

500MHz 1:16 3.3V-to-2.5/3.3V LVPECL Fanout Buffer

General Description

The SY898530U is a 1:16 Fanout buffer which can accept most standard differential logic levels and outputs the signal as a differential 2.5V or 3.3V LVPECL signal. The part can amplify input signals as small as 150mVpp to the full LVPECL output swing. The SY898530U is well suited for clock distribution applications which demand versatility and low-skew performance. It is pin-to-pin compatible with IDT's ICS8530 fanout buffer.

The SY898530U operates from a 3.3V \pm 5% core power supply and a 2.5V \pm 5% or a 3.3V \pm 5% output supply. The SY898530U is guaranteed over the full commercial temperature range (0°C to +70°C). It is available in a 48-pin TQFP lead-free package.

Data sheets and support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at <u>www.micrel.com</u>.

Functional Block Diagram



Features

- 16 Differential 2.5V/3.3V LVPECL outputs
- Differential CLK inputs. Accepts LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL logic levels
- Translates any single-ended input signal to 2.5/3.3V LVPECL levels with a resistor bias on /CLK input
- 500MHz maximum output frequency
- <50ps output skew</p>
- <250ps part-to-part skew
- <2ns propagation delay
- 3.3V Core, 2.5/3.3V output operating supply
- 0°C to +70°C operating temperature
- Available in 48-pin TQFP package
- Pin-to-pin compatible with ICS8530

Applications

- Data distribution
- High-performance PCs
- Communications
- Parallel processor-based systems

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Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking	Lead Finish
SY898530UTZ	TQFP-48	Commercial	SY898530UTZ with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Matte-Sn
SY898530UTZTR ⁽²⁾	TQFP-48	Commercial	SY898530UTZ with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Matte-Sn
SY898530UTZTX ^(2, 3)	TQFP-48	Commercial	SY898530UTZ with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Matte-Sn

Notes:

1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, DC Electricals only.

2. Tape and Reel.

3. EIA specification orientation.

Pin Configuration



48-Pin TQFP (TQFP-48)

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
36, 37	CLK, /CLK	Differential Clock Inputs. Accepts LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL logic levels. CLK is internally connected to a pull-down resistor, /CLK is internally connected to a pull- up resistor. See "Pin Characteristics" for typical values.
33, 34	Q0, /Q0	
31, 32	Q1, /Q1	
28, 29	Q2, /Q2	
26, 27	Q3, /Q3	
22, 23	Q4, /Q4	
20, 21	Q5, /Q5	
17, 18	Q6, /Q6	
15, 16	Q7, /Q7	LVPECL Differential Output Pairs. Differential buffered copies of the input signal. The
9, 10	Q8, /Q8	output swing is typically 740mV. See Interface Applications for termination information.
7, 8	Q9, /Q9	
4, 5	Q10, /Q10	
2, 3	Q11, /Q11	
46, 47	Q12, /Q12	
44, 45	Q13, /Q13	
41, 42	Q14, /Q14	
39, 40	Q15, /Q15	
1, 11, 14, 24,	VCCO	Output Power Supply: Bypass with 0.1µF//0.01µF low ESR capacitors as close to the
25, 35, 38, 48	VCCO	V _{CCO} pins as possible. Supplies the output buffers.
12, 13	VCC	Core Power Supply: Bypass with $0.1\mu F/(0.01\mu F)$ low ESR capacitors as close to the V _{CC} pins as possible. Supplies input and core circuitry.
6, 19, 30, 43	VEE	Ground

Pin Characteristics

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
CIN	Input Capacitance		4		pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pull Up Resistor		50		KΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pull Down Resistor		30		KΩ

Clock Input Function Table

Inj	outs	Out	puts	Innut to Output Mode	Polarity	
CLK	/CLK	Qx	/Qx	Input to Output Mode	Polarity	
0	1	Low	High	Differential to Differential	Non-Inverting	
1	0	High	Low	Differential to Differential	Non-Inverting	
0	Biased ⁽¹⁾	Low	High	Single-Ended to Differential	Non-Inverting	
1	Biased ⁽¹⁾	High	Low	Single-Ended to Differential	Non-Inverting	
Biased ⁽¹⁾	0	High	Low	Single-Ended to Differential	Inverting	
Biased ⁽¹⁾	1	Low	High	Single-Ended to Differential	Inverting	

Note:

1. Refer to Interface Applications for Single-Ended Interfaces.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})4.6V Input Voltage (V_{IN})0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V LVPECL Output Current (I_{OUT}) Continuous
Continuous50mA
Surge100mA
Lead Temperature (soldering, 20sec.)
Storage Temperature (T_s) –65°C to +150°C

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	3.135V to 3.465V
Output Supply Voltage (V _{CCO})	2.375V to 3.465V
Ambient Temperature (T _A)	0°C to +70°C
Package Thermal Resistance ⁽³⁾	
TQFP	
Still-air (θ_{JA})	48°C/W
Junction-to-Case (θ_{JC})	13°C/W

DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁶⁾

Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Vcc	Power Supply Voltage	Range		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{CCO}	Output Power Supply			2.375		3.465	V
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current		Max. V _{CC} , V _{CCO}			125	mA
1		CLK	V _{CC} = V _{IN} = 3.465V			150	uA
Ін	Input HIGH Current	/CLK	$-v_{\rm CC} = v_{\rm IN} = 3.465 v$			3.465 3.465 125 150 5 	uA
		CLK		-5			uA
IIL	Input LOW Current	/CLK	$-V_{\rm CC} = 3.465 V, V_{\rm IN} = 0.5 V$	-150			uA
V _{PP}	Peak-to-Peak Input Sv	ving		0.15		1.3	V
V _{CMR}	Common Mode Input	Voltage	Note 4, 5	0.5		V _{cc} - 0.85	V

 V_{CC} = 3.135V to 3.465V, V_{CCO} = 2.375V to 3.465V, T_A = 0°C to +70°C, unless otherwise stated.

PECL Outputs DC Electrical Characteristics⁽⁶⁾

 V_{CC} = 3.135V to 3.465V, V_{CCO} = 2.375V to 3.465V, T_A = 0°C to +70°C, Outputs terminated with 50 Ω to V_{CCO} -2V unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage		V _{CCO} – 1.1		$V_{\text{CCO}} - 0.7$	V
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage		$V_{\text{CCO}}-2.0$		$V_{CCO}-1.4$	V
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage Swing		0.55		0.93	V

Notes:

1. Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.

3. θ_{JA} and θ_{JC} values are determined for a 4-layer board in still-air.

4. For single-ended applications, the maximum input voltage for CLK, /CLK is $V_{\text{CC}}\text{+}0.3V.$

5. Common mode voltage is defined as $V_{\text{IH}}.$

6. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

AC Electrical Characteristics

V_{CC} = 3.135V to 3.465V, V_{CCO} = 2.375V to 3.465V, T_A = 0°C to +70°C, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency		500			MHz
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay	Note 7	1		2	ns
+	Output-to-Output skew	Note 8, 10		26	50	ps
t _{Skew}	Part-to-Part Skew	Notes 9, 10			250	ps
t _{JITTER}	Integration Range = 12kHz – 20MHz	Output = 500MHz		127		fS _{RMS}
t _R , t _F	Output Rise/Fall Times (20% to 80%)	At full output swing.	300		700	ps
	Duty Cycle		47	50	53	%

Notes:

9. Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and no skew at the edges at the respective inputs.

10. This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

^{7.} Measured from the differential input crossing point to the differential output crossing point.

^{8.} Output-to-Output skew is the difference in time between outputs, receiving data from the same input, for the same temperature, voltage and transition.

Phase Noise Graph



Phase Noise Plot: 500MHz @ 3.3V

Test Circuit



Typical Characteristics

 V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_{CCO} = 2.5V or 3.3V, T_A = 25°C, Input Signal = 800mV





Junction Temperature

The maximum recommended junction temperature is $T_J = 125$ °C. The outputs are terminated with 50 ohms to Vcco - 2V. Below is a calculation of the worst case scenario with zero airflow:

 T_J = Junction Temperature T_A = Ambient Temperature Θ_{JA} = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance P_d = Power Dissipation

 $P_{d} = P_{d_core} + P_{d_outputs}$ $P_{d_core} = V_{cc_max} * I_{ee_max}$ $P_{d_core} = 3.465V * 125mA = 433mW$

$$\begin{split} & P_{d_output} = Pd_h + Pd_I \\ & P_{d_h} = [(V_{oh} - (V_{cco} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{cco} - V_{oh_max}) \\ & P_{d_h} = [(2V - 0.7V)/50\Omega] * 0.7V \\ & P_{d_h} = 18.2mW \\ & P_{d_1} = [(V_{ol} - (V_{cco} - 2V))/R_L] * (V_{cco} - V_{ol_max}) \\ & P_{d_1} = [(2V - 1.4V)/50\Omega] * 1.4V \\ & P_{d_1} = 16.8mW \\ & P_{d_output} = 35mW \\ & P_{d_outputs} = 16 * 35mW \\ & P_{d_outputs} = 560mW \end{split}$$

 $P_d = 433 \text{mW} + 560 \text{mW}$ $P_d = 0.993 \text{W}$ $T_J = T_A + \Theta_{JA} * P_d$ $T_{J_worst_case} = 70^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.993 \text{W} * 48^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

 $T_{J_worst_case}$ = 118 °C in still air.

The worst case junction temperature is below 125 C.

Output Interface Applications



Notes:

1. For +2.5V systems: R1 = 250Ω, R2 = 82.5Ω.



Notes:

- 1. Power-saving alternatives to Thevenin termination.
- 2. Place termination resistors as close to destination inputs as possible.
- 3. For +2.5V systems, R_b = 19 Ω . R_b resistor sets the DC bias voltage, equal to V_t.



Notes:

- 1. Unused output (/Q) must be terminated to balance the output.
- 2. For 2.5V systems: R1 = 250Ω, R2 = 62.5Ω, R3 = 1.25kΩ, R4 = 1.2kΩ.

Input Interface Applications



Figure 4. CLK and /CLK Input Driven By 1.8V LVHSTL



Figure 5. CLK and /CLK Input Driven By 3.3V LVDS Driver



Figure 6. CLK and /CLK Input Driven By 3.3V LVPECL Driver with AC Couple

Notes:

1. For +2.5V systems: R5 = 50 Ω . R1 & R2 = 220 Ω , R3 & R4 = 68 Ω .

Package Information



48-Pin TQFP (TQFP-48)

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