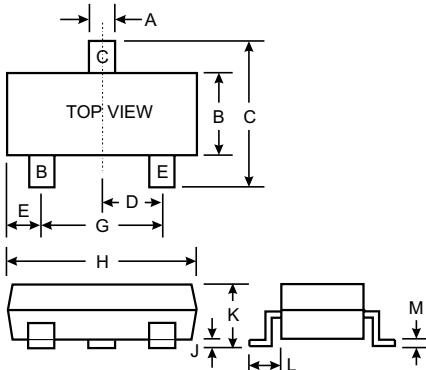


## Features

- Epitaxial Planar Die Construction
- Complementary PNP Type Available (MMBT3906)
- Ideal for Medium Power Amplification and Switching

## Mechanical Data

- Case: SOT-23, Molded Plastic
- Terminals: Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Terminal Connections: See Diagram
- Marking: K1N, R1A, 1AM
- Weight: 0.008 grams (approx.)



SOT-23		
Dim	Min	Max
A	0.37	0.51
B	1.19	1.40
C	2.10	2.50
D	0.89	1.05
E	0.45	0.61
G	1.78	2.05
H	2.65	3.05
J	0.013	0.15
K	0.89	1.10
L	0.45	0.61
M	0.076	0.178

All Dimensions in mm

## Maximum Ratings

@  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	MMBT3904	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	40	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0	V
Collector Current - Continuous (Note 1)	$I_C$	200	mA
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	$P_d$	350	mW
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 1)	$R_{\theta JA}$	357	K/W
Operating and Storage and Temperature Range	$T_j, T_{STG}$	-55 to +150	°C

Notes:

1. Valid provided that terminals are kept at ambient temperature.
2. Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Test Condition
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b> (Note 2)					
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CBO}}$	60	—	V	$I_C = 10\mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CEO}}$	40	—	V	$I_C = 1.0\text{mA}, I_B = 0$
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{EBO}}$	5.0	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$
Collector Cutoff Current	$I_{\text{CEX}}$	—	50	nA	$V_{\text{CE}} = 30\text{V}, V_{\text{EB}(\text{OFF})} = 3.0\text{V}$
Base Cutoff Current	$I_{\text{BL}}$	—	50	nA	$V_{\text{CE}} = 30\text{V}, V_{\text{EB}(\text{OFF})} = 3.0\text{V}$
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b> (Note 2)					
DC Current Gain	$h_{\text{FE}}$	40 70 100 60 30	— 300 — — —	—	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, V_{\text{CE}} = 1.0\text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0\text{mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 1.0\text{V}$ $I_C = 10\text{mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 1.0\text{V}$ $I_C = 50\text{mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 1.0\text{V}$ $I_C = 100\text{mA}, V_{\text{CE}} = 1.0\text{V}$
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{\text{CE}(\text{SAT})}$	—	0.20 0.30	V	$I_C = 10\text{mA}, I_B = 1.0\text{mA}$ $I_C = 50\text{mA}, I_B = 5.0\text{mA}$
Base- Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{\text{BE}(\text{SAT})}$	0.65 —	0.85 0.95	V	$I_C = 10\text{mA}, I_B = 1.0\text{mA}$ $I_C = 50\text{mA}, I_B = 5.0\text{mA}$
<b>SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Output Capacitance	$C_{\text{obo}}$	—	4.0	pF	$V_{\text{CB}} = 5.0\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}, I_E = 0$
Input Capacitance	$C_{\text{ibo}}$	—	8.0	pF	$V_{\text{EB}} = 0.5\text{V}, f = 1.0\text{MHz}, I_C = 0$
Input Impedance	$h_{ie}$	1.0	10	kΩ	
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	0.5	8.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	100	400	—	$V_{\text{CE}} = 10\text{V}, I_C = 1.0\text{mA}, f = 1.0\text{kHz}$
Output Admittance	$h_{oe}$	1.0	40	μS	
Current Gain-Bandwidth Product	$f_T$	300	—	MHz	$V_{\text{CE}} = 20\text{V}, I_C = 10\text{mA}, f = 100\text{MHz}$
Noise Figure	NF	—	5.0	dB	$V_{\text{CE}} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, R_S = 1.0\text{k}\Omega, f = 1.0\text{kHz}$
<b>SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Delay Time	$t_d$	—	35	ns	$V_{\text{CC}} = 3.0\text{V}, I_C = 10\text{mA}, V_{\text{BE}(\text{off})} = -0.5\text{V}, I_{B1} = 1.0\text{mA}$
Rise Time	$t_r$	—	35	ns	
Storage Time	$t_s$	—	200	ns	$V_{\text{CC}} = 3.0\text{V}, I_C = 10\text{mA}, I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0\text{mA}$
Fall Time	$t_f$	—	50	ns	

Notes: 1. Valid provided that terminals are kept at ambient temperature.  
2. Pulse test: Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .