

Current Transducer HXS 20-NP

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



All data are given with $R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$

Electrical data				
$I_{_{\mathrm{PN}}}$	Primary nominal rms	current	±20	А
$I_{_{\mathrm{PM}}}$	Primary current, meas	±60	Α	
G _{TH}	Theoretical sensitivity	0.625	V/I_{PN}	
V _{out}	Output voltage (Analog) @ $I_{\scriptscriptstyle P}$		V _{OF} ±(0.625 ·	
V _{ref}	Reference voltage 1)	Output voltage	2.5 ±0.025	V
101		Output impedance	Тур. 200	Ω
		Load impedance	≥200	kΩ
R	Load resistance		≥2	kΩ
R_{out}	Output internal resista	ince	<5	Ω
C,	Capacitive loading (±2	20 %)	=4.7	nF
Ū	Supply voltage (±5 %) ²⁾		5	V
I _c	Current consumption @ $U_c = 5 V$		19	mA

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy ³⁾ @ I_{PN} , T_{A} = 25 °C	≤±1	%
ε	Linearity error 0 I _{PN}	≤±0.5	%
-	03 × I _{PN}	≤±1	%
TCV _{OE}	Temperature of coefficient of V_{OE} (+25 105 °C)	≤±0.4	mV/K
	(-40 +25 °C)	≤±0.525	mV/K
TCV _{ref}	Temperature of coefficient of V _{ref} (+25 105 °C)	≤±0.01	%/K
	(-40 +25 °C)	≤±0.015	%/K
	Femperature of coefficient of V_{OF}/V_{ref}	≤±0.15	mV/K
TCG	Temperature of coefficient of G	≤±0.05 % of re	ading /K
$V_{\rm OE}$	Electrical offset voltage @ I_P = 0, T_A = 25 °C	$V_{\rm ref} \pm 0.0125$	V
V _{om}	Magnetic offset voltage @ I_{P} = 0		
	after an overload of 3 × I_{PN}	<±0.7	%
V_{no}	Output voltage noise (DC 10 kHz)	<20	mVpp
	(DC 1 MHz)	<40	mVpp
t _{ra}	Reaction time to 10 % of $I_{\rm PN}$ step	<3	μs
t,	Step response time to 90 % of $I_{\rm PN}$ step	<5	μs
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	>50	A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) ⁴⁾	DC 50	kHz

<u>Notes</u>: ¹⁾ It is possible to overdrive V_{ref} with an external reference voltage

between 1.5 - 2.8 V providing its ability to sink or source approximately 5 mA

- ²⁾ Maximum supply voltage (not operating) <6.5 V
- ³⁾ Excluding offset and Magnetic offset voltage

⁴⁾ Small signal only to avoid excessive heatings of the magnetic core.





Features

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Multirange current transducer through PCB pattern lay-out
- Galvanic separation between
 primary and secondary circuit
- Insulation test voltage 3500 V
- Extremely low profile <11 mm
- Fixed offset & sensitivity
- Low power consumption
- Single power supply +5 V
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference
- V_{ref} IN/OUT.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

• Industrial.



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General data				
T _A	Ambient operating temperature ¹⁾	-40 +105	°C	
Ts	Ambient storage temperature	-40 +105	°C	
т	Mass	10	g	
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997	,	

Note: 1) UL recognized with surrounding temperature until +85 °C.

Ins	Insulation coordination			
$U_{\rm d}$	Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	3.5 Min	kV	
d _{cn}	Creepage distance	>5.5	mm	
d _{Cp} d _{CI}	Clearance	>5.5	mm	
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (group I)	>600		

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

According to UL 508 standards and following conditions: Maximum voltage 600 V

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1	
d _{Cp} , d _{CI}	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage	
Basic insulation	600 V	600 V	
Reinforced insulation	300 V	150 V	

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

18December2014/version 22 LEM reserves the right to carry out modifications on its transducers, in order to improve them, without prior notice



Dimensions HXS 20-NP (in mm)



Number of primary turns	Primary current		Primary Primary insertion	Recommended PCB		
	Nominal I _{PN} [A]	Maximum I _P [A]	resistanceinductance $R_p [m\Omega]$ $L_p [\mu H]$	connections		
1	20	60	0.05	0.025	IN 1 3 5 7 0-0-0-0 0-0-0-0 2 4 6 8 OUT	
2	10	30	0.2	0.1	IN 1 3 5 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 6 8 OUT	
4	5	15	1	0.4	IN 1 3 5 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 6 8 OUT	

Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

- Transducer fastening & connection of primary jumper
 8 pins 1.2 × 1.2 mm (corner R 0.4 mm)
- Transducer fastening & connection of secondary pin 4 pins 0.5 × 0.25 mm

Recommended PCB hole

- Primary PCB hole
- Secondary PCB hole
- Remarks
- V_{out} is positive when I_p flows from terminals 1,3, 5, 7 (IN) to terminals 2,4, 6, 8 (OUT).

ø 1.5 mm

ø 0.7 mm

 Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 120 °C.

±0.2 mm