

Connected Supercapacitors



This new series of electrochemical, double-layer, series-connected supercapacitor modules offers excellent pulse power handling characteristics based on the combination of very high capacitance and very low ESR. Used by themselves or in conjunction with primary or secondary batteries, they provide extended back up time, longer battery life, and provide instantaneous power pulses as needed. Offers great solutions to Hold Up, Energy Harvesting, and Pulse Power Applications.

FEATURES

- High pulse power capability
- Low ESR
- Low Leakage Current

APPLICATIONS

- Camera Flash Systems
- Energy Harvesting
- GSM/GPRS Pulse Applications
- UPS/Industrial
- Wireless Alarms
- Remote Meterina
- Scanners
- Toys and Games

HOW TO ORDER



QUALITY INSPECTION

in mm

Parts are tested for Life Cycle, high temperature load life, temperature characteristics, vibration resistance, and humidity characteristics. See page 2 for more information.

TERMINATION

These supercapacitors are compatible with hand soldering, as well as reflow and wave soldering processes, so long as appropriate precautions are followed. See page 4 for more information.

OPERATING TEMPERATURE

-40°C to +65°C @ 7.5V Balanced -40°C to +85°C @ 6.4V Balanced





Connected Supercapacitors

RATINGS & PART NUMBER REFERENCE

| AVX Part Number | Diameter (mm) | Length (mm) | Capacitance (F) | Capacitance Tolerance | Rated Voltage (V) | Rated Temperature (°C) | DCL Max @ 72 Hrs (µA) | ESR Max @ 1000 Hz (mΩ) | ESR Max @ DC (mΩ) | Peak Current (A) | Power Density (W/kg) | Max Energy (Wh) | Energy Density (Wh/kg) |
|---------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Shrink Wrap / Radial Lead | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SCMR14G334MRBA0 | 8 | 14 | 0.33 | ±20% | 7.5 | 65 | 2 | 450 | 900 | 0.86 | 1871 | 0.0019 | 1 |
| SCMR14G334MRBB0 | 8 | 14 | 0.33 | ±20% | 7.5 | 65 | 6 | 450 | 900 | 0.86 | 1871 | 0.0019 | 1 |
| SCMR18G604MRBA0 | 8 | 18 | 0.6 | ±20% | 7.5 | 65 | 6 | 225 | 450 | 1.57 | 2095 | 0.004 | 1.7 |
| SCMR18G604MRBB0 | 8 | 18 | 0.6 | ±20% | 7.5 | 65 | 10 | 225 | 450 | 1.57 | 2095 | 0.004 | 1.7 |
| SCMR22G105MRBA0 | 8 | 22 | 1 | ±20% | 7.5 | 65 | 10 | 180 | 360 | 2.13 | 2160 | 0.006 | 2.3 |
| SCMR22G105MRBB0 | 8 | 22 | 1 | ±20% | 7.5 | 65 | 15 | 180 | 360 | 2.13 | 2160 | 0.006 | 2.3 |

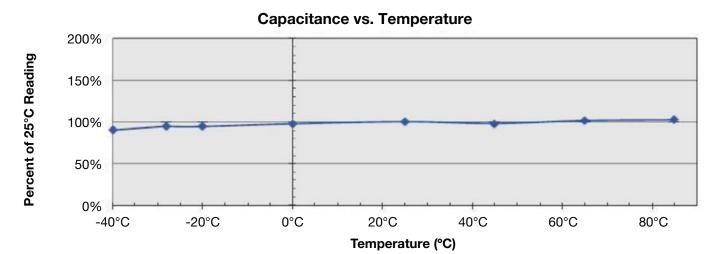
QUALIFICATION TEST SUMMARY

| Test | Test Method | Parameter | Limits |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Life Cycle | Capacitors are cycled between specified voltage and half-rated voltage under constant current at +25°C for 500,000 cycles | Capacitance Change ESR Appearance | ≤30% of initial value ≤2 times initial value No remarkable defects |
| High Temperature Load Life | Temperature: 65 ± 2°C Voltage: V _R Test Duration: 2,000 +48/-0 hours | Capacitance Change ESR Appearance | ≤30% of initial value ≤2 times initial value No remarkable defects |
| Temperature Characteristics | Storage Duration: 12 hours No Load Temperature: -40°C, +25°C, +65°C | Capacitance Change ESR Appearance | ≤30% of initial value ≤2 times initial value No remarkable defects |
| Vibration Resistance | Amplitude: 1.5mm Frequency: 10 ~ 55Hz Direction: X, Y, Z (Each for 2 hours) Test Duration: 6 hours | Capacitance Change ESR Appearance | ≤30% of initial value ≤2 times initial value No remarkable defects |
| Humidity | Voltage: V _R RH: 90% Test Duration: 1,000 hours Temperature: 40 ± 2°C | | ≤30% of initial value ≤2 times initial value No remarkable defects |

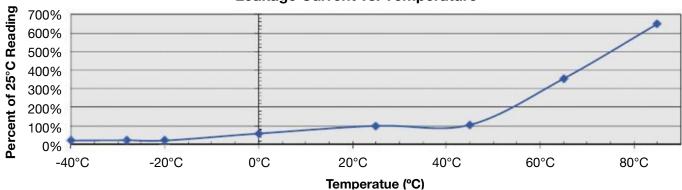


Connected Supercapacitors

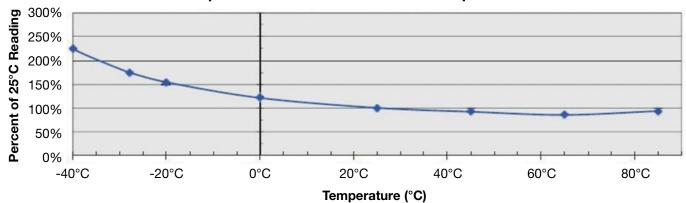
QUALITY AND RELIABILITY



Leakage Current vs. Temperature



Equivalent Series Resistance vs. Temperature

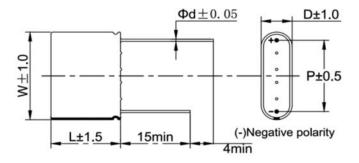




Connected Supercapacitors

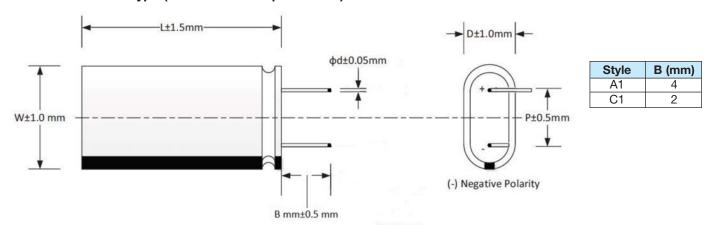
MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Shrink Wrap Type



| Capacitance | W | D | L | d | Р |
|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| (F) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) | (mm) |
| 0.33 | 24.0 | 8.0 | 14.0 | 0.6 | 13.5 |
| 0.6 | 24.0 | 8.0 | 18.0 | 0.6 | 13.5 |
| 1 | 24.0 | 8.0 | 22.0 | 0.6 | 13.5 |

Radial Bent Lead Type (Both Shrink Wrap & Plastic)



SOLDERING RECOMMENDATIONS

When soldering supercapacitors to a PCB, the temperature & time that the body of the supercapacitor sees during soldering can have a negative effect on performance. We advise following these guidelines:

- Do not immerse the supercapacitors in solder. Only the leads should come in contact with the solder.
- Ensure that the body of the supercapacitor is never in contact with the molten solder, the PCB or other components during soldering.
- Excessive temperatures or excessive temperature cycling during soldering may cause the safety vent to burst or the case to shrink or crack, potentially damaging the PCB or other components, and significantly reduce the life of the capacitor.

HAND SOLDERING

Keep distance between the supercapacitor body and the tip of the soldering iron and the tip should never touch the body of the capacitor. Contact between supercapacitor body and soldering iron will cause extensive damage to the supercapacitor, and change its electrical properties. It is recommended that the soldering iron temperature should be less than 350°C, and contact time should be limited to less than 4 seconds. Too much exposure to terminal heat during soldering

can cause heat to transfer to the body of the supercapacitor, potentially damaging the electrical properties of the supercapacitor.

WAVE SOLDERING

Only use wave soldering on Radial type supercapacitors. The PCB should be preheated only from the bottom and for less than 60 seconds, with temperature at, or below, 100°C on the top side of the board for PCBs equal to or greater than 0.8 mm thick.

| Solder Temperature (°C) | Suggested Solder Time (s) | Maximum Solder Time (s) |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 220 | 7 | 9 |
| 240 | 7 | 9 |
| 250 | 5 | 7 |
| 260 | 3 | 5 |

REFLOW SOLDERING

Infrared or conveyor over reflow techniques can be used on these supercapacitors. Do not use a traditional reflow oven without clear rated reflow temperature for supercapacitors.

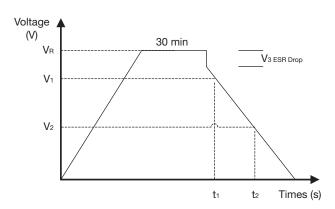


Connected Supercapacitors

TEST METHODS

IEC Capacitance Test Method

- Capacitance is measured using a Keithley 2400 or 2602 Meter
- Procedure
 - Charge Capacitor to Rated Voltage at room temperature
 - Disconnect parts from voltage to remove charging effects
 - Discharge cells with a constant current I determined by 4 * C * VR
 - Noting V₁, t₁, V₂, t₂ and performing the calculation for C



I - Discharge Current [mA], 4 * C * VR

VR - Rated Voltage

V1 - Initial Test Voltage, 80% of VR

V2 - Final Test Voltage, 40% of VR

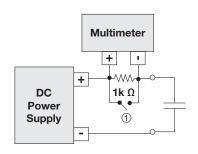
t₁ - Initial Test time

t₂ - Final Test time

 $C = I * (t_2 - t_1) / (V_1 - V_2)$

DCL Measurement @ 25°C

- DCL is measured using a Multimeter with high internal impedance across a resistor
 - Charge Capacitor to Rated Voltage at room temperature for 72 Hours
 - Disconnect parts from Voltage by opening switch 1 (Stabilize for 10 Min)
 - Measure Voltage across a known Valued Resistor (1K Ohm)
 - Calculate DCL = V/R



Initial ESR Measurement @ 25°C

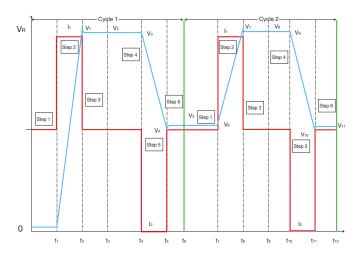
- Using an Agilent 4263B LCR Meter and a Kelvin connection
 - Measure at frequency of 1000 Hz
 - Measurement Voltage of 10mV

DC ESR Measurement

- Six steps capacity and ESRDC Test Method is used as illustrated in the figure right.
- Tests are carried out by charging and discharging the capacitor for two cycles at rated voltage and half rated voltage

• $C = (C_{DC1} + C_{DC2}) / 2$

• ESR_{DC} = (ESR_{DC1} + ESR_{DC2}) / 2 Where: C_{DC1} = l₂*(t₅-t₄)/(V₃-V₄) C_{DC2} = l₂*(t₁₁-t₁₀)/V₉-V₁₀) ESR_{DC1} = (V₅-V₄)/l₂ ESR_{DC2} = (V₁₁-V₁₀)/l₂ l₁ = l₂ = 75mA/F



Maximum Operating Current

• This is the maximum current when capacitor temperature rise of the capacitor during its operation is less than 15°C

Maximum Peak Current

• This is the maximum current in less than 1 sec

Watt Density

• Watt Density = (0.12*V2 / Rpc) / mass

Energy Density

• Energy density = (½ CV2) / (3600*mass)



Connected Supercapacitors

POLARITY / REVERSE VOLTAGE

For product consistency and optimum performance, it is recommended that the capacitor be connected with polarity indicated. Reversing polarity could result in permanent damage to

the circuit including much higher leakage current for a short duration of time and the life time of the supercapacitors will be reduced.

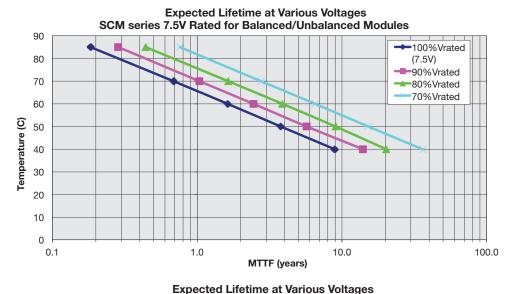
LIFE TIME AND TEMPERATURE PERFORMANCE

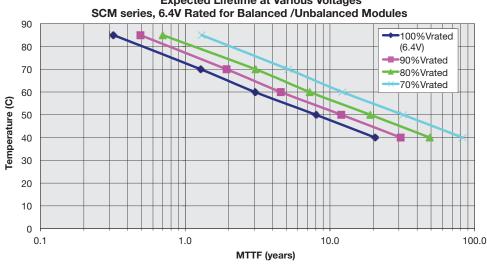
The life of a supercapacitor is impacted by a combination of operating voltage and the operating temperature according to the following equation:

time to failure, t ∞ Vn * exp (-Q / k*T)(1)

where V is the voltage of operation, Q is the activation energy in electron volts (eV), k is the Boltzmann's constant in eV and T is the operating temperature in °K (where K is in degrees Kelvin). Typical values for the voltage exponent, n, is between 2.5 - 3.5, and Q is between 1.0 - 1.2 eV in the normal operating temperature range of 40° to 65°C .

The industry standard for super-capacitor end of life is when the equivalent series resistance, ESR, increases to 200% of the original value and the capacitance drops by 30%. Typically a super-capacitance shows an initial change in the ESR value and then levels off. If the capacitors are exposed to excessive temperatures the ESR will show a continuous degradation. In the extreme case, if the temperatures or voltages are substantially higher, than the rated voltage, this will lead to cell leakage or gas leakage and the product will show a faster change in the ESR which may increase to many times the original value.







Connected Supercapacitors

SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Warnings

- To Avoid Short Circuit, after usage or test, Super Capacitor voltage needs to discharge to ≤ 0.1V
- Do not Apply Overvoltage, Reverse Charge, Burn or Heat Higher than 150°C, explosion-proof valve may break open
- Do not Press, Damage or disassemble the Super Capacitor, housing could heat to high temperature causing Burns
- If you observe Overheating or Burning Smell from the capacitor disconnect Power immediately, and do not touch

Emergency Applications

- If Housing is Leaking:
 - Skin Contact: Use soap and water thoroughly to wash the area of the skin
 - Eye Contact: Flush with flowing water or saline, and immediately seek medical treatment
 - Ingestion: Immediately wash with water and seek medical treatment

Transportation

Not subjected to US DOT or IATA regulations UN3499, <10Wh, Non-Hazardous Goods International shipping description – "Electronic Products – Capacitor"

Licenced by CAP-XX

Regulatory

- UL810a
- RoHS Compliant
- Reach Compliant / Halogen Free

Storage

- Capacitors may be stored within the operating temperature range of the capacitor
- Lower storage temperature is preferred as it extends the shelf life of the capacitor
 - Shelf life up to 6 months at 40°C or up to 5 years at 25°C
- Do Not Store the supercapacitors in the following Environments
 - High Temperature / High Humidity environments >70°C / 40% RH
 - Direct Sunlight
 - In direct contact with water, salt oil or other chemicals
 - In direct contact with corrosive materials, acids, alkalis, or toxic gases
 - Dusty environment
 - In environment with shock and vibration conditions

AMERICAS

AVX Greenville, SC Tel: 864-967-2150

EUROPE

AVX Limited, England Tel: +44-1252-770000

AVX S.A.S., France Tel: +33-1-69-18-46-00

AVX GmbH, Germany Tel: +49-0811-95949-0

AVX SRL, Italy Tel: +39-02-614-571

AVX Czech Republic Tel: +420-57-57-57-521

AVX/ELCO UK Tel: +44-1638-675000

ELCO Europe GmbH Tel: +49-2741-299-0

AVX S.A., Spain Tel: +34-91-63-97-197

AVX Benelux Tel: +31-187-489-337

ASIA-PACIFIC

AVX/Japan Tel: +81-740-32-1250

AVX/Kyocera (S) Pte Ltd., Singapore

Tel: +65-6286-7555

AVX/Kyocera, Asia, Ltd., Hong Kong

Tel: +852-2363-3303

AVX/Kyocera Yuhan Hoesa, South Korea

Tel: +82-2785-6504

AVX/Kyocera HK Ltd., Taiwan

Tel: +886-2-2656-0258

AVX/Kyocera (M) Sdn Bhd, Malaysia

Tel: +60-4228-1190

AVX/Kyocera International Trading Co. Ltd.,
Shanghai

Tel: +86-21-3255 1933

AVX/Kyocera Asia Ltd., Shenzen

Tel: +86-755-3336-0615

AVX/Kyocera International Trading Co. Ltd., Beijing

Tel: +86-10-6588-3528

AVX/Kyocera India Liaison Office

Tel: +91-80-6450-0715

ASIA-KED

(KYOCERA Electronic Devices)

KED Hong Kong Ltd. Tel: +852-2305-1080/1223

KED Hong Kong Ltd. Shenzen

Tel: +86-755-3398-9600

KED Company Ltd. Shanghai

Tel: +86-21-3255-1833

KED Hong Kong Ltd. Beijing

Tel: +86-10-5869-4655

KED Taiwan Ltd. Tel: +886-2-2950-0268

KED Korea Yuhan Hoesa, South Korea

Tel: +82-2-783-3604/6126

KED (S) Pte Ltd. Singapore

Tel: +65-6509-0328

Kyocera Corporation Japan

Tel: +81-75-604-3449



