega$		10-	100, model depend	ent			
Isolation capacitance, pF			1000				
Isolation safety rating			Basic insulation				
Miscellaneous							
Current limit inception (98% of Vouт, after warmup), Amps	46	37	41	24	35		
Short circuit protection method	Cu	rrent limiting, hiccu	p autorestart. Remo	ve overload for reco	very.		
Short circuit current, Amps		5 12 5					
Short circuit duration		Continuous, ou	utput shorted to grou	und. No damage.			
Overvoltage protection, Volts (via magnetic feedback)	2.95	2.95	4	4.6	4		
Dynamic characteristic	s						
Dynamic load response (50-75-50% load step)	200 µSec to ±1% of final value	200 µSec to ±1% of final value	200 µSec to ±1% of final value	200 µSec to ±1.5% of final value	200 µSec to ±1% of final value		
Start-up time							
VIN to VOUT regulated,							
mSec			10 max.				
Remote On/Off to Vout regulated, mSec			10 max.				
Switching frequency, KHz	480	480 ± 30	350 ± 10	330 ± 40	330 ± 40		
Environmental							
Calculated MTBF	2.1M hours	2.2M hours	1.7M hours	1.8M hours	1.7M hours		
Operating temperature range, °C	-40 to +85, with derating						
See Derating curves.		-					
			o +120, model depe	endent			
See Derating curves. Operating case temperature, °C			o +120, model depe -55 to +125	endent			
See Derating curves. Operating case temperature, °C (no derating) Storage temperature		—40 tı	· ·				
See Derating curves. Operating case temperature, °C (no derating) Storage temperature range, °C Thermal protection/		—40 tr 110	-55 to +125	dent			

① Specs are typical unless noted.

Single Output UCQ Models

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

	UCQ-3.3/40-D48	UCQ-5/20-D24	UCQ-5/20-D48	UCQ-5/25-D48	UCQ-12/8.3-D48	UCQ-15/6.7-D48N-C	
Isolation Voltage							
Input to Output, Volts min.				2250			
Input to baseplate, Volts min.		1500					
Baseplate to output, Volts min.		1500					
Isolation resistance, $M\Omega$			10-100), model dependent			
Isolation capacitance, pF				1000			
Isolation safety rating			E	Basic insulation			
Miscellaneous							
Current limit inception (98% of Vout, after warmup), Amps	49	26	22	27	10	9	
Short circuit protection method		Curren	it limiting, hiccup au	itorestart. Remove o	overload for recover	у.	
Short circuit current, Amps	15	5	5	5	TBD	2	
Short circuit duration			Continuous, outpu	t shorted to ground	. No damage.		
Overvoltage protection, Volts (via magnetic feedback)	4.25	6.25	TBD	6.2	14.4	18	
Dynamic load response (50-75-50% load step)	50 µSec to ±1% of final value	$\begin{array}{c} 200 \ \mu Sec \ to \ \pm 1\% \\ of \ final \ value \end{array}$	200 µSec to ±1% of final value	200 µSec to ±1% of final value	200 µSec to ±1% of final value	150 μ Sec to ±2% of final value	
Start-up time							
VIN to VOUT regulated, mSec	5	4	10 max.	10 max.	10 max.	10 max.	
Remote On/Off to Vout regulated, mSec	5	4	10 max.	10 max.	10 max.	10 max.	
Switching frequency, KHz	360 ± 20	400 ± 24	315 ± 30	315 ± 30	330 ± 40	300 ± 30 KHz	
Environmental							
Calculated MTBF	2.2M hours	2.2M hours	TBD	1.7M hours	1.8M hours	TBD	
Operating temperature range, °C. See Derating curves.		-40 to +85, with derating					
Operating case temperature, °C (no derating)		-40 to +120, model dependent -40 to +110					
Storage temperature range, °C				–55 to +125			
Thermal protection/ shutdown, °C				5, model dependent			
Relative humidity			To +85°C/	85%, non-condens	ing		
① Specs are typical unless	s noted.						

Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

	UCQ-1.2/30-D48	UCQ-1.5/25-D48	UCQ-1.5/40-D48	UCQ-1.8/30-D48	UCQ-1.8/40-D48	
Physical						
Outline dimensions		S	ee mechanical spec	S.		
Pin material			Copper alloy			
Pin diameter		0.040/0.062 inches (1.016/1.575 mm)				
Pin finish		Nickel u	nderplate with gold	overplate		
Weight, ounces	0.9	1.06	0.9	0.9	1.23	
Weight, grams	25	30	25	25	35	
Electromagnetic interference	Designed to meet EN55022/CISPR22 (External filter required)					
Safety	Design	ed to meet UL 6095	50-1, CSA C22.2 No	.60950-1, IEC/EN 6	0950-1	

	UCQ-2.5/40-D24	UCQ-2.5/30-D48	UCQ-3.3/35-D24	UCQ-3.3/20-D48	UCQ-3.3/30-D48	
Physical						
Outline dimensions		S	ee mechanical spec	S.		
Pin material			Copper alloy			
Pin diameter		0.040/0.062 inches (1.016/1.575 mm)				
Pin finish		Nickel u	nderplate with gold	overplate		
Weight, ounces	1.06	1.06	1.06	0.7	1.06	
Weight, grams	30	30	30	20	30	
Electromagnetic interference	Designed to meet EN55022/CISPR22 (External filter required)					
Safety	Design	ed to meet UL 6095	50-1, CSA C22.2 No	.60950-1, IEC/EN 6	0950-1	

	UCQ-3.3/40-D48	UCQ-5/20-D24	UCQ-5/20-D48	UCQ-5/25-D48	UCQ-12/8.3-D48	UCQ-15/6.7-D48N-C
Physical						
Outline dimensions			See r	nechanical specs.		
Pin material				Copper alloy		
Pin diameter			0.040/0.062	inches (1.016/1.57	5 mm)	
Pin finish			Nickel under	plate with gold ove	rplate	
Weight, ounces	1.25	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.13	1.034
Weight, grams	35.5	30	30	30	32	29.3
Electromagnetic interference		Designed to meet EN55022/CISPR22 (External filter required)				
Safety		Designed 1	to meet UL 60950-1	, CSA C22.2 No.60	950-1, IEC/EN 60950-	·1



Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

Specification Notes

- (1) All models are tested and specified with external 1||10 µF ceramic/tantalum output capacitors no external input capacitor. All capacitors are low ESR types. These capacitors are necessary to accommodate our test equipment and may not be required to achieve specified performance in your applications. All models are stable and regulate within spec under no-load conditions. All specifications are typical unless noted. General conditions for Specifications are +25 deg.C, VIN and Vout = nominal, full load. Adequate airflow must be supplied for extended testing under power.
- (2) Input Ripple Current is tested and specified over a 5 Hz to 20 MHz bandwidth. Input filtering is CIN = 33 µF, 100V tantalum, CBUS = 220 µF, 100V electrolytic, LBUS = 12 µH.
- (3) Note that Maximum Power Derating curves indicate an average current at nominal input voltage. At higher temperatures and/or lower airflow, the DC-DC converter will tolerate brief full current outputs if the total RMS current over time does not exceed the Derating curve. All Derating curves are presented at sea level altitude. Be aware of reduced power dissipation with increasing altitude.
- (4) Mean Time Before Failure is calculated using the Telcordia (Belcore) SR-332 Method 1, Case 3, ground fixed conditions, Tpcboard = +25 deg.C, full output load, natural air convection.
- (5) The On/Off Control is normally controlled by a switch or open collector or open drain transistor. But it may also be driven with external logic or by applying appropriate external voltages which are referenced to Input Common.
- (6) Short circuit shutdown begins when the output voltage degrades approximately 2% from the selected setting.
- (7) The outputs are not intended to sink appreciable reverse current.
- (8) Output noise may be further reduced by adding an external filter. See I/O Filtering and Noise Reduction.
- (9) All models are fully operational and meet published specifications, including "cold start" at -40 C.
- (10) Regulation specifications describe the deviation as the line input voltage or output load current is varied from a nominal midpoint value to either extreme.
- (11) Output accuracy is dependent on user-supplied trim resistors. To achieve high accuracy, use ±1% or better tolerance metal-film resistors mounted close to the converter.
- (12) Output current limit and short circuit protection is non-latching. When the overcurrent fault is removed, the converter will immediately recover.
- (13) Do not exceed maximum power specifications when adjusting the output trim.
- (14) At zero output current, the output may contain low frequency components which exceed the ripple specification. The output may be operated indefinitely with no load.
- (15) Input Fusing: To ensure reverse input protection with full output load, always connect an external input fast-blow fuse in series with the +VIN input. Use approximately twice the full input current rating with nominal input voltage.
- (16) "Hiccup" overcurrent operation repeatedly attempts to restart the converter with a brief, full-current output. If the overcurrent condition still exists, the restart current will be removed and then tried again. This short current pulse prevents overheating and damaging the converter. Once the fault is removed, the converter immediately recovers normal operation.
- (17) Normally, the Sense lines are connected at the remote load to compensate for IR voltage drops in the power wiring and to improve dynamic response. If Sense is not used, each Sense pin should be connected at the converter to its respective Vout pin.

Product Adaptations

Murata Power Solutions offers several variations of our core product family. These products are available under scheduled quantity orders and may also include separate manufacturing documentation from a mutually agreeable Product Specification. Since these product adaptations largely share a common parts list and similar specifications and test methods with their root products, they are provided at excellent costs and delivery. Please contact Murata Power Solutions for details.

As of this date, the following products are available:

- UCQ-1.2/30-D48NHL2-Y
- UCQ-1.8/30-D48NHL2-Y
- UCQ-1.8/40-D48NHL2-Y
- UCQ-2.5/30-D48NHL2-Y
- UCQ-2.5/40-D48NHL2-Y
- UCQ-5/20-D48NHL2-Y
- UCQ-12/8.3-D48NHL2-Y

These models are all negative On/Off logic, no baseplate, conformal coating added, 3.68mm pin length, and RoHS-5 hazardous substance compliance (with lead).

UCQ-3.3/30-D48NBHL2-Y

UCQ-3.3/40-D48NBHL2-Y

These models are all negative On/Off logic, baseplate installed, conformal coating added, 3.68mm pin length, and RoHS-5 hazardous substance compliance (with lead).

Absolute Maximum Ratings						
Input Voltage Continuous	24V Models 0 to +36 Volts	48V Models 0 to +75 Volts				
Transient (100msec)	+50 Volts	+100 Volts				
On/Off Control)V min. to +13.5V max.				
Input Reverse Polarity Protection	See Fuse section					
Output Current	ut Current Current-limited. Devices can withsta sustained short circuit without dama					
Operating Temperature	-40 to +100°C (with derating)					
Storage Temperature -55 to +125°C						

These are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to greater than any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under conditions other than those listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications Table is not implied, nor recommended.



































Single Output UCQ Models





Low-Profile, Quarter Brick, 8.3-40 Amp Isolated DC-DC Converters

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS





UCQ with Optional Baseplate

Dimensions are in inches (mm shown for ref. only).



Tolerances (unless otherwise specified): .XX \pm 0.02 (0.5) .XXX \pm 0.010 (0.25) Angles \pm 2°

Components are shown for reference only.

Component locations may vary between units.

Standard pin length is shown. Please refer to the Part Number Structure for special order pin lengths.

DOSA-Compliant I/O Connections					
Pin	Function P32	Pin	Function P32		
1	+Vin	5	-Sense		
2	Remote On/Off	6	Trim		
3	–Vin	7	+Sense		
4	–Vout	8	+Vout		

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TECHNICAL NOTES

Input Fusing

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require the installation of fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used if the possibility of sustained, non-current-limited, input-voltage polarity reversals exists. For Murata Power Solutions UCQ series DC-DC converters, we recommend the use of a fast blow fuse, installed in the ungrounded input supply line with a typical value about twice the maximum input current, calculated at low line with the converter's minimum efficiency.

All relevant national and international safety standards and regulations must be observed by the installer. For system safety agency approvals, the converters must be installed in compliance with the requirements of the end- use safety standard, i.e. IEC/EN/UL60950-1.

Input Reverse-Polarity Protection

If the input voltage polarity is accidentally reversed, an internal diode will become forward biased and likely draw excessive current from the power source. If this source is not current limited or the circuit appropriately fused, it could cause permanent damage to the converter.

Input Under-Voltage Shutdown and Start-Up Threshold

Under normal start-up conditions, devices will not begin to regulate properly until the ramping-up input voltage exceeds the Start-Up Threshold Voltage. Once operating, devices will not turn off until the input voltage drops below the Under-Voltage Shutdown limit. Subsequent re-start will not occur until the input is brought back up to the Start-Up Threshold. This built in hysteresis prevents any unstable on/off situations from occurring at a single input voltage.

Start-Up Time

The V_{IN} to V_{OUT} Start-Up Time is the time interval between the point at which the ramping input voltage crosses the Start-Up Threshold and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Actual measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input capacitance, and the slew rate and final value of the input voltage as it appears at the converter. The UCQ Series implements a soft start circuit to limit the duty cycle of its PWM controller at power up, thereby limiting the input inrush current.

The On/Off Control to Vout start-up time assumes the converter has its nominal input voltage applied but is turned off via the On/Off Control pin. The specification defines the interval between the point at which the converter is turned on (released) and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Similar to the V_{IN} to Vout start-up, the On/Off Control to Vout start-up time is also governed by the internal soft start circuitry and external load capacitance. The difference in start up time from V_{IN} to Vout and from On/Off Control to Vout is therefore insignificant.

Input Source Impedance

The input of UCQ converters must be driven from a low ac-impedance source. The DC-DC's performance and stability can be compromised by the use of highly inductive source impedances. The input circuit shown in Figure 2 is a practical solution that can be used to minimize the effects of inductance in the input traces. For optimum performance, components should be mounted close to the DC-DC converter.

I/O Filtering, Input Ripple Current, and Output Noise

All models in the UCQ Series are tested/specified for input reflected ripple current and output noise using the specified external input/output components/ circuits and layout as shown in the following two figures. External input capacitors (C_{IN} in Figure 2) serve primarily as energy-storage elements, minimizing line voltage variations caused by transient IR drops in conductors from backplane to the DC-DC. Input caps should be selected for bulk capacitance (at appropriate frequencies), low ESR, and high rms-ripple-current ratings. The switching nature of DC-DC converters requires that dc voltage sources have low ac impedance as highly inductive source impedance can affect system stability. In Figure 2, C_{BUS} and L_{BUS} simulate a typical dc voltage bus. Your specific system configuration may necessitate additional considerations.



Figure 2. Measuring Input Ripple Current

In critical applications, output ripple/noise (also referred to as periodic and random deviations or PARD) may be reduced below specified limits using filtering techniques, the simplest of which is the installation of additional external output capacitors. They function as true filter elements and should be selected for bulk capacitance, low ESR and appropriate frequency response.

All external capacitors should have appropriate voltage ratings and be located as close to the converter as possible. Temperature variations for all relevant parameters should also be taken carefully into consideration. The most effective combination of external I/O capacitors will be a function of line voltage and source impedance, as well as particular load and layout conditions.

Floating Outputs

Since these are isolated DC-DC converters, their outputs are "floating" with respect to their input. Designers will normally use the –Output (pin 4) as the ground/return of the load circuit. You can however, use the +Output (pin 8) as ground/return to effectively reverse the output polarity.

Minimum Output Loading Requirements

UCQ converters employ a synchronous-rectifier design topology and all models regulate within spec and are stable under no-load to full load conditions. Operation under no-load conditions however might slightly increase the output ripple and noise.



Figure 3. Measuring Output Ripple/Noise (PARD)

Thermal Shutdown

The UCQ converters are equipped with thermal-shutdown circuitry. If environmental conditions cause the temperature of the DC-DC converter to rise above the designed operating temperature, a precision temperature sensor will power down the unit. When the internal temperature decreases below the threshold of the temperature sensor, the unit will self start. See Performance/Functional Specifications.

Output Over-Voltage Protection

The UCQ output voltage is monitored for an over-voltage condition using a comparator. The signal is optically coupled to the primary side and if the output voltage rises to a level which could be damaging to the load, the sensing circuitry will power down the PWM controller causing the output voltage to decrease. Following a time-out period the PWM will restart, causing the output voltage to ramp to its appropriate value. If the fault condition persists, and the output voltage again climbs to excessive levels, the over-voltage circuitry will initiate another shutdown cycle. This on/off cycling is referred to as "hiccup" mode.

Current Limiting

As soon as the output current increases to approximately 130% of its rated value, the DC-DC converter will go into a current-limiting mode. In this condition, the output voltage will decrease proportionately with increases in output current, thereby maintaining somewhat constant power dissipation. This is commonly referred to as power limiting. Current limit inception is defined as the point at which the full-power output voltage falls below the specified tolerance. See Performance/Functional Specifications. If the load current, being drawn from the converter, is significant enough, the unit will go into a short circuit condition as described below.

Short Circuit Condition

When a converter is in current-limit mode, the output voltage will drop as the output current demand increases. If the output voltage drops too low, the magnetically coupled voltage used to develop primary side voltages will also drop, thereby shutting down the PWM controller. Following a time-out period, the PWM will restart causing the output voltage to begin ramping to their appropriate value. If the short-circuit condition persists, another shutdown cycle will be initiated. This on/off cycling is referred to as "hiccup" mode. The hiccup cycling reduces the average output current, thereby preventing internal temperatures from rising to excessive levels. The UCQ Series is capable of enduring an indefinite short circuit output condition.

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Remote Sense

Note: The Sense and Vout lines are internally connected through low-value resistors. Nevertheless, if the sense function is not used for remote regulation the user should connect the +Sense to $+V_{OUT}$ and -Sense to $-V_{OUT}$ at the DC-DC converter pins. UCQ series converters employ a sense feature to provide point of use regulation, thereby overcoming moderate IR drops in PCB conductors or cabling. The remote sense lines carry very little current and therefore require minimal cross-sectional-area conductors. The sense lines, which are capacitively coupled to their respective output lines, are used by the feedback control-loop to regulate the output. As such, they are not low impedance points and must be treated with care in layouts and cabling. Sense lines on a PCB should be run adjacent to dc signals, preferably ground.

 $[VOUT(+)-VOUT(-)] - [Sense(+)-Sense(-)] \le 10\% VOUT$

In cables and discrete wiring applications, twisted pair or other techniques should be used. Output over-voltage protection is monitored at the output voltage pin, not the Sense pin. Therefore, excessive voltage differences between Vour and Sense in conjunction with trim adjustment of the output voltage can cause the over-voltage protection circuitry to activate (see Performance Specifications for over-voltage limits). Power derating is based on maximum output current and voltage at the converter's output pins. Use of trim and sense functions can cause output voltages to increase, thereby increasing output power beyond the converter's specified rating, or cause output voltages to climb into the output over-voltage region. Therefore, the designer must ensure:



Figure 4. Remote Sense Circuit Configuration

Trimming Output Voltage

UCQ converters have a trim capability (pin 6) that enables users to adjust the output voltage (refer to the trim equations and trim graphs that follow). Adjustments to the output voltage can be accomplished via a trim pot (Figure 5) or a single fixed resistor as shown in Figures 6 and 7. A single fixed resistor can increase or decrease the output voltage depending on its connection. Resistors should be located close to the converter and have TCR's less than 100ppm/°C to minimize sensitivity to changes in temperature. If the trim function is not used, leave the trim pin open.

A single resistor connected from the Trim pin (pin 6) to the +Sense (pin 7) will increase the output voltage. A resistor connected from the Trim Pin (pin 6) to the -Sense (pin 5) will decrease the output voltage.

Trim adjustments greater than the specified range can have an adverse affect on the converter's performance and are not recommended. Excessive voltage differences between Vout and Sense, in conjunction with trim adjustment of the output voltage, can cause the over-voltage protection circuitry to activate (see Performance Specifications for over-voltage limits). Temperature/ power derating is based on maximum output current and voltage at the converter's output pins. Use of the trim and sense functions can cause output voltages to increase, thereby increasing output power beyond the converter's specified rating, or cause output voltages to climb into the output over-voltage region. Therefore:

(Vout at pins) x (lout) \geq rated output power

The Trim pin (pin 6) is a relatively high impedance node that can be susceptible to noise pickup when connected to long conductors in noisy environments. In such cases, a 0.22µF capacitor between trim and -Vout can be added to reduce this long lead effect.







Figure 6. Trim Connections To Increase Output Voltages Using Fixed Resistors

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Figure 7. Trim Connections To Decrease Output Voltages Using Fixed Resistors



Trim Up Connect trim resistor between

 $\textbf{R}_{\text{TrimDn}} \left(\textbf{k} \; \Omega \right) = \; \frac{5.11}{\Delta} \; - \; 10.22 \qquad \textbf{R}_{\text{TrimUp}} \left(\textbf{k} \; \Omega \right) = \; \frac{5.11 \times \text{V}_{\text{NOM}} \times (1 + \Delta)}{1.225 \times \Delta} \; - \frac{5.11}{\Delta} \; - \; 10.22$

trim pin and +Sense

Where.

 $\Delta = |$ (Vnom - Vout) / Vnom | VNOM is the nominal, untrimmed output voltage. Vout is the desired new output voltage.

Do not exceed the specified trim range or maximum power ratings when adjusting trim. Use 1% precision resistors mounted close to the converter on short leads.

Trim Equations

(For all models except the UCQ-1.2/40-D24 and -1.2/30-D48)

(For the UCQ-1.2/40-D24 and -1.2/30-D48)

Trim Down Connect trim resistor between trim pin and -Sense

$$_{\text{rimDn}}$$
 (k Ω) = $\frac{5.11}{2\Delta - 2}$

R_T

Trim Up

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On/Off Control

The input-side, remote On/Off Control function (pin 2) can be ordered to operate with either logic type:

Positive (no suffix) logic models are enabled when pin 2 is left open (or is pulled high, applying +3.5V to +13.5V with respect to -Input, pin 1) as per Figure 8. Positive-logic devices are disabled when pin 2 is pulled low (0 to 0.8V with respect to -Input).

Negative ("N" suffix) logic devices are off when pin 2 is left open (or pulled high, applying +3.5V to +13.5V), and on when pin 2 is pulled low (0 to 1V) with respect to -Input as shown in Figure 9.

Dynamic control of the remote on/off function is best accomplished with a mechanical relay or an open-collector/open-drain drive circuit (optically isolated if appropriate). The drive circuit should be able to sink appropriate current (see Performance Specifications) when activated and withstand appropriate voltage when deactivated. Applying an external voltage to pin 2 when no input power is applied to the converter can cause permanent damage to the converter.



Soldering Guidelines

Murata Power Solutions recommends the specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Your production environment may differ; therefore please thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

Wave Solder Operations for through-hole mounted products (THMT)					
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:		For Sn/Pb based solders:			
Maximum Preheat Temperature	115° C.	Maximum Preheat Temperature	105° C.		
Maximum Pot Temperature 270° C		Maximum Pot Temperature	250° C.		
Maximum Solder Dwell Time 7 seconds		Maximum Solder Dwell Time	6 seconds		

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This product is subject to the following operating requirements and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy: Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

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