

DEMO CIRCUIT 1398 QUICK START GUIDE

### LTM9001 16-bit High Performance ADC Drivers

### DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 1398 is an evaluation board featuring Linear Technology Corporation's LTM9001 16-bit Receiver Subsystem. DC1398 demonstrates good circuit layout techniques and recommended external circuitry for optimal system performance.

DC1398 comes with Linear Technology's 16-bit LTM9001 amplifier/ADC subsystem installed. The board includes a wideband input transformer (for evaluation with a single-ended RF signal generator) and output

CMOS buffers. DC1398 plugs into the DC890 Data Acquisition demo board and the output can be easily analyzed with Linear Technology's PScope data processing software, which is available for no charge on our website at http://www.linear.com.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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### **QUICK START PROCEDURE**

Validating the performance of the LTM9001 is simple with DC1398, and requires only an input source, a clock source, a computer, and a lab power supply. Refer to Figure 1 for proper board evaluation equipment setup and follow the procedure below:

- Connect the power supply as shown in Figure 1. There are on-board low-noise voltage regulators that provide the three supply voltages for the LTM9001. The entire board and all components share a common ground. The power supply should still be a lownoise lab power supply capable of supplying at least 1 Amp.
- 2. Provide an encode clock to the ADC via SMA connector J3. Use a low-phase-noise clock source such as a filtered RF signal generator or a high-quality clock oscillator. Obtain DC1216 for a low-phasenoise ADC clock source that can plug directly into DC1398.

**NOTE.** Similar to having a noisy input, a high-jitter (phase noise) encode clock will degrade the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) of the system.

#### Table 1: DC1398 Connectors and Jumpers

REFERENCE	FUNCTION	
J1 (AIN-)	Differential Board Input. Normally not con-	
	nected. See text for differential-input evalua-	

	tion methods.	
J2 (AIN+)	Board Signal Input. Impedance-matched to	
	$50\Omega$ for use with lab signal generators.	
J3 (ENC)	Board Clock Input. Impedance-matched to	
	$50\Omega$ . Drive with a low-phase-noise clock oscil-	
	lator or filtered sine wave signal source.	
E1 (EXT REF)	Reference input to adjust the full-scale range of	
	the LTM9001. Connects to the SENSE pin; by	
	default, tied to VDD for internal reference.	
E2 (VS)	DC Supply input (3.8 to 6VDC).	
E3 (GND)	DC ground.	
JP1 (PGA_GAIN)	Selects the input range of LTM9001. Default is	
	LOW (low PGA gain, larger input range)	
JP2 (RAND)	Output Randomizer. Default is NORM.	
JP3 (ADC_SHDN)	Enables the LTM9001 ADC. Default is NORM.	
JP4 (DITH)	ADC Internal Dither. Default is OFF.	
JP5 (AMP_EN)	Enables the LTM9001 amplifier. Default is EN.	

- **3.** Apply an input signal to the board. DC1398 allows great flexibility in applying input signals (see the section on Applying Input Signals). For best results, use a low distortion, low noise signal generator with sufficient filtering to avoid degrading the performance of the amplifier and ADC.
- 4. Observe the ADC output with demo circuit DC890, a USB cable, a Windows computer, and Linear Technology's Pscope data processing software.





## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Although the DC1398 demo board is ready to use on delivery, it has additional flexibility built in for various types of input networks. Below is some information about configuring DC1398 to meet the specific needs of your evaluation.

#### APPLYING INPUT SIGNALS

The input network consists of various components designed to allow either single-ended or differential inputs, AC-coupled or DC-coupled. Table 2 shows some possible input configurations, and which components to install. LTM9001 is designed for excellent performance with both single-ended and differential input drive, with little difference in distortion performance. When using DC-coupled inputs, the inputs to DC1398 need to be level-shifted to within the input common-mode limits in the datasheet.

Table 2: DC1398 Input Configuration Guide

CONFIGURATION	COMPONENTS NECESSARY
Single-Ended Input AC-Coupled (Default Setup)	No change. Transformer T1 acts as a balun for differential drive.
Single-Ended Input No Transformer AC-Coupled	Remove T1, replace with 0Ω jumpers. May need to install impedance-matching resistor at R4 or R2/R6.
Single-Ended Input No Transformer DC-Coupled	Same as above. Change C1 and C8 to $0\Omega$ jumpers. Inputs must be within the common-mode voltage limits of LTM9001.
Differential Inputs	Remove R7 and install R5. T1 and C1/C8 can be replaced with $0\Omega$ for DC coupling.



**NOTE.** When driving the ADC driver with a direct DC-coupled path, increased input bias currents may occur due to the amplifier's input impedance. See the LTM9001 datasheet for more details.

#### **OTHER BOARD CIRCUITRY**

Device U5 is an EEPROM device that is used by the PScope software to identify the board and apply the correct settings for the data collection.

#### **USING PSCOPE SOFTWARE**

PScope, downloadable from Linear Technology's website <u>http://www.linear.com/</u>, processes data from the DC890 FastDAACS board and displays FFT and signal analysis information on the computer screen.

The on-board EEPROM U5 should enable automatic board detection and auto-configuration of the software, but if the user wishes to change the settings, they can easily do so.

From the Configure menu in the toolbar, uncheck "Autodetect Device". The default settings for DC1398 are shown in Figure 2. The LTM9001 also has an output randomizer, which the user needs to select if it is enabled on the board. The software will automatically un-randomize the output by performing an exclusive-OR with each bit and the LSB.

ADC Configuration		
	Read Demo Board	Config Manually
DemoBd	DC1398A-GA	LTC9001-GA
Bits	16	2 Channs
Alignment	16	🔽 Bipolar
FPGA Ld	CMOS 💌	✓ Positive-Edge Clk
	Cancel	Apply

Figure 2. Entering the correct device information for your ADC. Select the correct parameters for the DC1398. Under normal conditions, PSCOPE should automatically recognize the board and adjust the software settings accordingly.



# LTM9001



Figure 3. Schematic

